Watertown Daily Times.

VOL. XXVI. WATERTOWN, N. Y., SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1886. NO. 127.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.—All accounts of the late John S. Cory can be found at the store of Wohl & Gamble, No. 1 Commercial Block, or with Mrs. Anna Cory, No. 14 Franklin st. If not settled within 10 days from date will be left with an attorney for collection. EMILY L. CORY, Administratrix.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, having gone out of business, wishes all indebted to him to please call and settle their accounts at once, as he is going to leave this part of the country. FRANK C. FOX.

TO DRESSMAKERS AND SEWING LADIES.

The new Tailor System of Dress cutting for sale without instructions at No. 20 Mechanic st., Watertown, N.Y. Every lady who does her own sewing should possess one of these cheap and perfect methods of cutting. Canvassers with good references wanted.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A pleasant cottage and large, desirable lot, situated on Central Park, w Lawrence River. For terms inquire of W. H. TROWBRIDGE.

TO RENT—Front room on first floor at No. 10 Franklin st.

GREAT SACRIFICE—MILL PROPERTY situated at Brownville, 3 miles from Watertown, N.Y. Best water power in the state, substantial stone buildings and tenements in good condition, will be sold at less than one half cost of reproduction. For particulars apply to Chauncey M. Depew, Grand Central Depot, New York City.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Washington st. Inquire at this office. Also lots on Massey and Mundy sts.

FOR SALE—THE OLD ACADEMY ST SCHOOL BUILDING. Sealed proposals may be handed to either of the undersigned for twenty days naming the price to be paid for said building—the same to be removed by the purchaser during school vacation after the close of the present term, and the grounds upon which the same stands to be leveled and graded in a workmanlike manner by the purchaser.

Watertown, N.Y., May 20th, 1886.

H. F. INGALLS, W. W. TAGGART, SIDNEY COOPER, Ex. Committee Board of Education.

FOR SALE—The very desirable house and lot No. 110 Main st. House has twelve rooms in perfect repair, newly painted, papered and decorated. Large cellar with new furnace. Cistern and never failing well. Lot contains ½ acre. Fine well kept vegetable and flower garden, all under drained and planted with a variety of large and small fruit. Good barn and carriage house. Part of purchase money may remain. Change of residence only reason for selling. Apply to HARRISON & ...

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—House and lot in ... yard, very cheap. Terms to suit purchaser; city water, convenient to postoffice. Inquire of Dr. H. G. P. Spencer, No. 1 Stone st.

TO RENT—A store. Apply to Miss M. Parker, in Franklin st., Parker & Lake Block.

LIVERY FOR SALE—The subscriber offers the livery stock consisting of eight horses, a first-rate hack, Bruce sleigh, top buggies, cutters and harness, which can be bought on reasonable terms. Sheds and barn rented for a term of years. Those and examine the stock and premises. STEPHEN S. DeLONG. Watertown, May 12, '86.

ROOMS TO RENT—For business purposes and storage by York & Starkweather, 11 Factory st.

FOR SALE—House and lot No. 46 Franklin st. Inquire of C. G. Pickett, No. 28 Public Square, or W. O. Baker, No. 30 Court st.

WANTED.

WANTED—At once, a good dining room girl at the American hotel.

RELIABLE girls at housework can find good situations at 8 American Arcade. Wages $2 to $4 per week.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Four or five can be accommodated with ... parlor furnished or unfurnished, suitable for gentleman and wife.

SALESMEN WANTED

Canvassers for the sale of Nursery Stock. Steady employment guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Apply at once, stating age. HASE BROTHERS, Rochester, N.Y.

AT THE

Grand Central

YOU SEE THE RESULTS OF CARE, TASTE, LIBERALITY, HIGH BUSINESS STANDARDS AND UNFLINCHING ENTERPRISE.

AT THE

Grand Central

THE BRIGHTEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE WINDOWS. THE LIGHTEST, HANDSOMEST AND MOST CONVENIENT SALESROOM.

AT THE

GRAND CENTRAL

FINEST MADE CLOTHING SELECTED PARTICULARLY WITH AN EYE TO TASTES AND NEEDS OF THE TRADE IN NORTHERN NEW YORK.

AT THE

Grand Central

STRICTLY ONE PRICE AND THAT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE. ALL GOODS AS REPRESENTED.

AT THE

Grand Central

THE NEWEST AND MOST THOROUGHLY SATISFIED TRADE.

Grand Central

Clothing House.

Streeter, Brimmer & Olean.

NO. 10 PUBLIC SQUARE,

Watertown, N.Y.

MOST TO THE JURY.

HE IS ALARMED FOR THE SAFETY OF THE REPUBLIC.

Disappointed that Liberty is not Liberty—A Right to Carry Arms—Not Like Washington, but Like Beecher.

NEW YORK, May 29.—On the continuation of the trial of Herr Most, the anarchist, and his three associates today, Braunschweig, testifying in his own behalf, said he got his first criticism's speech in Albany, three years ago. He did not know whether he was an anarchist or not. He agreed with a great many of Most's sentiments. "We say openly we despise morality, socialism," read the prosecuting officer from the Freiheit. "Do you agree with that sentiment?"

"No, we want to keep morality," said Braunschweig. The witness did not believe in robbery, arson and murder, and said he was not even in sympathy with those who would use force. But when a man is angry and his family starving he must do something. Witness knew of hundreds of men who worked in this country and couldn't get food. He knew of them in his own shop, where they worked six weeks and were idle eight weeks. He often had to give them his own dinner. The witness believed there was something wrong in our society, and would change it peaceably or by other method, such as had been used before. The witness was not pleased with the presence of the police at that meeting, which was responsible for the arrest, but he could not say that he would like to have the police department abolished altogether. He was not an anarchist in the sense that it is generally understood. He regarded anarchism as something which would make all men brothers.

The lawyers for the defense declared that this ended their case. After an unsuccessful attempt to have the indictment dismissed, Lawyer Howe stated that his client, Most, desired to address the jury on his own behalf. The recorder replied that Most had the privilege, but there must be a limit to this thing. The lawyer said that Most would occupy about an hour. Most then arose and addressed the jury, beginning:

"I cannot speak very well English. You have heard a great deal about me. I suppose you expected a great deal of witnesses for the prosecution and a lot of black devilism about me. I have prosecuting officers in Austria and Germany going against me and my associates, but they were the slaves of kings and princes. I didn't expect that here. There was a scheme gotten up, and the police and the press was against me. I know all about the policemen who met in the saloon next to Captain McCullough's station house and said they would get Most. At last they arrested me under a bed. I lived up in my room, the room I had lived in for two months before. They showed you books and other things they took from my room, but they didn't produce the pocket-book with $190 that they took from me. I suppose they want that."

Most then referred to the meeting at which he said he spoke. "What did I say?" he shouted. "I said that the constitution of the United States of America permitted its citizens to carry arms. He told about St. Louis, where the men who were paid $5 a day for Jay Gould shot down whoever could and should be shot. A ... men and women have been killed by them." I said the Williamsburg strikers were quiet, but the police clubbed them and fired at them. About the eight-hour and the meeting on the 1st of May, I didn't advise that the men should get guns. I said that if they carried guns instead of torchlights they would be more respectable. I didn't tell them they must shoot. I said the constitution let them carry arms. Certainly they could carry cannon, and of course bombs, but I didn't advise women to throw fire brands into the houses and tell anybody to throw vitriol out of windows on policemen."

"Beecher, you all know him," the anarchist went on, "He advises people from the pulpit, Sunday after Sunday, to buy rifles and guns to protect their rights. That is all the advice I gave. The meeting was orderly and not an unlawful assemblage. You know what they are doing. They are not only putting me in prison, but they are doing away with free speech. It is the first step to bring the republic down to a monarchy. The next will be stopping the freedom of the press. Then we will only want an emperor."

Colonel Fellows summed up the case. He contends that the right to carry arms as accorded by the constitution, permitted the carrying of arms only by regularly organized military companies existing by virtue of charter given by the state. The condition of affairs at present was not such as permitted the distribution of circulars headed "To arms."

The case was given to the jury, which found all three guilty of the charge in the indictment "misdemeanor" and recommended Schenck to the mercy of the court. The prisoners will be sentenced on Wednesday next.

The prisoners are remanded to the Tombs until Wednesday, when an argument will be made for a new trial. The maximum punishment for the prisoners is one year in the penitentiary or a fine of $250, or both.

DEANE'S DOINGS.

What the Baptist Investigating Committee Report—What Mr. Deane Says.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., May 29.—The report of the special committee appointed to investigate the finances of the American Baptist home mission society, which would fill several columns of a newspaper, causes great excitement. It charges that John H. Deane, by gross mismanagement of the church benevolent fund and fraudulent methods, caused a shortage of nearly $178,000. The committee say that Mr. Deane opened the account as trustee and took full charge of the money, that he converted the funds of the society to his own use and when embarrassed financially tried to impose on the society mortgages which had already been satisfied. The report fixes the estimated loss of the society as follows: Funds in Mr. Deane's hands, $45,500, conditional fund, $6,000; loss on Mr. Deane's mortgages turned over to the society for their face value, $35,105, loss on three houses, $83,510; [illegible] interest collected and kept by Mr. Deane, $3,000; loss in paying off prior mortgages and liens $11,000; loss on unfinished houses bought in by the society, $6,950, and expenses caused by litigation $7,000.

SOMETHING MORE ABOUT IT.

NEW YORK, May 29.—An evening paper here says that in April, 1885, Mr. Deane, who was often known by the title of "the Baptists' most generous friend," made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, giving preferences amounting to over half a million of dollars, including the Baptist union for ministerial education $17,700, the First National bank of Poughkeepsie $10,000, the university of Rochester, for money loaned, $35,291, the American Baptist home mission society, for money loaned, $55,237.

Mr Deane has been engaged for a number of years in real estate operations, which had grown to enormous proportions. He had built many hundred houses in Yorkville and Harlem, buying the land on which they were constructed, and had secured mortgages. He has erected over 1,000 buildings, and 3,000 men have been employed at one time on his structures. He has given to the Baptist church and its institutions over $700,000 in money. He gave $100,000 cash to the Rochester university, of which he was a graduate, besides a library.

FROM DEANE HIMSELF.

An evening paper publishes the following letter from Mr. Deane:

"A report has been concocted at Asbury Park, that I confessed to the president of the American Baptist Home Mission society, that I owed the society the sum of $100,000 and lost it in Wall-street. The report is absolutely false in every particular. I have offered to refer my differences with the board to five of the most prominent business men in this city. JOHN H. DEANE."

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is more reliable as an agent in the cure of Consumption, Chronic Coughs and Emaciation, than any remedy known to medical science. It is so prepared that the potency of these two most valuable specifics is largely increased. It is also very palatable.

What Phillips Brooks Didn't Want.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.—Bishop Stevens has issued a call for a special convention of the diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church to elect an assistant bishop. Rev. Phillips Brooks was recently elected to the office, but declined it.

Purify your blood, tone up the system, and regulate the digestive organs by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by H. H. Rice.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. For sale by H. H. Rice.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by H. H. Rice.

WILL YOU SUFFER with dyspepsia and liver complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by H. H. Rice.

Canes.

Just received a fine line of silver-headed ... [illegible]

THE OLEOMARGARINE BILL.

Congressman Hiscock Will Vote for It Regardless of Consequences—The Bill Further Amended.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The race of the oleomargarine bill is not yet run. The house debated it again today, but did not reach a vote. Mr. Hiscock presented the status of the measure. It had, by the vote of the house, been given precedence over the tariff and internal revenue bills, and the committee on appropriations had kindly given it a helping hand by not antagonizing it with appropriation bills. In view of these facts, the oil, the interstice, the filibustering of the bull butter men, the hog tie butter man, the soap-grease butter men, could not drive the farmer out of court. The agricultural and dairy men was here, and, as Mr. Hiscock hoped and trusted, to stay until he had action on this bill. The committee on agriculture, after consultation with the friends of the measure, had unanimously supported the bill, and the friends of this legislation were pledged to it. Whenever the committee on agriculture saw fit to change any of the provisions of the bill he would vote for it, but he proposed for one to stand by this bill, letter by letter, line by line, section by section, until he received that sign from the chairman of the committee. It was only by this policy, by the friends of the bill concentrating their forces, that they could hope for favorable action. One word to the gentlemen on the other side. If he desired them to make a mistake in this matter he would pray them to defeat this bill by filibustering. Seven million and a half of the people of the United States were interested in this bill. The curtain was rung up and the representatives were performing before them, and they would note the record and note the vote.

Mr. Breckinridge suggested that the advocates of the bill were performing in view of the people for the purpose of gaining votes.

Mr. Hammond remarked that he did not know what the gentleman from New York (Mr. Hiscock) meant when he said that unless the chairman of the committee on agriculture gave him the wink, he would vote like a slave. Mr. Hammond would not do that.

Mr. Warner, of Missouri, regarded it as a great compliment to his state that the leader of the republican side, Mr. Hiscock, only awaited the nod of the gentleman from Missouri, Mr. Hatch, to say how he would vote, but being a new member, being accustomed to vote for what he believed to be right and against what he believed to be wrong, regardless of the beck and nod of any man be, Warner, must decline to follow in the wake of the gentleman in following the plume of the eloquent gentleman from Missouri. He had fought the battle of protection in his state when he was mowed under by 50,000 majority. He had listened to the speech of his colleague opposing every legislation that looked to the protection of the labor of the country; and yet today that gentleman was seeking under the guise of protection to crush out one industry, regardless whether it was fraudulent or genuine, for the purpose of building up another industry. [Applause.]

Mr. Spriggs, of New York, contended that congress not only had the power to tax oleomargarine, but that it was its duty to do so. Mr. McAdoo, of New Jersey, and Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, denounced the bill, and Mr. Cannon and Mr. Worthington, of Illinois, favored it. On motion of Mr. Hatch, an amendment was adopted allowing retail dealers in oleomargarine to pack the compound in paper packages.

The best known and oftenest quoted household proverb is "St. Jacobs Oil conquers pain."

TRADES UNIONS AND KNIGHTS.

A Treaty of Peace and Probable Settlement of Differences.

CLEVELAND, May 29.—The chief subject discussed by the Knights of Labor and of the Trades unions in the hotel lobbies and on the streets during the past few days, has been the treaty that was prepared at the Philadelphia conference of Trades ... union officers last week for presentation to the general assembly of the Knights of Labor. The address and terms of the treaty have never before been made public. At the convention today the executive board of the Knights of Labor presented its report embodying the address of the Trades unions and the terms on which they wish to settle existing troubles. The address says:

The officers of the national and international Trades union desire to make a statement that they have no antagonism toward the Knights of Labor, and believe that as an order it has a legitimate mission in the labor movement of America. Through the development of industry and the aggregation of capital, the tendency is to monopolize the business of the country. Hence, various trades have been affected by the introduction of machinery and the subdivision of labor, the use of women and children's labor and the lack of an apprentice system, so that the skilled trades were rapidly sinking to the level of pauper labor. To protect the skilled labor of America from being reduced to beggary and to sustain the standard of American workmanship and skill, the trades unions of America have been established. There are social necessities, and their past history proves not only that they have been a benefit, raising the wages of workmen and in reducing the burdens of toil, but they have fulfilled the fraternal duty of assisting their members when unemployed and in sickness, when disabled by accident and old age, and provided for the widows and orphans of deceased brethren. Consequently trade unions have become fixed and permanent institutions in America, not antagonistic to the welfare of the country, but calculated to elevate all branches of labor to a higher degree of citizenship and a larger share of social comfort.

The general assembly of the Knights of Labor settled down to hard work this morning. After the opening preliminaries the committee on laws presented their report, the first proposition of which was substantially that the executive board of the Knights of Labor be increased from five to eleven members, or that six assistants be appointed to help the present board. Under the constitution no more than five members are permitted, and the scheme of having assistants is for the purpose merely of evading the constitution. The board may sit through out the year instead of assembling at the call of the general master workman. A resolution was carried that gave the general master workman authority to recall the commission of every organizer in the order.

THE WIFE, MOTHER AND MAID who suffer from Female Weakness, will find Gilmore's Aromatic Wine a positive Cure. For sale by Homer H. Rice, druggist.

General News Items.

Advices from Japan state that the cholera in the southern part of the country is increasing.

Frost and hail storms have destroyed the potato crops in the Kildysart district, Ireland.

The prohibitionists of Indiana met in convention in Indianapolis and nominated a state ticket.

At a meeting of western glass manufacturers in Pittsburg trade was reported much better than a month ago.

The republicans of the first congressional district of Kansas have renominated E. N. Morrill for congress by acclamation.

The Belgian government has prohibited the holding of the socialist demonstration to be held June 30.

In London, at Wednesday's meeting of the creditors of Mr. Mollenry, proofs were tendered for $3,000,000 out of the total of his debts, which are alleged to be $8,750,000.

The house of Isaac Kincaid at Fellowship, Marion county, Florida, burned. Three children, aged 6, 4 and 3, perished in the flames. Kincaid is under arrest for criminal negligence.

At Toms River, N. J., the drying house of the United States dynamite company was blown to pieces by an explosion, and Alfred Hyres and John Graham, who were working in the building, were instantly killed.

Mayor O'Brien, of Boston, has received a letter from Governor Hill, of New York, in which he declares his intention to be present at the parliamentary festival in that city June 17.

Richard Chamberlain, for many years connected with the bonds of Baltimore, cut his throat at his home, and died in a half minute. Want of employment is supposed to have been the cause of his suicide.

At Tombstone, Arizona, fire started in the hoisting works of the Grand Central mine. It destroyed all the hoisting and pumping machinery and entered the shaft, where it was still burning. Loss $300,000.

In Cleveland, John Jarrett of Pittsburg, and Henry George of New York, debated the tariff question to a large audience at Music hall, the former from a protectionist, and the latter from a free trade standpoint.

A large mass meeting, in favor of the Irish home rule, was held at the city hall in Columbus, O. It was presided over by Governor Foraker, with representative public and business men filling the stage, under the auspices of the national Irish league.

Elections have been held in Roumelia. The districts returned all supporters of the government. In the remaining districts the balloting was without result, the number of votes required by law to constitute an election not having been cast.

Henri Rochefort headed the demonstration at the funeral of M. John Perry, at the funeral of Col. ...

of the Turquoise lar, which was carried on, Rochef et contends, under the inspiration of M. Ferry.

At La Porte, Ind., John Lines' barn was burned, with three blooded stallions, a pacing horse, and three horses owned by private parties. Two of the stallions were valued at $1,000 each, and one at $12,500. The latter was Abdallah Allen, a Hambletonian.

The democratic congressional convention of the 7th district, was held in Indianapolis and resulted in a split. W. D. Bynum, the present incumbent, was nominated by the regular convention. The bolting delegates, under the leadership of W. E. English, bolted and nominated Lewis Pailey. Both candidates accepted the nomination.

Advices from Pekin say the Chinese government has been in a dispute at the size of the proposed English concession at Tientsin, and will ask that the concession be reduced and that the area so reduced represent merely a commercial factory. Otherwise the Tientsins will refuse to allow any party to enter their territory.

At Simla, a meeting of the East India silver association was held Wednesday, at which the governor general was present. Mr. Auckland Colvin, financial member of the council, in an address to the meeting declared that the future of India depended upon England's adoption of bimetallism.

The lava from Mount Etna is advancing towards Nicolosi at the rate of 12 metres hourly and is now within one kilometer of the town. The adjacent country is also menaced and the inhabitants are flying from their homes. All the streams and water courses in the district have dried up and a water famine prevails.

Reports just received from the Marine station of the United States fish commission at Wood's Hole, Mass., announce the complete success of attempts recently begun to propagate lobsters artificially on a practical scale, and many thousands of young lobsters are now being cared for and fed in large tanks contained in the hatching building.

The legislative committee on claims, at Boston, have held a meeting, at which the New York and New England bond sale was considered. Mr. Mason of Worcester submitted the draft of a report which, while it exonerates the governor, says a good word for Mr. Field. The proposed report, it is said, whitewashes both sides indiscriminately, and it is not satisfactory to either the republicans or democrats of the committee. Field's counsel have laid a draft of three reports before the committee, with the ... of any one of which they will be satisfied. The first gives Mr. Field an indemnity, the ... sends the whole question to the supreme court, and the third sets aside the sale of the bonds. The committee came to no conclusion, and adjourned until next Tuesday.

In the cure of severe coughs, weak lungs, spitting of blood, and the early stages of consumption, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" has astonished the medical faculty. While it cures the severest coughs, it strengthens the system and purifies the blood. By druggists.

At the Metropolis.

The committee of engineers who have been investigating the charges against Chief Engineer Church, will begin an examination of the aqueduct on Tuesday next.

The contracts for the 350 uniforms in which the custom-house employes are to be arrayed were awarded to B. Stern. F. Henry Breen will supply the gold braid and tinsel decorations.

The law department of the university of the city of New York held its commencement exercises Thursday evening, in the academy of music. The address was delivered by Hon. Hoop C. Van Vorst.

A protest from residents of Harlem against making an appropriation for the celebration of the fourth of July, was received by the board of aldermen. The protest was referred to the finance committee.

Jack Maher, of No. 103 Mott st., was committed to the Tombs, in $25,000 bail, for striking Florence Scaggs, of Paterson, a blow on the head, in a saloon in Worth st., which resulted in Scaggs' death.

A water pipe at One Hundred and ... st. and ... avenue, burst while ... was ... over it. A piece of it struck ... who were ... James Riley, one of them ... wounding him seriously.

A collision between a Third avenue and a Fourth avenue car at the point where the lines of the two roads cross near city hall park blocked traffic for a quarter of an hour. It was due to the Third avenue driver's ignorance of the fact that the other car had the right of way.

The sheriff's sale of the big hotel property at Rockaway Beach, which was announced to take place Wednesday at the Queens county court-house in Long Island City, to satisfy a judgment for $161,000 in favor of A. S. Hatch, has been postponed until June 30.

Joseph Kleppor of No. 129 Allen street, a pale young man with a dark growl on his face, was found at the corner of Allen and Houston streets, haranguing a few loafers on the subject of anarchy. He declaimed wildly in favor of bloodshed, dynamite and freedom from slavery. Justice Power fined him $10.

Broker Theodore F. Myers was before the governors of the stock exchange to answer the charges against him in relation to violation of stock exchange rules in the management of the Philadelphia branch of his brokerage house. He employed a clerk who was connected with a stock house outside of the stock exchange. He was suspended for 30 days.

The Seawanhaka Corinthian yacht club will have a race for all classes of cabin yachts next Monday. Entries will not be required, but all yachts intending to race must fly their private signals at the main peaks. The course will be from a stake boat anchored off Tompkinsville landing to buoy No. 10 on the southwest spit, thence around buoy No. 8 ½, returning over the same course. The prize of $25 will be given to each class. The start will be made at 11 a. m.

A horse valued at $700, that belonged to Henry C. Bowen, slipped on the bridge and was strained so seriously that he was unable to move. It was two hours before he was taken away. Captain Ward, of the bridge police, says that when he summons an ambulance of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, word is sent that it is out, and after a while one of the employes of the society puts in an appearance and says that the ambulance can be had for $5. Mr. Bowen had to pay $5 Wednesday.

During the parade of the Brooklyn Sunday schools in Brooklyn, when the colored scholars were parading home, a row was raised by a bystander with a female teacher. She struck and knocked him down, then she was arrested. Her friends gathered around and it looked as if there was going to be a small riot. One of the colored men was arrested and a razor found on him. In court next day the parties were fined. After the row, four razors were picked up on the scene of the disturbance.

The authorities of Long Island City object to the location of a powder boat off that city, and have asked the fire commissioners to take away the dynamite stored there for blowing out the rocks of Hell Gate. By order of the fire commissioners, Chief Sorry of the bureau of combustibles went yesterday to select a point on the water where the United States may store all the giant powder they require. Chief Sorry's action will not be made public until he reports to the commissioners.

A handsomely dressed lady entered a dry goods store and purchased several articles. When she left one of the employes saw a piece of lace worth $5 was attached to her parasol. She was arrested on the charge of theft, and she emphatically denied the charge, was locked up. She was taken before Superintendent Campbell and persistently refused to say where she lived or where her friends lived, and would not give her lady ... about herself. "I am innocent of this charge," she exclaimed, "but I will not do anything to prove that I am guiltless except to say that I never stole anything in my life."

My mother was troubled for twenty years with a dry hacking cough, and was completely cured by the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. She is now 73 years old and well. C. H. Foster, 35 Winchester st., Boston.

The ... SOUTHERN TIE ... is the noblest gentleman's shoe in the market, and is sold by Kemp, at 21 Court st. Positively the finest shoe ever seen in the city. Entirely new in design.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, Oh, it will wear away, but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size free. W. A. Rice, druggist.

READ THIS.—We, the undersigned ... [illegible]

THE PRESBYTERIANS

MEETING OF THEIR GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Justice to the Chinese Missionary Work Impeded by American Outrages—California Christians Urged to Work Up Public Sentiment—The Temperance Cause and the Church.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 29.—In the Presbyterian general assembly yesterday, the following delegates were chosen to the next Presbyterian alliance, with power to select others: Drs. D. C. Marquis, W. H. Roberts, W. E. Moore, E. H. Marling, F. L. Patton, J. S. McIntosh, H. H. Elwell, with Elder Gen. Shields, Warner, Van Nessen and Frame.

There were animated speeches on resolutions proposed by the committee on bills and overtures, concerning the overture from missionaries at Canton touching ill treatment of Chinese in America. Mr. Hepburn claimed that brethren on the Pacific coast have shown the moral courage which they were said to lack, by opposing the barbarity referred to, and that San Francisco no more applauds them than does Chicago the anarchists.

Dr. Whery for a long time a missionary in Pekin, called attention to the real fault the Chinese government finds with America, which is not the restriction of immigration, since it prefers to restrict competition of the Americans in China with the natives, but with us for not always controlling mobs, since mob rule is a common experience with them, but with us in not punishing lawbreakers. The missionaries fear not so much for their personal safety as for serious annoyance in their work by reason of spite and revenge.

The assembly adopted a resolution commending the stand taken by the Christians on the Pacific slope, urging them everywhere to create public sentiment in favor of protecting and evangelizing the heathens of our shores, and directing that a copy of the resolutions be sent in the Chinese language to the Chinese consul at Washington. Dr. Studdiford presented a report on theological seminaries. Special interest was evinced in the efforts to raise up a ministry for Germans.

The annual report of the committee on systematic benefices shows that more than 50,000 documents were distributed at Chicago. The committee recommended forming clubs in each congregation to arouse interest in this cause, which vital to all others. An aggregate advance in contributions from all sources to the boards in the year past of $208,556 was reported.

The general assembly held a special session last night to conclude a debate on the question of discontinuing the permanent committee on temperance, which has been in existence since 1880. A majority report favored this on the plea that it had accomplished its special work, and is no longer necessary.

The vast audience was promptly moved by the eloquent speeches of Elder F. L. Shepard, of Baltimore, Dr. Crosby, Dr. Faber and others.

Dr. Pierson, of Philadelphia, carried the day in a grand speech and his resolutions prevailed ultimately by which the committee is continued. The resignation of the chairman, Dr. W. T. Brown, was accepted.

The assembly will doubtless adjourn Monday.

CAPTURE OF RICHMOND.

... in Other Virginia Towns.

RICHMOND, May ...—The election in this city on Thursday resulted in an overwhelming defeat of the regular democratic nominees. ... for city sergeant, was defeated by Smith (ind.) by a majority of over 2,000. The board of aldermen stands 9 democrats and 9 independents; common council 9 democrats, and 21 independents, making an independent majority of 19 on joint ballot. The election will result in a pretty general change in the numerous offices in the city, including the heads of several important departments.

IN PETERSBURG.

In Petersburg, all of the general officers on the citizens' ticket were elected.

Indian Outbreak Feared.

CHICAGO, May 29.—A dispatch from Tucson, Arizona, asserts that the Indian situation is growing serious. It is feared that a general outbreak from the San Carlos reservation will take place. It is said there is no room for doubt that the hostiles are being reinforced from this reservation and that the long-continued success of the hostiles has emboldened the others.

Gen. Miles is very active and is enlisting rapidly the most determined men. A company is being recruited at Tucson which will take the field at once. Southern Arizona, it is stated, is in a state of terror.

Canadian Garlands.

OTTAWA, May 29.—The Somerville member of parliament yesterday formally preferred charges against Hector Cameron and another member, alleging that in 1884, before assisting in obtaining a grant from parliament of £3,200 for thirty miles of Erie & Huron railway, or a total of £96,000 pounds, he wrote a letter stipulating for the payment to himself and two others not named, of ten per cent. of the amount of the grant. Mr. Cameron denied the charge. The matter was referred to a committee for investigation.

Minstrels Get Beaten.

BUFFALO, May 29.—A novel theatrical case was decided today by Judge Beckwith of the superior court in favor of J. M. Hill, theatrical manager, and against the minstrel firm of Thatcher, Primrose & West. The action was brought over a year ago to recover damages on account of the failure of the minstrels to play a half week's engagement at Mr. Hill's theatre in this city according to contract, by which the plaintiff was to receive 50 per cent. of the gross receipts and the defendants the residue. The defendants, while substantially admitting the breach of contract, claimed that the law afforded no measure of damages in such a case. The court awards Mr. Hill $600 damages besides costs.

Killed by a Blast.

ASPEN, COL., May 29.—Obd ... and ... Maloney, two railroad contractors, were killed on the Midland road yesterday by the premature explosion of a blast they were putting into the side of a mountain. Dave Foley, another contractor, was fatally wounded.

The Irony of Fate.

SEDALIA, MO., May 29.—Constable Walters today levied upon a portion of Martin Irons' household goods to satisfy a debt of seven dollars due Patrick O'Connor, for several months' past due house rent. Irons' step-daughter, a young lady of 16 years, claimed that the furniture had been disposed of to a neighbor, but the officer took charge of it just the same, and will dispose of it to satisfy the debt.

Cut Him Into Little Pieces.

SHREVEPORT, LA., May 29.—Horace Montgomery (colored) was murdered by his wife last night while sleeping in his bed. She chopped him literally to pieces. Cause, jealousy.

Sad ... Pan Out Well.

CINCINNATI, May 29.—Gibson Woolsey & Co., dealers in flavors' stock and metals, have assigned. Liabilities $90,000.

Homer H. Rice tells of a remarkable cure effected by Acker's Blood Elixir. A gentleman ... [illegible]

GEN. SHERMAN IN CHICAGO.

He Pleases Them by Saying He will Remove from St. Louis—He will Reside in New York.

CHICAGO, May 29.—Gen. W. T. Sherman has arrived in the city to take part in the decoration ceremonies at the grave of Gen. Ransom ... today. The general is looking remarkably well, and expresses his willingness and ability to march in the procession this morning with his old comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic. He declined the offer of a carriage.

The general states that he has at last decided to remove his residence from St. Louis. His family had all gone to the east, and he thought he could not do better than to follow them. He had rented his house in St. Louis and would leave that city on July 1. He would then go to Oregon and California, and attend the Grand Army meeting, and on his return would take up his permanent residence in New York.

THE FISHERIES QUESTION.

Sensible Talk from the British Colonial Under-Secretary.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The Herald's London correspondent had an interview last evening with Mr. Osborne Morgan, under secretary of state for the colonies, on the fisheries question. Mr. Morgan said:

"Lord Granville, Lord Rosebery and I myself are still most anxious to arrange things in a friendly and sensible way. That such a way exists I personally have no doubt. I myself would be quite willing to see a new treaty take the place of the old one, but your senate seems to bar the way. The relations between the United States and England are most cordial, but you must understand this is a three-cornered question. We cannot give Canada the cold shoulder. As you know, I hold strong views in regard to England's relations to her colonies. We must stand by Canada."

"May I ask whether you think the suggested new treaty should be based on the principle of equal rights?" said the correspondent.

"That," replied Mr. Morgan, "I am not at liberty to state. But let us sweep away the old treaty or we shall drift into trouble. To do this a meeting between the United States, Canada and England would have to be arranged. I should be happy if a conference could be arranged, say in London, and I feel sure the Canadian ministry would approach the matter in a reasonable spirit."

THE ANARCHISTS INDICTED.

For Murder and Conspiracy—Gen. Ben Butler Asks to be Excused—He Will Not Defend Them Today, But Some Other Day.

CHICAGO, May 29.—It has been learned that Spies, Schwab, Fielden, Parsons, Fischer, Engel, Lingg, Seliger, Schnaubelt and Neebe were indicted on six charges. The first two are contained in two voluminous indictments in which the defendants are named collectively. One of these is the "bomb" indictment, which charges them with willful murder in igniting the fuse and casting the bomb into the ranks of the police. The other is the same except that "revolvers and bullets" is used in place of the word "bomb."

Besides these, there is an indictment against each of the ten men named, charging them as individuals with the crime of murder by bomb throwing, and also another set of indictments charging them with murder by ...

In addition to the two series of indictments charging the defendants with murder, there is also a series charging the ten ... with conspiring to murder, the ... named ... conspiracy to murder, ... the place in the series of the words "kill" and "kill and murder," which are mentioned in the first two series.

The six conspiracy indictments each in turn charge a conspiracy to kill and murder the six officers who have so far died from the effects of wounds received during the riot on May 4. First, the name of the deceased officers and then the name of another being given in each indictment, one name only being given in one indictment.

The friends of the anarchists say a letter was received yesterday from General Ben Butler, who said that at present his time was fully occupied, but later on he might be able to take up the defense of some of those indicted.

Decoration Services in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 29.—The observance of the ceremony of decorating the graves of the soldiers by the veteran organizations of this city, occurred today. The marching column, composed of posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, was the largest ever seen on the streets of Chicago on any similar occasion. Ransom post, of St. Louis, was in the line.

Accompanying the procession was Gen. Wm. T. Sherman, who marched in the ranks on the right of the leading ... He was quickly recognized by the large waiting crowds on the streets and was wildly cheered. Gen. Alfred Terry was also one of the marchers and was cheered along the route.

Gov. Oglesby, accompanied by several other gentlemen, occupied the only carriage in the column. The veterans in line numbered 4,000. The column proceeded to Rose Hill cemetery. This afternoon the veterans will be accompanied by the police and state military commands.

Today's Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The stock market opened strong this morning, with everything up from ¼ to ⅜ per cent. The market was strong from the opening and Lackawanna, Lake Shore, St. Paul, Northwestern and Louisville & Nashville were active and prominently strong, Lackawanna gaining ¾ per cent., and the remainder of those mentioned ½, with the rest of the list in smaller amounts. The general list is only moderately active, but firm, the principal activity being in Lackawanna, St. Paul and Northwestern. Consolidated Gas, after some hesitation, became strong with the active list. At 11 o'clock the market was fairly active and firm.

A New Railroad.

DUBUQUE, May 29.—Articles of incorporation of a new railroad between Dubuque and Kansas City have been filed. The name of the company is the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City Railroad Co., and the capital stock, $10,000,000.

Not Seriously Ill.

JACKSONVILLE, May 29.—The reports about the ill health of Gen. F. E. Spinner are exaggerated. He caught cold six days ago, which affected the bronchial tubes, causing a cough. He is debilitated somewhat but is getting better.

Wages Advanced.

PITTSBURG, May 29.—The Black Diamond Steel Co. has voluntarily advanced the wages of their employes ten per cent.

Have Not Failed.

CHICAGO, May 29.—The report that J. W. Rumsey & Co., of the Chicago board of trade, have failed, is officially denied.

Dow's Luck.

DENVER, May 29.—While sinking an artesian well on the premises of a resident in the heart of the city yesterday, oil was struck at a depth of eleven hundred feet. Old oil men, of Pennsylvania, say the indications are good for a big flow.

The well will be sunk several hundred feet deeper. Great excitement prevails over the discovery.

The Price of ...

NEW YORK, May 29.—Bar silver today is quoted at 99⅛.

MR. A. ... of Wyoming, N.Y., ... [illegible]

WASHINGTON.

OLEOMARGARINE AND KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Western Farmers Say Chattel Butter is Not to be Protected, Iron and Steel Shall Not.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Mr. Hatch, chairman of the committee of agriculture, has called a meeting of the committee for conference upon the oleomargarine bill this morning. He thinks they may possibly consent to a reduction of the tax proposed from ten cents to six, seven or eight cents, although it is more likely that they will determine to insist upon the passage of the bill just as it was reported.

The opponents of the bill will do their utmost to secure a reduction of the tax, but if unsuccessful in this will not, it is now said, undertake to filibuster against the remaining sections of the bill, although amendments will be offered repealing the tax upon fruit, brandy and upon tobacco, which will be voted down.

The Pennsylvania protectionists have been notified by the western representatives from farming districts, that if they do not support the bill to tax oleomargarine, the farmers will demand the repeal of the protective duties on coal and iron.

THE STATUE OF LIBERTY.

The speaker laid before the house a communication from the secretary of state, submitting an estimate of $106,100 for inaugurating the statue of Liberty Enlightening the World. Referred.

THE KNIGHTS DON'T MEDDLE.

The house went into committee on the oleomargarine bill, the pending amendment being that offered by Mr. Townshend, reducing the tax on oleomargarine from ten cents to two cents per pound. Mr. Hatch stated that in view of the fact that various protests of the Knights of Labor against the bill had been presented, he wished to have the following telegram to Speaker Carlisle read:

"CLEVELAND, O.—Acting under instructions from the general assembly of knights of labor, I desire to state no person whatever is authorized to speak for the organization either in the affirmative or negative, on the question of the legislation the sale of oleomargarine, now pending before congress. Please bring this to the attention of the proper committee.

T. V. POWDERLY."

Mr. McCreary offered an amendment providing that the tax of ten cents a pound shall be imposed only on oleomargarine which is manufactured and sold for consumption as butter.

THE BAPTISTS.

Their Fifty-Fourth Annual Meeting—Work Among the Colored People.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., May 29.—The fifty-fourth annual meeting of the American Baptist Home mission society was continued today. Rev. Dr. Edward Lathrop read the report of the committee on work among the colored people in the south. The work is in a more prosperous condition than ever. The society has seventeen institutes among the colored people with over 4,000 students. The report called attention to the great necessity for teaching the colored race trades in order that the ... be made self-supporting. In ... girls are taught ... [illegible] ... were delivered ... Rev. Carroll and Rigby ... greetings of Christian fellowship and greeting from the general Presbyterian assembly now in session at Minneapolis was read. A report on Christian educational work was read and was followed by a long discussion.

Damaged $1,000 Worth.

BUFFALO, May 29.—The additional witnesses yesterday afternoon in the Nash-Express libel suit at Little Valley, were Gen. N. M. Curtis, of St. Lawrence, Hon. R. M. Reilly, Hon. Eugene S. Ives, of New York, Hon. Patrick Murray, of Albany, and James N. Matthews, publisher of the Express. Defense rested and Col. Nash took the stand and testified that no offers were made to him to vote on the tonnage and gas bills for money, and that he voted as his judgment dictated. Counsel for defense again moved a non-suit, but the court decided the case must go to the jury. Mr. Rogers then summed up for the defense and Mr. Laidlaw for the prosecution. The court adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning, when Judge Lewis charged the jury. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff for one thousand dollars. A stay of proceedings for forty days was granted.

Stealing a Street.

BUFFALO, May 29.—For some time the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad has been trying to obtain permission to lay two additional tracks in Prime street, a small thoroughfare adjacent to the company's water front. On Monday last, the common council refused permission. Early this morning a large working train appeared on the scene, carrying over two hundred laborers with ties, rails, etc., and laid the tracks, completing the work before daylight. The move was kept a complete secret, and city officials and police knew nothing of it until the work was done. It amounts to a seizure of the street.

The corporation counsel says nothing can be done until a meeting of the common council on Tuesday.

The Bank Reserve

of the associated banks in New York city, as reported today through the clearing house, shows:

Reserve, increase		90,425
Loans, decrease	$	599,700
Specie, decrease		208,900
Legal tenders, increase		380,000
Deposits, decrease		444,100
Circulation, decrease		14,500

The banks now hold $12,880,000 in excess of legal requirements.

Gone to Rest.

NEWBURG, N. J., May 29.—Rev. W. D. Snodgrass, for thirty-nine years pastor of the Goshen, N. J., Presbyterian church, died last night, aged 90. He was born at West Hanover, Dauphin county, Pa., and graduated at Washington college and Princeton seminary. In early life he was pastor of the Presbyterian churches at Fayetteville, N. C., Savannah, Ga., Troy, and Harmony, New York. He was member of the executive board of foreign missions for many years.

Resumed Operations.

ST. LOUIS, May 29.—The St. Louis Sugar Refining Co., employing 500 men, will resume operations Monday with a full force. The works were closed three weeks ago on account of the eight hour agitation. A compromise has been effected.

Rochester Man Drowned.

BUFFALO, May 29.—The body of an elderly man was found floating in the lake near Erie county penitentiary this morning. It was identified as that of E. K. Murphy, who resided on South St. Paul street, Rochester.

A ... Donation.

PITTSBURG, May 29.—Andrew Carnegie, the millionaire steel manufacturer, has given $250,000 to Allegheny City for the establishment of a free library and music hall. He recently gave $250,000 to Pittsburg.

Decoration Day Observances.

PITTSBURG, May 29.— [illegible]

The Court Circular.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Miss Folsom had breakfast with her mother and cousin at the Gilsey house this morning. She spent the morning quietly resting and received no callers. A great many invitations have been received from prominent society people in the city, but all have been kindly declined. Miss Folsom has not yet wholly recovered from the effects of her ocean voyage and the shock occasioned by the intelligence of Col. Folsom's death. The intelligence was kept from her until she was some five hundred miles out, when her cousin allowed her to see the London papers. Miss Folsom's mother went out for a drive after breakfast with a lady friend. Mr. Folsom drove to the Lennox hotel soon afterwards and on his return took Miss Folsom out for a drive. Tomorrow the whole party will attend divine service at a church not yet decided upon.

Not Safe in Canada.

OTTAWA, May 29.—The minister of justice today decided to issue a warrant for the extradition of Jno. H. W. Cadby, the Hudson, N. Y., forger now confined in jail at St. Johns, N. B. Sheriff E. A. Traver and J. ... Cady, of counsel for the Farmer's national bank of Hudson, who have been here for several days will leave for St. John ... warrant.

Ask H. H. Rice about Acker's Blood Elixir, the only preparation guaranteed to cleanse the blood and remove all chronic diseases.

The Home Rule Bill.

LONDON, May 29.—It is authoritatively stated this afternoon, that Lord Hartington and his whig followers have resolved to vote against the home rule bill when it comes up for second reading, but that, Mr. Chamberlain and his radical supporters have made up their minds to abstain from voting, thus ensuring the success of the measure on its second reading.

JAMES SULLIVAN of Salem, Oregon, says he was cured of the Asthma by Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir. For sale by Homer H. Rice.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, May 29, 1886.

Cotton—Firm. ... New Orleans 9 9-16. Futures dull; June 9.11, July 9.22, Aug 9.31, Sept. 9.18.

Flour—Weak. Receipts 17,000 ... sales 10,000 ... [illegible]

Wheat—Firm. [illegible]

Rye—Nominal.

Barley—Nominal.

Corn—Heavy. [illegible]

Oats—Quiet. [illegible]

Beef—Dull. [illegible]

Pork—Weak. [illegible]

Lard—Firm. [illegible]

Butter—Dull. [illegible]

Cheese—Dull. [illegible]

Sugar—Steady. [illegible]

Petroleum—Firm. [illegible]

Tallow—Firm. [illegible]

Eggs—[illegible]

Hay—[illegible]

Leather—Firm. [illegible]

Wool—Weak. [illegible]

Coal—Quiet.

[illegible]

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, May 29, 1886.

[illegible]

WHEAT. [illegible]

CORN. [illegible]

OATS. [illegible]

PORK. [illegible]

LARD. [illegible]

[illegible]

Every Lady [illegible]