Daily Times

WATERTOWN, N. Y., DEC 17 1887.

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS.

ALTITUDE OF OBSERVATION 480 FEET ABOVE TIDE.

—SATURDAY, DEC. 17, 1887.—	Max. temp. yesterday.	Min. temp. yesterday.
Thermometer at 7 A.M.	36°	18°
Barometer at 7 A.M.	29.33	

Thermometer at 6 this evening 28° at 8 last night 20°
Mean temperature of 24 hours ending at 7 P.M. 25½°.
Mean temperature of next preceding 24 hours 28°.

The cold atmospheric wave has had a short reign, as was fiorally forecast as its first invasion. It has already been displaced by the lowest depression of the month thus far, with a temperature ranging today slightly above freezing point, or some sixteen degrees higher than yesterday at midday. The barometer fell rapidly last night, reaching at 7 A.M. 29.33, which is ⅛ inch below the initial margin of "Wind or Rain," but nevertheless there has been occasional sunshine and no precipitation, and the winds have been only light to fresh southeasterly.

The barometer now being a sixth inch below "Wind or Rain" margin, light snows are probable tonight and tomorrow, but a short storm only is expected, and clearing and colder weather follow by Monday if not before.

The Washington bureau forecasts for 24 hours from 8 P.M. today: For Vermont, fair weather, warmer, followed by snow, and light to fresh variable winds shifting to easterly and increasing in force. For Eastern New York, threatening weather, followed by snow, partly in rain on the coast, and light to fresh winds becoming northeasterly, increasing in force on the coast, and shifting to northwesterly during Sunday. For Western New York, light snows, slightly warmer, light to fresh on the lake, and fresh to brisk westerly winds veering to colder northwesterly.

The weather in New York city today is cool and cloudy.

The Toronto bureau forecasts for the Lower Lake regions and Upper St. Lawrence today, southwest and west winds, fair to cloudy weather, with slightly higher temperature.

THE FIRST HALF OF DECEMBER, closing yesterday, has for the most part been unusually mild, though the morning of the first day showed temperature a little below zero. For these fifteen days, the average mean was 32.75, which is much higher than the average. The corresponding period in the previous twelve years was as follows: 1886, 18.94; 1885, 29.17; 1884, 34.08; 1883, 29.40; 1882, 30.18; 1881, 31.75; 1880, 20.90; 1879, 33.12; 1878, 28.04; 1877, 33.00; 1876, 20.00; 1875, 21.44. The coldest day was the 1st, the thermometer falling to 2 below zero at 7 A.M., and the day averaging 6 above zero. The warmest day was the 11th, the thermometer rising to 50 at 1 P.M. and the day averaging 45½. There have been seven fair days throughout, two partly so, and the remainder of the time has been cloudy. The winds have been from southeasterly quarters on nine days and from northerly quarters on the remainder. Two very high atmospheric waves have meanwhile passed over our section, the first being the highest on our records, carrying the barometer up to 30.60 at midforenoon of the 1st. Strictly speaking, no depression, except in a relatively comparative sense, has meanwhile passed, as the lowest barometer, 29.53 at 9 P.M. of the 13th, did not quite reach the "Wind or Rain" margin. The rainfall (rain and melted snow) is equal to the average, having been 1.58 inch at the Times building, 1.61 inch at 13 Orchard street, and 1.57 inch at 7 Clay street. For the same period last year it was 1.03 inch, mostly snow; 1885, mostly rain, 3.78; 1884, two-thirds rain, 3.58; 1883, mostly rain, 1.79; 1882, mostly snow, 1.79; 1881, mostly rain, 2.25.

CITY AND VICINITY.

Telephone No. of Times, 120.

The water in the St. Lawrence is rising.

Clayton will have electric lights next week.

Only one more week of school before the holiday vacation.

Attention is called to the card of Rosebrook & Denny in another column.

Rehearsal of the City band Monday evening. A full attendance is desired.

Lake navigation is virtually closed. The season has been an excellent one.

Ogdensburg has received a fifty-light dynamo and it will soon be ready for use.

Norwood is to be raised from a fourth-class to a third or presidential class office.

Miss Kate Field is the next lecturer in the Y. M. C. A. course. January 9th is the date.

The *Eagle* mourns the fact that "not one progressive euchre parties have been held at the Cape this year."

The annual meeting of the Jefferson County Agricultural society occurs in this city on Wednesday next.

Watertown will have two new jobbing houses after January first, one in the line of dry goods, the other in drugs.

Mrs. James Brown Potter will appear as Juliet at the Wieting opera house, Syracuse, on next Wednesday evening.

J. C. Kimball, the Watertown directory man, has just issued a neat pocket directory of Oswego.—Oswego Palladium.

Dr. Fisk's third European lecture at the Universalist church on Monday evening. The Cape Vincent Eagle says of Dr. Fisk's lecture in that place that "it was intensely interesting and instructive."

It is suggested that if the nails in the sidewalks are driven down now there will be less excuse for not keeping the snow off and less incentive to swearing on the part of the wielders of the snow-shovel.

A monument eighteen feet in height, of Quincy granite, will soon be erected to the memory of the late Dr. P. O. Williams, in Brookside cemetery. It is being prepared at the Whitney works in Gouverneur.

Malone has a sad case of youthful depravity. The theft of $40 from a residence and the arrest of one of the thieves traced to the discovery of an organization bonded together "to steal whenever and whatever they could and divide the plunder." Four boys have been sent to the Rochester house of refuge.

"The Clayton sailors," says the St. Lawrence, "have about all returned home for the winter from a very successful and satisfactory season's work. Not the least pleasing feature for their relatives and friends to contemplate is the fact that not one of them has been lost, but all are safely landed. A few accidents have occurred perhaps, but no lives have been lost."

William H. Frank, living near Sulphur Springs, in the town of Hounsfield, eight miles from this city, drove in with his team and sleigh this morning and pronounced the sleighing fine from his place to Warren's, and from Warren's here better than with a wagon. As far as can be learned, this is the first sleigh that has been seen from the country.

FUN IN COURT.

A Novel Suit Between Two Women Which Completely Upsets the Jackman Affair.

"You can never get a cent of it. Come on with your law business. I never told you a thing to write. You have

LATER FARM AND MARKET NEWS

Latest New York Dairy Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16.—[Special.]—The bet-

TWO COLLISIONS

Two Horses Killed and Other Damage Done by the R. W. & O. Trains.

Now doth the wicked letter boy
Who is surely white as ever goes,
Hunt up the nearest theater shop
And thither turn his toes.

He sits beside the rosy-cheeked child
Who's been there all the year,
And smiles at his sweets to think
He's gone he doth appear.

But when the Christmas tree doth come
The bad boy gets the sasters—
The good boy gets a Christmas card
And a two cent bag of dates.

The expenses of the port of Cape Vincent are to be reduced from $14,427 to 11,858.

The door of Travers' arcade store bears crape today on account of the death of Mr. Travers' mother.

The Central Hudson railroad has established a relief department, with agents along the line of the road.

Repairs on the R. W. & O. depot at Carthage have been completed and the building is much improved.

Dr. J. C. Hull, of West Carthage, has been appointed physician for the town of Champion. His salary is to be $100.

Between five and six hundred chairs have been shipped from Carthage by Smith & O'Keefe during the week.

A preliminary meeting to take action toward the organization of a building association was held last evening. The project promises to be a success.

At Lowville this morning John Hoch was sentenced to six years at Auburn for assault. Lallier, who was recaptured yesterday, to five years for jail breaking and Jenner to five years for assault.

It is learned this afternoon from one of the defendant's counsel in the case of Miss Jackman vs Mrs Perkins that the papers on appeal to the general term are being prepared, and that the same will be prosecuted at as early a day as the business of the courts will permit.

George Adams, the two and a half year old son of Rev. Dr. Adams, rector of Grace church, Carthage, wandered away from home on Thursday and took the train for Watertown. Conductor Gordon ascertained the little fellow's name, and telegraphed that he was all right. The boy was taken back on the return train.

The case of William Hart vs Lucas & Mellaire is on trial this afternoon before Justice Ainsworth. Because of it the meat shop on the south side of the Square, has been closed during the week. Mr. Hart claims that defendants owe him $8 50, for meat. The defendants have set up a denial. The firm will resume business when the matter is settled.

Personal.

A. H. Wray, formerly of Watertown, is visiting his many friends in this city.

Miss Abi Jackman, the authoress, returned to her home near Adams this afternoon.

Sol. Smith, of Depauville, was in the city yesterday. He is the heaviest man in the town of Clayton, his weight being 300 pounds.

Jos Bragger, of Watertown, with Eugene Bastian, of this place, has been taking an inventory this week, of the steam fittings in the West End hotel.—On the St. Lawrence.

Prof. Chas E. S. Ransy, of Trinity school at Tivioli-on-the-Hudson, accompanied by Master Harry Shaw, who is attending there, arrive home yesterday for the Christmas holidays.

Circuit Court.

HON. JAMES C. VANN PRESIDING.

Cady S. Combs sgai st Edwin A. North. Lansing & Rogers for plaintiff. Thos F Kearns for defendant. The jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiff of $77.36, the check of $50 not to apply upon the payment.

Reuben S. Curtis against Hannibal Smith and another. W. A. Nims for plaintiff; Hannibal Smith for defendant. In 1883 Charles E. Woodruff gave the defendant a note for $200, which was endorsed by Hannibal Smith. In 1884 Woodruff paid $150. Afterwards he failed. The suit is brought to recover $50 and interest.

Court directed the jury in this case to render a verdict of $8.24 in favor of plaintiff. This was what the defendant allowed he owed, and the result leaves the costs upon plaintiff.

Court then adjourned until 3:30 Monday afternoon.

Recorder's Court.

William T. Norris, for creating a disturbance [illegible] was sentenced to two days imprisonment for contempt, but was subsequently pardoned. There are doubts as to his sanity.

Douglass M. Lowe, complainant against Dorsey and Rachel Stevens pleaded guilty to drunkenness in court and was committed to jail for 20 days in default of $10.

Martin Hudson, a tailor aged 34, charged with drunkenness, pleaded guilty and paid $5.

The examination of Alfred Dorsey and Rachel Stevens, on a charge of stealing $20 from Lowe, is on trial.

Clayton's New Bank.

A report of the First National bank at the end of two months' business appears in this issue. It is a handsome showing and will be scanned with much satisfaction by the many stockholders and patrons of the institution. It is also very flattering to Clayton's business prosperity.—On the St. Lawrence.

A Reasonable Query.

EDITOR TIMES

Is it a reasonable thing that the children of the city should be allowed, almost universally, to coast and skate upon the sidewalks so as to make them always dangerous, and, where there is a grade, almost impassable? Are the young [illegible] with the exception [illegible]

LAME OLD MAN

A Splendid Invention.

H. A. C. Dick of Three Mile Bay has succeeded in securing a patent on an instrument for sharpening harrow disks, which was exhibited at the county fair last fall and which received the following valuable commendation from the committee:

"A sharpener of Harrow Disks."
Hugh Dick, Three Mile Bay.
We award a prize of $5.00 to Mr. Dick for his much needed instrument, simple in construction, perfectly adapted to the object of its creation; can be used by a person unskilled in mechanics.

We commend to the favorable consideration of farmers using the Randall or other wheel harrows, the use of Mr. Dick's "sharpener," thereby increasing their efficiency especially when used on stony and gravelly soils.

The "Sharpener" is easily adjusted to wheels of different diameters, and is [illegible] to the thickness of the harrow.

Jefferson County Fair Grounds, September 16, 1887.

MARTIN P. WAITE, Rodman,
MOSES EAMES, Clerk,
S. H. BIRDSE, Hounsfield
WM P. BALL, Rutland,
A. P. SHOCKNESY, Watertown,
Judges.

The patentees have employed agents and are selling rights for town, county and state, and are confident of success. Information in regard to their invention may be obtained by addressing them, with stamp, at Three Mile Bay.

G. A. R. Attention.

D. S. Miller & Co. will place on exhibition, this evening, an engraving entitled "Sheridan's Charge, at Five Forks, Va." The engraving is a new artist proof edition from a painting by Allen C. Redwood. The picture is fully protected against reproduction by copyright, so that there will be no cheap editions. Every one should see this highly important historical subject.

THE YOUNG AUTHORESS WINS

Miss Jackman is Given a Verdict for $1,638.75 in Her Suit Against Mrs. Perkins.

Forgive.

The case of the young authoress, Miss Abi Jackman, against Mrs Hannah Perkins has gone into local history as one of the most novel ever tried in this city. Miss Jackman has won, the jury having awarded her all she asked, with interest. Her friends are very much pleased and quite hopeful as to her future in the literary world. Certainly the advertising given her in connection with this suit, backed by a good verdict by the jury, will not damage her reputation as an authoress, and it would not be astonishing if some Chicago or other publishing house would offer her a good price for the manuscript over which the controversy has been fought.

When court reconvened yesterday there were a number of listeners present. P. C. Marron opened for the defense, making a general denial of the contract. The defendant, being examined, gave the points of the story to Miss Jackman, upon the latter's representation that a Chicago publishing house would pay $5,000 for the manuscript, and that they would divide that amount equally between them. Mrs. Perkins was called to the stand. She stated that Miss Jackman had received a letter from a Chicago publishing house in which it stated that such a book as Miss Jackman suggested would be worth $5,000, provided her Mrs. Perkins picture was in the book. The book, as she understood it, was to cost her nothing, and she was to receive one-half of the profits provided that the defendant furnished the facts and characters of the proposed novel. She never understood that she was to pay $1,500. Miss Jackman boarded with her, she said, while attending the G. A. R. meetings. She came there one day and said that she wanted to borrow $1,500, in order to pay up certain mortgages, and that when she got the $5,000, Miss Jackman would pay her back. Mrs. Perkins' daughter-in-law was present then. In the May following, Miss Jackman visited the house and demanded $1,500, which Mrs. Perkins refused to pay. Again plaintiff came on May 29, and again defendant refused to pay. The plaintiff read a paper purporting to be a chapter of the book, but defendant would not listen to it. Mrs. Perkins told Miss Jackman that she had been robbed and had no money. Mrs. Perkins had loaned Miss Jackman $1 50.

Upon cross examination, Mr. Perkins said that she had never seen Miss Jackman before the occasion of her visit to defendants house in January. She "sat her down" in the parlor. She wanted to stay at defendant's house during the Grand Army entertainments at Adams, Rodman and Adams Center. Mrs. Perkins kept a boarding house, and this reason for that was deemed a good one. She was there about half an hour and a young man was holding the horse outside. Plaintiff visited defendant's house the following week. Abi stayed at defendant's house on the night of the entertainment. She remained there two or three days, being ill, and during that time Mrs. Perkins told Abi some incidents of her life. From perusal of the book Abi had written, Mrs. Perkins thought her life had many thrilling incidents.

There was some talk about writing a novel, and Miss Jackman asked me if I would give her the points of my life," said Mrs. Perkins, "and I told her I would." Further, Mrs. Perkins said that Miss Jackman's favorite song was "Some Day I Wonder Back Again." Before Miss Jackman went to Rodman, Mrs. Perkins had not consented to allow Abi Jackman to write her life. Mrs. Perkins had attended the Rodman entertainment, but had not said anything to William Case of Frank Stephens about the book, which Miss Jackman was writing. Abi and the defendant did go to Mrs. Spink's house, but did not state that Miss Jackman was writing her life. Miss Jackman brought the letter to her house. Miss Jackman said: "Come here. We have got a letter just now. We are going to get $5,000 for this book," and afterwards wanted to borrow $1,500, as her people's things were going to be sold in Mares. Mrs. Perkins, did you not convict this story, so as to get out of paying this money. A. No, sir.

Mrs Perkins kept a tavern at Smithville, taking out a license in the name of Mr. Secor, after her home on Sand street in Adams burned. She owned a trotting horse which she let out to be entered on shares.

She married Mr. Rogers, and after he died she went West and got her first husband Perkins to come back. "But," she said, "he didn't stay long. I soon sent him away." Mr Secor came to her place and she hired him in several capacities, but finally "twisted" him out also. She said that Secor was not put into the story at her instigation, nor was Perkins made a character at her request. She did want any of the characters portrayed by Abi to pass away before the close of the book. She furnished some facts regarding the death scene of her little girl. Miss Jackman never wrote any portion of the work at per house. This book was to have been finished by May 1st, but after the time was past and the manuscript was [illegible] Abi when the latter attempted to read it. Mrs. Perkins did not know that she had given up the hope that she might receive some money for the book. "If it was worth $5,000 then it must be worth something now. She contradicted what Thos Saunders had testified in relation to reading the manuscript. In answer to the question: "How old are you?" She replied: "About 45, or 50, or 55, I kind of want to be young but I don't know as I will ever get there."

Mr. Porter—Q. Mrs. Perkins do you see paint on your face? A. Yes sir.

Q. What for? A. To make me look better.

Q. Do you intend to get married again. A. I may if I can find anybody to marry me.

Q. Are you seeing another husband. A. Yes, sir.

The court was consumed with laughter. Mrs Perkins testified that she purchased a rocking horse for $1,000, and sold it a month later for $50.

On the redirect, she said that R S H Dodd charge of her trotting horse. She did not know anything of the sort. In the book Miss Jackman published over her name she did not represent the conversation with Miss Jackman at the art gallery. The first four chapters of the book were later read to her by Abi, and never left with her.

Elisha Rogers, defendant's son, was then called. He met Abi Jackman and her mother at the [illegible] house at the time when Abi presented the letter from the Chicago publishing house, corroborating his mother. Perkins was his father but he went by the name of Perkins or Rogers, as his mother did.

Lewis Ingalls, of the Post testified that the manuscript which he had inspected would make about 250 pages, in long primer type. It depends, he said, upon the reputation of an author whether the price paid for the work would be large or small. The manuscript would make thirty-five columns. He had read "A Silver Ray," and testified that a young person who could write a book like that, had some literary talent.

R. A. Oakes stated that he was a writer for magazines. Harpers paid $15 per thousand words, and he should think there were 50,000 words in the manuscript. Nonsia were paid for at the rate of about $4 per 1,000 words. He said the manuscript was faulty in grammar and in logic. He had read "A Silver Ray" and thought there was evidence of literary merit in the book. A printer might take the manuscript and print a book out of it.

Louis Ingalls was recalled and testified as to the condition of the manuscripts. In one is shown the authoress has one of her characters in Europe on the lake shore, a disappointed lover, and he returns to America and is struck by a beam and killed; there was a lack of transition between scenes. The style of the manuscript was didactic. When asked by the plaintiff's attorney what he thought the manuscript was worth in the condition in which it is in now, Mr. Ingalls replied: "In most cases it would be worth nothing."

The court then took a recess until 2 o'clock.

Yesterday afternoon Cornelia Perkins, wife of Elisha Perkins-Rogers, was called to the witness stand. She corroborated Mrs. Hannah Perkins' testimony as to the meeting at which Miss Jackman asked for a loan of $1,500.

Hattie Spink, of Smithville, was living with her sister on Sand street, near Adams, in March, and Oscar Wiley, now residing in the town of Watertown, was at that time employed by Mrs Perkins. They also gave evidence tending to corroborate the application by Miss Jackman for a loan of $1,500.

Josephine Hodge, of Adams, testified that Miss Jackman drove up to Mrs Frank Spink's gate in June, 1886, and called "Frank" out and said: "Frank, I am going to sue old Hannah" and if you will swear that she promised to give me $1,500 for writing that manuscript, Lew H. Brown and myself will stand ourselves to give you $300.

Abi Jackman, recalled, said that she never offered $300 to any body if they would testify in this case, she never asked Mrs. Perkins to lend her $1,500, but asked her to pay what Mrs Perkins owed, she denied that she ever left a letter purporting to come from a Chicago publishing house stating that her manuscript was worth $5,000, or might be sold for that amount. Mrs. Perkins engaged Oscar Wiley to dance for Abi one evening. She never had any understanding with Mrs. Perkins that she was to write her life and give her half of the proceeds. On the cross-examination she stated that she drove up to Mrs Frank Spink's house in June, 1886, but had no conversation on the subject of a suit to be brought against "Old Hannah," or Mrs. Perkins. When Wiley danced she stood looking on. She never entered Mrs Perkin's house except at the latter's request. She communicated to Mrs. Perkins what she thought the Chicago publishing house would charge for publication of the book.

Mrs Minnie Spink was called on the rebuttal. She testified that the conversation that Mrs Hodge testified to had never occurred. She remembered having been at Mr. Hodge's in August. She did not hear Abi Jackman make any proposition regarding $300 to be paid to herself by the plaintiff, in case she would testify that there was a contract between the plaintiff and defendant, by which the former was to receive $1,500 for writing the manuscript.

Martin Spink testified that after the fire, which destroyed Mrs. Perkins' house, Mrs Perkins said she thought the insurance would make her square with the exception of $1,500 which she would have to pay Abi Jackman for writing a book upon her son telling her that she was famish to do that. Mrs. Perkins said she could do that all right. Afterwards, on another occasion, Mrs. Perkins said in the witness's presence that the defendant in the case had got her property out of her hands, so that Miss Jackman could not collect any thing.

Mrs Perkins, recalled, by defendant, swore that none of the statements made by the previous witness in relation to transferring her property were true.

Martin Hodge, a witness for defendant, said that Mrs Frank Spink stated to him that Miss Jackman offered her $300 if she would swear that Mrs Perkins agreed to give Abi $1,400 for writing the manuscript in question. This closed the witness.

Attorney Watson M. Rogers, in summing up said: Gentlemen, when you go to your homes [illegible] children, and perhaps other relatives and friends, I know of no more interesting story that you can tell them, than that of Abi Jackman and Hannah Perkins. Some of you are men of gray hairs, but I dare say that in all your lives you have had some under personal observation, or to your personal knowledge, no story of such a silly, wild-goose chase performance as the one in I am not here to speak ill of a young woman—not here to disparage merit nor to curb a laudable ambition to shine in the world of letters, but never theless it is impossible that we should shut our eyes to the facts that exist here, and to see that upon the one side we have a part, silly girl at tempting by bodily crook to get herself into notoriety and to get in addition to that all that she can of the little money into her pocket out of the pocket of the widowed of none. Even if she is to win she has won her object. She has got herself advertised. Each one who has listened to this suit will carry the news that Abi Jackman, the authoress, has had a most sensational law suit. The story of the case will compare favorably to any one of Baron Munchausen's tales. And if Hannah Rogers did not furnish Miss Jackman sufficient data to make up a novel, I suppose it cannot that she will write up the facts of this case, and pass the hat among the jurors and spectators here she will raise money enough to secure its publication by such means, that it won't be necessary to mortgage the property of this old woman to Mr Lori H. Brown to do it. It is cheaper to divide it up than to make Brown pay the whole.

"Fifteen hundred dollars we have got to pay: It was of no account to any client. They met once in art gallery, and there this old lady and she had had a checkered life which would make a most interesting book. A few days afterward this plaintiff woke up to the door of this defendant's house and says, "I am here for business, come to write your life." "How much will it come to?" "$1,500." "Cheap enough." All this done in an hour, and the amount to be paid over Thursday." [illegible]

"The plaintiff is entitled to no sympathy because of her youth and cleverness, the defendant is to be pitied because of her age and poverty." The jury were directed to render a sealed verdict.

During the summing up by Mr. Rogers the plaintiff sat with down-cast eyes, the tears stealing down her face, trying to suppress her emotions. The defendant was apparently unmoved. The case went to the jury, while intense interest was being manifested among the spectators.

The jury retired for deliberation at about 5 o'clock. Many curious news-seekers hovered around the court-house during the evening waiting to hear the result. Supper was served to the jurymen at 6:30 and they seemed far from a decision. Finally the crowd left the court-house and went home, and no one but a few of the court officers remained. It was half past one o'clock this morning before an agreement was reached, and the members of the jury were relieved from duty.

Upon the opening of court, at 9 this A. M., the foreman handed the verdict to the court. It was announced to be $1,638.75 for plaintiff. Attorney McCartin at once moved to set aside the verdict, which was denied, then for a stay of execution for thirty days, and sixty days in which to make a case and exceptions. Mr. Porter responded that the granting of the stay of execution might jeopardize the power of recovery; that if the defendant really desired to appeal the case she might have 60 or 90 days, but property of the defendant consists of real estate and in thirty days she might dispose of it in a manner that would put it out of the way of the judgment forever. "I know something of what I am talking about," said Mr Porter. The court finally refused an order to be entered granting a stay of thirty days after judgment and levy, and it appears is taken, the plaintiff shall pay the sheriff's fees.

A Testimonial to Sheriff Felt.

In view of the fact that Sheriff Felt has not long to continue in office, the deputies who have worked under his supervision during the past three years assembled at the Sheriff's house on Thursday evening. As a testimonial of their respect and regard, they tendered a silver [illegible] to them. Refreshments were served, and an evening pleasantly passed. It is probably the last meeting at which they will, each and every one hold their respective positions as sheriff and deputies.

Officers of the Y. M. C. U.

The Y. M. C. U. held a meeting last evening and elected officers for the ensuing year as follows. President, C. N. Walsh; vice president, A. S. Healy; recording secretary, Jamie J. A Burns; corresponding secretary, George W. Cavenaugh; librarian, M. Duggan; sellers, F. P. Healy, W. E. Barrett; executive committee, James Burns, C. C. Burns, A. S. Healy.

Wood! Wood!! Wood!!!

One thousand cords of wood wanted at the Court street harness store. Any goods in our line given in exchange. Austin & Hathaway.

Fresh.

200 pounds Hayler's candy received this morning, at Van Namee Bros.

HOLIDAY GOSSIP.

WATERTOWN, Dec. 17, 1887.

Weather today: Clear and Mild. Indications for tomorrow: Fair and warmer.

We were speaking of free trade and protection yesterday. There is one phase of protection we heartily endorse—the protection of "our literary people."

An author may be able to depict the death of a tramp in a manner that would make Jay Gould weep, and still enjoy an cold potatoes and do his scribbling on the head of a flour barrel. This has "been done." But when you want something like this, "Oh me own precious darling, here at your feet I lay the princely jewels of me ancestors, me title, me love," it requires a certain financial a peculiar surrounding of elegance—well, beautiful perfume bottles, pretty mirrors, charming toilet cases, dainty manicure sets, fragrant bouquet soaps, pastes and powders, all of which Adams & Ehrlicher, Woodruff House druggists, are selling at a rapid rate and cheap.

WANTED.

WANTED—Immediately, girl for general housework. Two in family. Apply at 31 High st. or Arcade Sisters House.

PLEASANT ROOMS and board for gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen, also table board. No. 21 Mullin st. d17,d3t MRS H. UTLEY.

BOARD—One or two front rooms to let with board for gentlemen and wife, or two single gentlemen at No. 19 Sterling st., city. d15,d3t

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

FOR SALE—A new cutter; Jumper will be sold at a bargain. Inquire at this office. 2t

2 FURNISHED ROOMS to let at 61 Arsenal. Call at the right hand side. d16,d3t MRS. EISENHART.

TO REST—New house situate in second ward, suitable for medium sized family. Will be rented through the winter at $ per week. Call at once. DAWLING & DELOSS. d13,tf

TO REST—3 desirable rooms, 2 flights up, in the new Fairbanks Block on Court st., in which he has removed the stock of goods and fixtures of the late firm of Wells & Fairbanks. Will be let for the winter, spring and summer months, or for a shorter time if desired. Apply to or address the undersigned at Fairbanks Block, Court st., Watertown, N. Y. WM. H. FAIRBANKS. d13,tf

FOR SALE—A 6 H. P. horse power engine to be ordered from actual measurement and warranted to please in every particular, or no power paid for the same. Call at shop or address from other cities. Price $ C. F. FOX. d7

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—Old established custom and ready made clothing business, both cash and good; a fine furnishing goods. FIRE CLOTHING STORE, opportunities for every man. Also a good first door house part time. Must sell. Reasons for further particulars inquire of A. J. LOVEJOY, Dry Goods Store, Ogdensburg, N. Y. d7,dtf

TENEMENT—House No. 10 Chaumont new house 3 bedrooms, new brick cellar, flagged walk, with modern improvements, rent $12 per month. Also a tenement house No. 12 Chaumont, with modern improvements, rent $10 per month. Also a desirable unfurnished room in the house. Possession of all above property given at once. Inquire of J. B. HOYT, 2 doors south of Public Square. d14,dtf

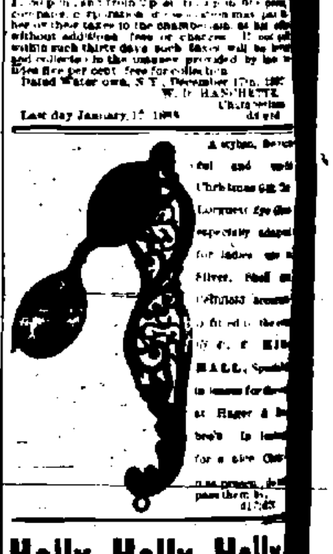
FOR SALE—Horse power and boiler. Portable engine, 6 horse power, nearly new, with governor and pump attached. Boiler 30 inches in diameter, 12 feet long, with 3 inch flues. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of or address, WATERTOWN DAILY TIMES. d14,dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALDERMEN SHALL WARNED against buying or selling James Smith's note. I will pay no bills on the above note of $ [illegible] ordered by Justice and endorsed by myself. All accounts against me must be presented to me. F. B. DEVENDORF

STATE OF NEW YORK, } ss.
COUNTY OF JEFFERSON, }

I, [illegible] of the city of Watertown, hereby give notice that he has received the [illegible] and executor of the last will and testament of [illegible] late of the city of Watertown, deceased, and that he has duly qualified as such executor according to law. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased are required to present the same with the vouchers thereof, duly verified, to the undersigned, at the office of Wells & Fairbanks, Court st., Watertown, N. Y., on or before the 17th day of June, 1888, and all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated Watertown, N. Y., December 17th, 1887. W. H. FAIRBANKS, Executor. Last day January, 17, 1888. d14,w6



C. G. STEVENS, M. D.
Diseases of the Eye and Ear,
OFFICE HOURS 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 m.
2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. 7:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.
Spectacles carefully fitted. No. 51 Opera Block Watertown, N. Y.

get our pay. The reply was, Miss [illegible] for jewelry of the class should [illegible] at Van Namee Bros. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16th. Vegetables in their season.