Watertown Daily Times.

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Daily Times

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

The R. W. & O. railroad sale rumors have surely died out, being "on their last legs."

Carthage news items appear in full form today from our diligent correspondent there.

The western shore of Lake Michigan was attacked by a "spell of weather" last evening, participated in by about all the meteorological elements there are, except snow.

Railroad disasters at Freeport, Ill., and at Washington, Pa., causing a total loss of seven lives and the serious wounding of many persons, are described in today's news.

An account of John W. Russell's kidnapping two boys from the Orphans' Home in this city, his arrest and trial, forms one of the interesting subjects of the local pen today.

The democratic demonstration in this city last evening, consisting of a torchlight procession and speeches at Englesons' hotel and at the corner of Main and Bradley streets, is described elsewhere.

Our Norwood correspondent, besides giving various local news items, tells how the young republican electors who are to cast their first presidential vote in November next, have made a formal organization.

One of the most interesting cases of questionable sanity of a prisoner charged with a heinous crime, is now on trial in county court, as will be seen by an interesting statement of the affair in the local columns.

Gen. Salomon, who was recently driven from the presidency of Hayti by an insurrectionary movement, and who went to France for the purpose of undergoing an operation on the bladder, died at Paris today.

Chiswick, a charming rural suburb of London, interesting in its historic associations and in its accumulations of the lasting treasures of art, is the subject of a pleasant letter from Ol Snow, on the inside of this evening's Times.

A list of appointments for democratic meetings and speakers for the remainder of this week and the whole of the next in St. Lawrence county, is given in the local columns. A democratic meeting at Spragueville, in that county, on Wednesday evening, when Hon. Dan O'Brien of this city spoke at length, is noted elsewhere.

It is well for politicians to hold on with firm grip to the level they stand upon in the respective parties, and try to work upward, rather than allow themselves to slip in any least. Tiggs Representative Fitch, of New York city, elected as a republican to the present congress. He voted for the Mills bill, then went over to the democracy, and has now fallen into the embraces of the Tammany-ites. Bottle has not, ye republicans. He is badly enough punished at last. He is today the Tammany faction's nominee for congress and has accepted. When a politician loses his footing it goes as hard with him as when an Alpine climber slips in mounting the steep moraine of a glacier. Down he goes to the bottom with a smash.

Hon. Warner Miller addressed immense multitudes of people at Middletown yesterday afternoon and at Newburg in the evening. Col. Grant, the nominee for lieutenant governor, was with him at both places and made a few remarks. These were among the most largely attended gatherings thus far, on either side, of the state campaign. Governor Hill, having braved the foreign soil of New Jersey speaking at Elizabeth last night the democratic interest in this state are vociferously attended from the deck of the governor's campaign canal boat. The time tables of the canal boat and of the United States government were so arranged that both should strike Syracuse last evening; the result was a political speech by the secretary of the treasury. It was not in illustration of the civil service reform policy of the administration, that United States officers must not be active partisans, because public office is a public trust, and so forth, but it was in the direction of excusing the secretary's loaning to banks sixty million dollars without interest, of the government's money, and defending his policy of buying bonds. It was a big meeting, saturated with enthusiasm and reeking with confidence, as will be perceived by a report of it in the news columns. There was also a great assemblage on the grounds of Hon. Levi P. Morton, near the Hudson river, and Mr. Morton made a speech which also is reported.

The only matter of interest in the house of representatives yesterday afternoon, after the close of the report for the evening papers, was a discussion as to the influences that led to the high duty placed on sugar in the Mills tariff reduction bill. Republicans again charged that it was owing to a visit to the Mills committee by Mr. Havemeyer, president of the sugar trust, and the democrats denied it. The facts established by the discussion appear to be, that although Mr. Havemeyer was not present at a formal meeting of the committee, he was in the committee room at one time when three democratic and one republican member were there; he spread upon the table specimens of different grades and colors of sugar, made explanations and a statement, such as were probably in the interest of the sugar trust, and that the bill as originally drawn, making the line of distinction at No. 16, Dutch standard, was so changed as to mark it at No. 13 Dutch standard. Mr. Breckinridge, a democratic member of the committee, thereupon asserted that this change was made before Mr. Havemeyer's visit; this was neither confirmed nor denied by the other members, their memories not seeming to be clear on that point. The one important fact that was made clear in this discussion is, that whether the committee did it consciously or unconsciously for the visit of Mr. Havemeyer, the Mills bill was changed by the committee so that its effect is in the interest of the sugar trust and the southern sugar industry.

It is a good sign to see a presidential nominee so generally honored and beloved by his fellow townsmen as to make it difficult to get up much of a demonstration among them for his adversary. The grandest and most tremendous political gathering ever known in Indiana was at Gen. Harrison's home, a few days ago. His political opponents—mostly in other states—were to have theirs there later, but how much later no one seems to know. Gov. Hill's visit to Indianapolis was so inconsequential as to be recalled by very few readers of the news. Mr. Thurman reached Indianapolis last evening, and is to remain at a hotel there till Saturday; but no intimation comes that any attempt at a "blow out" is to be made while he is in the city. All that comes from Indianapolis, up to three o'clock today, is this: "The judge will remain here quietly at the Grand hotel until Saturday morning, when he will go to Brazil to close his Indiana campaign. No speech will be made in this city, no hall of sufficient size being obtainable." That sounds rather queer. How do they know that none of the halls are large enough, till they try one? Maybe there would be plenty of room. It looks as if some republican wag had got in his work on the associated press, in that despatch. Mr. Blaine spoke outdoors when he was there; is outdoors any smaller, around Indianapolis, than it was a week before last?

SECOND EDITION

FOUR O'CLOCK P. M.

Associated Press Special Wire.

CANAL BOAT POLITICS

Secretary Fairchild and Gov. Hill's Electioneering The Host at Rochester.

From this morning's Syracuse Standard.

The tow boat Thomas Jefferson arrived in port at 8 o'clock last evening. A crowd had assembled around the packet dock to witness its approach, and from the appearance of the populace it appeared that a magnificent man of war or at least a beautiful Venetian gondola was expected.

"Why, it's only an old canal boat," ejaculated everybody to his neighbor. A feeble yell, such as might have been made by the united exercises of 10 school girls, rent the air as the staunch old vessel ploughed its way to the mooring post in the packet basin. The boat was prettily decorated with Chinese lanterns and things. A brass band of four pieces poured diluted melody over the crowd.

Congressman C. R. Breckinridge, of Arkansas, was not a passenger, having been called suddenly home to protect himself from defeat as a candidate for re-election. J. S. Carroll and other saloonkeepers in the vicinity gorgeously illuminated their places of business with lanterns and red fire, and the proximity of a number of bars encouraged the faithful to indulge in a good old democratic jubilee.

Charles S. Fairchild, secretary of the treasury, had been secured to take the place of Congressman Breckinridge. He was the lion of the occasion, but the local party leaders made an unfortunate mistake, which they realized thoroughly, when it was too late, in permitting young Chase of Albany to precede the cabinet minister. "Oh, Lord! will he ever stop?" was the silent cry of the county committeemen and the entire audience, after Mr. Chase had spoken for two hours and still seemed to be as fresh as when he began.

Mr. Chase closed his long and tiresome speech at last with a defense of Governor Hill, whom he lauded as the ablest statesman and most brilliant governor New York has yet produced. At the end of Mr. Chase's effort a large part of the audience were so thoroughly worn out that they got up and left, seriously disturbing Secretary Fairchild's opening remarks. The secretary took out his watch and said it was a quarter past 10. But, he said, he and President Cleveland frequently sat up until the small hours of the morning engaged in affairs of state, trying to serve the people of this great country; and the speaker thought it was not asking too much for this audience to sit up a little while after 10 o'clock studying the great issues.

Mr. Fairchild said all he wanted was for the people to lay aside their party prejudices and study the questions of the hour fairly and intelligently. The republicans might be right, but those who are defending protection are directly interested in the benefits of a high tariff. Their judgment may possibly be warped. Certainly he himself, and President Cleveland, and Congressman Mills, and Congressman Breckinridge, and Allen G. Thurman, had no interest one way or the other except as patriots interested in the welfare of the whole people as opposed to a few. Secretary Fairchild then said he would talk about the surplus. By him, he said, this surplus was handled and cared for. By him a portion of it was deposited in the national banks, an act which had so incensed Mr. Blaine.

The secretary then exhibited a light green sheet of paper, and continued in substance:

"I hold in my hand a daily statement of the condition of the treasury. A paper like this is laid on my desk every morning, or mailed to me. It shows all the assets and liabilities of the government. On that day 40 millions were deposited in national banks. It shows a gross surplus on hand of $97,000,000. Now if this surplus accumulates and money is withdrawn from circulation, it cannot find its way into the farmers' hands, and a stringent money market such as began in 1873 and lasted until 1880 is the result. My endeavor is to prevent such a stringency. There are two ways open to me. One is to deposit money in the national banks, taking United States bonds as security, and the other is to buy up bonds at a premium. Until our doubtful powers to purchase bonds in this way could be determined by congress, I thought it advisable to increase the deposits in the banks, and thus afford an outlet into general circulation. Blaine in a very recent speech has charged that I had no warrant to do this, but I have shown that I have abundant authority, and the same thing has been practiced by republican secretaries of the treasury.

"Blaine charged that the banks were deriving an enormous profit from these deposits—five per cent, he says, or $50,000 on a million. I showed the other day in New York that this could not be possible, that instead of $50,000 the profit could not be more than $5,500."

Secretary Fairchild then argued that the bondholders wouldn't offer their bonds for sale except at an excessive premium. When he stopped buying the four per cents, they fell from $1.29 to $1.26.

Honoring Frederick's Memory.

BERLIN, Oct. 18.—The municipal authorities today presented to Empress Frederick an address stating that in grateful recognition of Emperor Frederick's efforts to develop the capital of the empire, the people desired to found an institute to perpetuate his memory, and that £25,000 would be granted for this purpose. The precise objects of the proposed institute would be left to the discretion of the empress, the noble partner of Emperor Frederick in his efforts for the people's welfare and enlightenment, and they were confident that she would feel fitted to carry out the emperor's wishes. The empress appeared deeply moved, and expressed her heartfelt thanks, and said that she would do her utmost to make the institute useful.

News Notes.

The American Dairy Salt company, of Syracuse, has been placed in the hands of a receiver. The president, Geo. F. Comstock, was appointed receiver on the application of the attorney-general.

The Henry D. Purroy association, which is mainly composed of former members of the county democracy, has endorsed the Tammany county ticket.

Twenty-nine new cases of yellow fever and one death were reported at Jacksonville yesterday; four new cases and two deaths at Decatur, Ala., and none anywhere else, so far as known.

The new vault at the treasury contains $95,000,000 in standard silver dollars, the weight of which is 700 tons. The money all came from Philadelphia and New Orleans and is not quite one fourth the amount which is to be stored in the vault.

The wedding of Hon. Henry Pierce, chancellor of the university of the state of New York, to Mrs. F. D. Holt, eldest daughter of the late George W. Eaton, late president of Madison university, was performed yesterday at Hamilton, Madison county, by President Dodge of Madison university.

Sir John A. Macdonald in a speech at Ottawa last night said there was no danger of a war between Canada and the United States. He felt hopeful of a settlement of the fishery question. Canada is in a critical period, he continued, and must be cool. If a new treaty can not be negotiated Canada will revert to the treaty of 1878, whose interpretation she is willing to submit to.

William Connell, of Scranton, has been appointed by the Lehigh Valley railroad company to make an amicable settlement with the persons representing the relatives and the friends of those killed or injured at the Mud Run disaster. Mr. Connell has power to adjust all claims. Each one will be seen separately and given full opportunity to state their grievances and present claims.

How to Select a Wife.

Good health, good morals, good sense and good temper, are the four essentials for a good wife. These are the indispensables. After them come the minor advantages of good looks, accomplishments, family position, etc. With the first four, married life will be comfortable and happy. Lacking either it will be more or less degree a failure. Upon good health depends largely good temper and good looks, and to some extent good sense also, as the best mind must be affected more or less by the weaknesses and whims attendant on frail health. Young man, if your wife is falling into a state of invalidism, first of all things try to restore her health. If she is troubled with debilitating female weakness, buy Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It will cure her.

Longtin & York have reduced the price of Tulip soap and are now selling five bars of that famous soap for 25 cents.

Just think of it, five bars of the famous Tulip soap for 25 cents at Griffith & Hubbard's.

Window Glass.

Any size cut to order at Rice's drug store. Glass of all sizes lowest prices, at Rice's.

FOREIGN.

The Day's General Collection of News from Distant Lands.

ATHENS, Oct. 18.—Railway traffic throughout the country is impeded by heavy floods. The Megaran plain has been converted into a lake, and the railroads on both sides of Megara have been destroyed for a distance of twelve miles.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The circulation of the newspapers Estafette, Paye, Intransigeant, Patrie, Telegraphe and Voltaire, has been prohibited in Alsace-Lorraine, and the circulation of the other French papers has been restricted.

BERLIN, Oct. 18.—Meetings in memory of Emperor Frederick were held in fifteen towns yesterday. The palace in Unter den Linden was draped with crape and decorated with wreaths.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.—The government proposes to maintain garrisons at Gnatong and Sikkim during the winter.

BELFAST, Oct. 19.—Lord Hartington was tendered a banquet here last night. There was a large number of persons present and much enthusiasm. Lord Hartington reviewed the Irish question. He denied that the conditions he laid down prevented a constructive policy on the part of the unionists.

MADRID, Oct. 19.—The Dia confirms the report that Emperor William intends to visit Madrid and Lisbon. The date of the visit has not been fixed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 19.—Prince Dolgorouki, Russian minister to Persia, and Gen. Rosenbach, governor of Turkestan, have been summoned to attend a council to consider reforms in the administration of Turkestan. Gen. Prjevalsky has left Tashkend with the intention of exploring Thibet and visiting Hassa.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A London dispatch to the Sun says that everybody in town was startled yesterday afternoon by a great loss which Scotland Yard sustained, and all wires connecting detective headquarters with the local stations of the vast city throbbed consecutively because Sir Charles Warren had lost his blood-hounds. In furtherance of their training to catch the Whitechapel murderer, the dogs were taken yesterday morning to a common in the suburbs, and there laid on scent after scent. When let loose on their last run they were lost sight of altogether. The men in charge were frantic; despite the closest search the dogs have not been found.

ROME, Oct. 19.—Emperor William visited the parade ground at an early hour this morning, where he witnessed the maneuvers of a battalion of Bersaglieri. A banquet was given last night in honor of the emperor. Gen. Pelloux, commander of the Alpine division of the Italian army, made a speech in which he said the watchword of that division is, "No passage this way." He expressed the hope that the frontier would not be attacked, but said if it should be, the Italian troops would defend it unflinchingly.

A HAILSTORM.

The Lake Michigan Region Swept by Gale, Hail, Rain, Thunder and Lightning.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—A severe hail storm passed over this section of the country last evening, the hail lasting about 15 minutes. The weather had been threatening all day. Sharp flashes of lightning and heavy thunder-bolts preceded the storm, and the fall of hail was a great surprise. The storm caused much discomfort and damage. The big hail stones shattered street lamps, and here and there crashed through skylights in office buildings. Many hothouses were damaged. The worst feature of the storm was the effect it had on horses. No less than five runaways tore through Fifth avenue within five minutes, and there were a number of smash-ups elsewhere. A runaway collided with a Wabash avenue car at Madison street, frightening the passengers badly. All the lights at the waterworks crib were smashed except the big one, and the waves driven by the terrific wind sent the spray to the top of the tower. The rainfall amounted to almost an inch. A house in the southern part of the city was struck by lightning and burned. On the lake the squall was terrific, but it passed without disasters off this port.

MEN DROWNED ON THE LAKE.

RACINE, Wis., Oct. 19.—A severe southeast gale prevailed all yesterday afternoon, accompanied by thunder, lightning and rain. On the lake, sailors say, it was the most severe in years and much damage to shipping resulted in this vicinity. A sloop was lost six miles south of here, and Dan Sullivan, a cook, and James Olsen, a stevedore, were drowned.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The stock market was more active at the opening this morning than on any previous day this week, and prices as compared with last evening's figures were strong, the gains extending to ½ per cent. The trading for half an hour was quite active, although it was principally confined to a few leading stocks, of which Union Pacific was again the special feature, followed by Richmond & West Point, New England, Missouri Pacific and St. Paul, while the general list was quiet to dull.

Union Pacific rapidly advanced 1½ per cent on a very large business, carrying the rest of the list with it, although the gains in the others were from ⅛ to ½ per cent only except in Lake Erie and Western preferred, which rose ¾, and New England ⅝. The advance culminated at about 10:30, when prices reacted and many stocks were carried back again to the opening prices, but the market again rallied and advanced. At 11 o'clock the market was active and strong at about the highest prices reached.

Three Men Killed in a Caboose.

FREEPORT, ILL., Oct. 19.—A heavily loaded freight train on the Chicago, St. Paul & Kansas City railroad broke in two near here. An engine which was following struck the caboose of the regular, causing a bad wreck. Six men were in the caboose, and John Brown, a stockman of St. Paul, James Orr of Larimer, Minn., and Edward Bishop of Fairbanks, Minn., were killed. E. B. Smith, a merchant at Stockton, had his ankle crushed, and Frank Martin of St. Charles sustained internal injuries and was badly bruised. The trainmen escaped.

Hanged Without Trial.

BRAZORIA, TEXAS, Oct. 19.—A conflict between the whites and the negroes of Fort Bend and Brazoria counties is feared, on account of a lynching yesterday. Tuesday night Isaac Van Dorn was murdered by Nathaniel, a negro. Yesterday citizens from the surrounding country assembled and began a search for the murderer. He was captured in Wharton. His captors started with him to the Brazoria jail, and when five miles from Brazoria they were surrounded by a crowd, who wrested the prisoner from them and hanged him. The negroes are greatly wrought up over the occurrence and threats of retaliation are made.

The Question in Canada.

OTTAWA, Oct. 19.—J. A. Chapleau, secretary of state, was banqueted here last night by the workingmen's conservative association. He reiterated the idea of annexation to the United States, and said that true Englishmen and true French-Canadians would never permit it to take place. Canada was destined to build up a great nationality. He denied that he was trying to bully Americans.

Don't use any other soap when you can buy five bars of Tulip soap for 25 cents, at DeCant Bros. & Co's.

Be not of going dirty when Streiff & Meltzer will sell you five bars of Tulip soap for 25 cents.

Call and see our new cabinet [illegible] and other new styles, at Sanford & Bartlett's.

CROWDS VISIT MORTON.

Republicans Along the Hudson Gather at the Home of the Vice presidential Nominee.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Oct. 18.—There was an immense demonstration at Rhinecliff tonight, the occasion being a visit of various republican clubs to Hon. Levi P. Morton. Fully 5,000 people were present, clubs coming from Poughkeepsie, Kingston, Saugerties, Red Hook, Staatsburg, Barrytown and various other places along the river. A special train and boats carried a large number from Poughkeepsie. Arriving at the residence of Mr. Morton, the clubs were massed on the lawn on the north side of the house. Gen. Hasbrouck, of Rhinebeck, as chairman, welcomed the clubs and presented them to Mr. Morton in a neat and appropriate speech. After singing by a glee club, Mr. Morton spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman, Friends and Neighbors of Dutchess and Ulster counties:

Illuminated demonstrations of this magnitude are of rare occurrence in quiet country towns, and the surprise of the residents of Rhinebeck can, I think, only be compared to that of the red men of the forest when the pilgrim fathers landed on Plymouth Rock, or when Hendrik Hudson's boat made its first trip up the Hudson river. However, I have great pleasure in greeting with a cordial welcome, and beg to assure you of my grateful appreciation of the honor conferred upon me by your visit this evening. Beyond welcoming you here in the best terms at my command, I do not see that there is much to be said. You are all republicans and no argument is therefore needed either to convert you to those principles, or to strengthen your wavering faith in them, and it so happens that within the party there are no questions upon which republicans differ. There is nothing in our platform which calls for a guarded explanation or diplomatic excuse, and there are in our party no cliques or sections or factions. If, therefore, we have no politics to talk about this evening, we can at least felicitate ourselves and each other upon the harmony which preserves the republican party, and the element of strength which such unity of sentiment and purpose so clearly betokens. From the nomination made by the Dutchess county convention last Saturday, and those made by the state convention at Saratoga, there is no dissension, and the platform adopted by our state convention is supported in its entirety by all republicans. You probably know that the republicans of every other county in the state are working in as complete harmony as in this. With this harmony, this unanimity of sentiment and action, what is the result that we may reasonably expect to achieve at the polls? There are among you many who spent the flower of your youth in the battle for freedom, and you can practically estimate the value of the close compact of the masses when entering a conflict. Your experience will teach you that organizations such as the large number present tonight, are effective and powerful agencies in political campaigns. But, my friends, industrious and personal work is equally important. Only a few days remain for effective work before a verdict must be given, which will, in my judgment, have a far-reaching effect upon the future prosperity of the country. The absorbing question at this moment is, whether the verdict will favor the continuance of those principles of protection for which the republican party has always contended and which have placed this country at the head of industrial nations; with such complete harmony in our ranks, such unison in sentiment, in action and in expectation, we may await the verdict with confident assurance.

Speeches followed by Martin Hermance, of Rhinebeck, Mr. Clearwater of Rondout, and Prof. J. M. De Garmo. The streets of Rhinecliff and Mr. Morton's grounds were brilliantly illuminated, and there was a grand display of fireworks.

"News" from South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 19.—Lizzie Williams, wife of Randall Williams, a colored laborer on Dr. Wood's plantation, had been ill for a year, and Williams, as a last resort, consulted a Voodoo doctor. The doctor sent him to an alleged sorcerer in Edgefield county, who told him that by making a diligent search of his premises he would find the cause of his wife's trouble. The sorcerer gave him a minute description of what it was, and on his return home he searched but unsuccessfully for the charm.

Williams had, however, given Dr. Wood a description of the charm, and Dr. Wood, as a joke, hid away in Williams' house a "charm" of his own make. Williams found it the next day and it was the wonder of all the negroes in the neighborhood. Williams, by direction of the sorcerer, took the charm to the river, and approaching the water, walking backward, tossed it over his head into the current. Lizzie has since been improving and believes that she will be fully restored to health.

The State Bar Association.

ALBANY, Oct. 19.—The committee to make arrangements for the next annual meeting of the state bar association met, according to previous announcement, at the rooms of the association today. There was a full attendance of the members of the committee, and the meeting was interesting. An extensive program was adopted, subject to future consideration in regard to some of its features. The selection of ex-Judge Cooley, president of the interstate commission, of Michigan, to deliver the annual address, was unanimously approved.

The committee recommended several important and salutary changes in procedure of the next annual meeting, which, with the full program, will soon be published. The committee reports the association as being in an exceedingly prosperous condition.

An Exciting Crime.

WILKESBARRE, PA., Oct. 19.—A daring murder and robbery took place this morning a few miles from here, on the Wilkesbarre mountain. Two paymasters, John B. McClure and J. Flanigan, of Philadelphia, and their horse, were shot dead and $12,000 which was in their possession was taken by the murderers. The murdered men were on their way to pay the workmen on McFadden's new branch of the Lehigh Valley railroad between Mill Creek and Laurel Run. They were riding along in a buggy through a strip of woods to the place where the payments were to be made, when the highwaymen stepped out of the woods, and crying "halt," shot the horse dead and also both the paymasters. The money was in a box and was of gold and silver. The robbers fled at once, for parts unknown. The affair has caused great excitement here and all efforts are being made to capture the villains.

Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, Oct. 19.—Day calendar for Oct. 22: Nos. 54, 25, 13, 166, 65, 353, 50, 63.

Floods in Greece, the interdiction of French newspapers in Alsace Lorraine, the intention of the German emperor to visit the capitals of Spain and Portugal, the disappearance of the Whitechapel blood hounds and observance of the late Emperor Frederick's birthday, are about the only noteworthy items of foreign news today.

In the Aspen mine, at Aspen, Col., a cave has been struck thirty feet long and seventy feet long and seventy feet high. Lying on the wall is a bed of ore seven feet thick and averaging rich. Some of it runs as high as 4,000 ounces, and it will all average several hundred ounces.

C. S. Redfield, ex-treasurer of McVicker's Chicago theatre, who was near Bozeman, Montana, on a wash going east, took morphine with fatal effect. Mr. Redfield was widely known to the dramatic profession. He had been acting strangely for some time, and a few months ago took offense at some insignificant remark and resigned his position.

Joel Smith, one of the leading manufacturers and business men of Leominster, Mass., dropped dead last night. He had attended the firemen's parade and supper at the town hall, and had just completed a happy speech, remarking, "I must go now," and fell dead upon the floor. He was 79 years old. He twice represented the town in the legislature.

Decorating flags at the Grand Central Clothing House.

Try our A. C. Mather kid gloves with the new fastening at Sanford & Bartlett's.

THE OPEN SWITCH.

It Causes a Deadly Smash Up on the Baltimore and Ohio Road.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—The "cannon ball" express on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, which left Cincinnati last night, ran into an open switch near the Washington, Pa., depot, about 6:30 this morning, and was thrown over a trestle, a distance of ten feet. The train was running at a high rate of speed, and was almost completely wrecked.

The engineer, James Noonan, and a passenger named Newell, of Wheeling, were instantly killed and about twenty persons were injured, a number seriously. The list of wounded, as far as known at present, is:

Harry Brown, fireman, badly mangled, will die. James W. Batchelor, Pittsburg, unconscious, injuries very serious. W. S. Greer, Dodge City, Kansas, badly bruised about the side and head. Mrs. W. S. Greer, Dodge City, Kansas, spine injured. A. Brockman and wife, of New York, injuries believed not serious. Henry Murray, Bergertown, Pa., slightly hurt. H. W. Colwell, New York, bruised and cut. A. Forster, Chicago; A. L. Brown, Chicago; John Jones, residence unknown; C. W. Mathews, conductor of sleeper, badly bruised. Mrs. W. J. McConkey, injuries not serious. Mrs. Hannah McKenny of Ohio, slightly hurt. Stephen Collins, Pittsburg, head cut and body bruised. Mr. Filer, Allegheny City, leg broken. Baggage master Henry, Pittsburg, badly hurt.

A REPORT THAT MAKES IT WORSE.

A dispatch from Washington, Pa., says that the accident was caused by the train running into an open switch. The train was completely wrecked. It says that the engineer, fireman and two others were killed, and fifteen were injured. Among the seriously injured are Stephen Collins, superintendent of the Pittsburg postoffice and Capt. Batchelor, also of that city.

A PASSENGER'S STATEMENT.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—A special train with the passengers of the wrecked train has arrived in the city. Supt. Collins, of the Pittsburg postoffice, who was in the wreck, states that three of the injured—Fireman Brown, Baggagemaster Henry and a colored man named Hays, of Columbus, Ohio, will probably die. Three more are quite seriously injured, while the others sustained bruises and cuts.

"The train," said he, "was about an hour and a half late. We reached Washington at 6 o'clock. I was asleep in an upper berth; the first thing I knew, the car turned over and I was thrown across the aisle, receiving an ugly cut on the head and several body bruises.

"Soon as I could do so I made my way out of the car. It was the worst looking wreck I ever saw. The engine was demolished and cars were a mass of broken timbers. The engine tender, baggage car and sleeper had gone over the trestle and the day coach was hanging partly over. The people of the town broke the windows and extricated the passengers as speedily as possible.

In the cars the wildest confusion. The injured were conveyed to the Auld house where everything was done to alleviate their sufferings. Those who were able to do so came on to Pittsburg on the special. The train was filled to its utmost capacity, and it is a miracle that more were not killed.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Wright Sanford, a well-known club man and broker, died today at New York.

The democrats of Warren county have nominated F. McKee Wing for member of assembly.

The president this afternoon approved the general deficiency bill.

In New Jersey the Monmouth county grand jury, has found 86 indictments against gamblers and liquor dealers at Long Branch.

Robert H. Cowdrey, candidate of the united labor party for president of the United States, was sued here yesterday for a debt of $800.

Hollis Green, living in the Choctaw nation, was called to his door Tuesday night, and shot dead. Green was an important witness in a murder trial.

Bruce Dolbear, town marshal, while attempting to arrest Maggy Cowdrey, a well-known burglar, last night was fatally wounded by Cowdrey. Cowdrey escaped.

The republicans of the Louisiana first district have nominated C. B. Wilson for congress; he is a colored man of college education and acknowledged abilities.

Richard M. Oglesby, a comedian, and cousin of Governor Oglesby, was killed at Marrionville, Mo., yesterday. No particulars have been received.

Alonzo Grote, master of bridges on the Champlain division of the Delaware & Hudson railroad, and William A. Barron, were drowned in the Hudson river near Troy this morning, by the capsizing of a skiff.

Lelia Farrell, a dashing soubrette, who recently sought the aid of the courts to recover from Nat. Goodwin golden coins for a wounded heart, has settled the case with Mr. Goodwin and it will be dropped. His marriage, at Chicago, to a divorced woman, has been announced.

In the convention of locomotive engineers at Richmond, Va., Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts, of New York, spoke in behalf of a Sunday rest bill, to forbid traffic by the government or the people on Sunday; he presented a petition to congress upon the subject, which was approved, with great applause.

The case of Mr. Dunleavy (nationalist) editor of the Clare Independent, who was arrested on the charge of stealing a watch, came up for a hearing at Limerick, Ireland, today, and the charge was dismissed. The magistrate said that Mr. Dunleavy left the court without a stain upon his character.

John Finucane, member of parliament for East Limerick, Ireland, will bring a suit against the Times for libel, for stating that in a speech he advised the farriers in Ireland not to refuse to shoe the "grabbers'" horses, but to shoe them and drive the nails into the quick.

Joseph Lowenstein, a grocer, was shot last evening at St. Joseph, Mo., by James Ford. Ford offered to bet $10 with a stranger and Lowenstein was given the stakes. The two men then left the place; Ford came back in a few minutes and asked Lowenstein to hand him his money, and upon refusal shot him down.

W. F. Fritts, treasurer of the Bernstown school district, in Minnesota, was waylaid at night by four highwaymen, who pulled him from his buggy, beat him and robbed him of a money belt containing over $8,000 in school funds. The previous treasurer was robbed in the same manner six years ago.

A clergyman named Keith and Joseph Garrett, a farmer, got into a dispute at Walnut, Ark. Keith is principal of the public school, and the difficulty arose over his policy of conducting it. Garrett made an assault on Keith, who defended himself with a knife and stabbed Garrett several times, inflicting injuries from which he died.

Dress forms for draping dresses; Butterick's patterns are the most reliable; for sale at Sanford & Bartlett's.

We make a specialty of paint and kalsomine brushes. Prices lower than anywhere in the county at Homer H. Rice's.

The cheapest assortment of trimmed and untrimmed hats in the city, at Sanford & Bartlett's.

New stock Columbia Germantown, Spanish, Saxony and other wools at Sanford & Bartlett's.

—Teas, Coffee and Crockery. Cheap at the India Tea Store; all acknowledge it.

Take nobody's word for it, but come and buy the best 5c cigar in the city at L. Paddock's drug store.

A full line of paint, varnish and kalsomine brushes. Also the best mixed paint in the market, at L. Paddock's drug store.

New hosiery and gloves, at Sanford & Bartlett's.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The resolution authorizing the finance committee to continue hearings on the tariff bill during the recess of congress, was adopted.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Teller, in reference to the purchase of convict labor wagons for the Indian bureau, was withdrawn by him.

The committee on Indian affairs was authorized to continue during the recess, at Washington, the examination ordered by the last congress as to the condition of the Indian tribes on the reservations in Minnesota, Dakota and Montana. After a short executive session the senate adjourned.

House.

The journal having been read, Mr. Farquhar, of New York, objected to its approval, and called attention to the point of order raised by him yesterday, that the journal could not be read in the absence of a quorum.

The speaker held that, if before the reading of the journal, the gentleman had raised the point of no quorum, it would have been the duty of the chair to order a call of the roll. He also held that the house has control of the approval of the journal, and as there was objection, he would submit the question to the house; and in order to obviate any misunderstanding, he would also submit the question of approving Wednesday's journal.

Both journals were approved. After the transaction of some unimportant business, the house adjourned until tomorrow.

The W. C. T. U.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The fifteenth annual meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance union began today, in the Metropolitan opera house. About 400 delegates, representing every state in the Union, were in attendance. The inside of the building was decorated. The proceedings opened with devotional exercises, led by Mrs. S. M. J. Henry, of Illinois, chairman of the evangelistic board. In the boxes were quite a number of ladies and gentlemen. Among them were W. T. Wardell, General Clinton B. Fisk and family, Mrs. E. J. Demarest, Miss Lillie Devereux Blake, General Neal Dow and daughter, Mrs. Seymore and Miss Kate Field. It is said that Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Cynthia Leonard were also present.

The president, Miss Willard called the meeting to order and introduced Gen. Dow, who spoke briefly. Mrs. Monroe, of Xenia, Ohio, moved that all resolutions be referred to the committee on resolutions without being read.

Mrs. Foster, of Clinton, Iowa, a lady who is prominent in republican politics, offered an amendment providing that all protests and memorials be referred to the executive committee without reading.

Discussion followed, and Miss Willard made a stir by stating that she was aware there were some very interesting papers to be presented.

Trade delegates from Iowa, it is said, will offer a memorial asking that the W.C.T.U. shall declare that it will not have anything to do with politics. The amended resolution passed, 214 to 78. Mrs. Monroe was called to the chair and President Willard read her annual address.

Breaking the Lead Corner.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A small panic seized the operators upon the metal exchange this morning. For several days lead has commanded all the interest on the exchange, and it was evident to the knowing ones that a corner was gradually being manipulated. The senior member of the big Chicago metal firm of Nathan Corwith Co., one of the principal operators on the exchange here, has been buying up all the lead offered.

The announcement of the failure of Corwith & Co., in Chicago, was received with shouts of exultation by the bears today, and Mr. Corwith's absence from the floor at the opening of the market was generally remarked. The bull operators left New York for Chicago, last night.

The attendance on change today was the largest seen since the copper excitement, and over six hundred tons of lead changed hands on the first call. The bears had full swing, and for the third time this week made a raid on the market and succeeded in breaking the price of October from 5 cents to 4 cents. One hundred tons and five car loads were sold under the rule presumably for the account of Corwith. Attachments for nearly $800,000 have been taken out against the Chicago house.

A Surprise Party at Antwerp.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A cablegram from Antwerp announces that Adolph Sambolino, who swindled his employer David Spero, a feather importer, out of $20,000 was arrested there today on the arrival of the steamer Belgenland from New York. After Sambolino disappeared the detectives watched his wife, and when she took passage on the Belgenland, ten days ago, a detective started on La Bourgogne and got to Antwerp before Mrs. Sambolino arrived. Her husband was there to meet her, and was arrested by the detectives. In shadowing Mrs. Sambolino the detectives learned that she was intimate with a prominent young man in Brooklyn.

Magistrate (to base-ball umpire charged with being drunk and disorderly)—It is simply outrageous, young man, the condition in which you are brought before me. You are a disgrace to the National game. Umpire—Wh-a-at! Thought I'd fine you twenty-five (sic) dollars, judge. No back talk (sic) to me, or I'll fine you the limit.

He Became Reconciled, Too.—Tenderfoot (to Dakota hotel proprietor)—You say your charges are $3 per day without, or $4 per day with [illegible]. I think those rates are ridiculous and exorbitant. Proprietor (with one hand on a gun, and pointing out of window to [illegible])—[illegible] of gentlemen out there as held the same views at first, but they became reconciled.

The rabbits of Nevada are becoming dangerous. A ranchman named Watts was set upon by a rabbit the other day, knocked down, bitten in twenty-four places and left for dead. He steadily refused to admit that he was drunk and fell over a stone of rocks, and the rabbit will have to go.

An Explanation—Mrs. New Lover—"Sweetie, a friend of mine informs me that on last Wednesday evening, about eight o'clock, she met you walking in the park with my husband. Is this true?" Sweetie (indignantly)—"No, Madame! She is not true. It was on Tuesday evening about ten o'clock."

Umbrellas.

A fine line with silver and gold handles, at Gennet's.

For trunks and travelling bags go to Austin & Hadbrough's.

Honesty is the Best Policy

INCORPORATED MAY 1st 1877

With regard to human virtues, [illegible] Honesty is the Best Policy [illegible] Masonic Ben. Association of New York. [illegible] for $3.00 [illegible]

Reserve Fund [illegible]

For particulars [illegible] IRA W. STEWARD, Sec'y and Treas., [illegible] Broadway, N. Y.

AN AGENT WANTED IN THIS LOCALITY.

REAL ESTATE.

[illegible] houses and [illegible] building lots in this city. Also several fine farms, [illegible] other property. [illegible]

W. H. [illegible]

FARM NEWS AND MARKETS.

The Watertown Markets.

Office of Times and Reformer, Friday, Oct. 19, 1888.

There is considerable butter changing hands one way and another. The advance in New York has given the local market a little stronger tone.—Eggs remain in the same position as previously reported.—The potato market rules decidedly easy, and 30 cents appears to be the best cash price paid today.—Current quotations are as follows:

BUTTER.

Finest fresh creamery tubs	20 @25
Finest fresh made dairy	21 @
Prime to fair, old	16 @19
Common to prime, baker's grades	14 @16

EGGS.

Best fresh basket lots, each	20 @21
" " " in trade	20 @21
Crate lots, each	20 @21

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes	30@	Onions ₩ bush	—@75
Beans	[illegible]	Turnips	[illegible]
Cabbage ₩ head	5@		

LIVE MEATS.

Veals	[illegible]	Spring lambs	[illegible]
Fowls	[illegible]	Mutton	[illegible]
Turkeys	[illegible]	Spring chickens	7@8
Lamb, ₩ head	3.50@4.00		

DRESSED MEATS.

Beef	5.00@5.50	Pork	6.50@7.00
Cows	4.00@5.00	Lard	8.50@10.00
Mutton	[illegible]	Spring lambs	[illegible]
Veals, hog dressed	7@8	Fowls	[illegible]
Lambs	12@13	Turkeys	10@12
Chickens	10@—		

ROLLED FLOUR—WHOLESALE.

Fancy, extra white wheat per bbl	6.75@
Spring wheat patent, Minn., per bbl	7.25@
Winter wheat patent per bbl	7.00@
White Wheat per bbl	6.50@
Roller straight and Graham per bbl	6.25@
Corn meal, bolted, per bbl	3.00

FLOUR PER BARREL—RETAIL.

Fancy, 7.00; Minnesota and Anderson, 7.50; Farwell's Best, Herrick's Choice and Best Roller Patent 7.25; Model and Anchor 6.75; North Star, Daisy, Banner and Silk Edge 6.50; Reliance 4.75.

FLOUR PER SACK—RETAIL.

Fancy	1 90	Alma	2 10
Atlantic	2 1.	Herrick's Choice	2 00
Farwell's Best	2 00	North Star	1 70
Model	1 8.	Anchor	1 80
Minnehaha ₩ sack	2 1.	Daisy	1 70
Pillsbury's Best	2 1.	Charter Oak	1 8.
Johnson's Very Best	2 0.	Laurel	2 0.
Best Roller Patent	1 8.	Banner	1 70
Best Roller Fancy	1 8.	Silk Edge	1 70
Reliance	1 30		

FEED.

Corn and oats, per 100 lbs	1 30
Corn meal, unbolted, ₩ 100 lbs	1 30
Bran, ₩ 100 lbs	1 00
Middlings, ₩ 100 lbs	1 10@
Cracked and whole corn, ₩ 100 lbs	1 20
Oats, ₩ bushel	45
Screenings, ₩ 100 lbs	1 00
Pearl Barley feed per 100 lbs	1 25

BEANS.

Marrow, hand picked per bushel	2.00@
Mediums " "	1.75@

Latest from New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—(Special.)—Butter.—The opinion of the trade here is that butter has about touched top for the present, and in consequence are very moderate buyers for either present or future business. Under grades are receiving more attention. The latest quotations are as follows:

Creamery, State pails fancy	26 @27
Creamery, State tubs fancy	26 @27
Creamery, Western, fancy	26 @27
Creamery, prime	[illegible]
Creamery, good	20 @22
Creamery, fair	16 @17
State dairy tubs fancy	25 @—
State dairy tubs, good	22 @24
State dairy tubs, fair	17 @19
State dairy, Welsh, tubs, prime	23 @24
State dairy, Welsh, tubs, fair to good	17 @21

CHEESE.

The market remains in about the same condition as last reported, exporters standing back and showing no particular desire to do business, and home-trade buyers satisfied with small lots. Holders are very firm, nevertheless, and refuse to sell a pound of good cheese below 11 cents. Skim cheese are doing slightly better, with the best selling readily at 8½ cents. The stock of cheese in this city is generally considered very light. The latest quotations are as follows:

State factory fancy colored, Sept	10¾@11
State factory fancy white, Sept	10¾@11
State factory, good	[illegible]
State factory, medium grades	[illegible]
State factory, light skims, small	[illegible]
State factory, skims, large	[illegible]
State factory, medium	[illegible]
State factory, full skims	[illegible]
State flats, best	[illegible]
Ohio flats, ordinary	[illegible]

NOTE—Small sized state factory full-cream sell in job lots to the home trade at about usual average above regular quotations.

LIVERPOOL, [illegible] P. M.—[illegible] American colored 54s 0d and white 54s 0d firm.

RECEIPTS AND EXPORTS.

Following are the receipts and exports at this port from Monday to Friday, inclusive:

BUTTER.

Receipts—Packages		Exports—Pounds	
Monday	4,641	Monday	68,867
Tuesday	6,480	Tuesday	30,138
Wednesday	6,871	Wednesday	44,565
Thursday	4,445	Thursday	6,800
Friday	4,047	Friday	....
Totals	26,488		150,661

For the same time last week there were 26,145 packages received, and 126,097 pounds exported.

CHEESE.

Receipts—Boxes		Exports—Pounds	
Monday	3,715	Monday	149,380
Tuesday	10,587	Tuesday	39,440
Wednesday	7,680	Wednesday	408,441
Thursday	17,705	Thursday	....
Friday	10,789	Friday	....
Total	50,556		598,781

For the same time last week there were 68,845 boxes received, and 1,179,870 pounds exported.

VEAL CALVES.

Arrivals are moderate and the market rules steady at the following quotations:

Live veal calves, choice, per lb	7½@8
Live veal calves, fair to prime	[illegible]
Live veal calves, common to fair	[illegible]
Country dressed veal calves, extra	[illegible]
Country dressed veal calves, fair to good	[illegible]
Country dressed veal calves, poor to fair	[illegible]

POTATOES.

Receipts are moderate, but the trade complain of a light demand. The market is only barely steady at the following prices:

Potatoes, L. I. Rose, per bbl	1 75 @—
Potatoes, Jersey, Queen, per bbl	1 37 @1 50
Potatoes, State, Burbanks per 180 lb	1 50 @1 62
Potatoes, State, Rose & Hebron per 180	1 37 @1 50
Potatoes, Jersey, Peerless, per bbl	1 25 @1 37

Farmers' Institute.

J. S. Woodward has written Secretary Wilson in the matter of holding a farmers' institute in Watertown December 14th and 15th. In his letter Secretary Woodward says that if they can not get up a better institute than the last one, they had better not attempt such a meeting. Now, if a farmers' institute is to be held [illegible] it will be just what Mr. Woodward has a desire to make it. If he can furnish agricultural talent, that is, such men as took part in the first institute, men of practical agricultural education, men who are capable of standing up before the agriculturists of Jefferson county and teaching them something, then he can have a full house. This he unquestionably intends to do, but he should be given to understand, if he is not already aware of the fact, that Jefferson county contains some pretty good farmers, men who make farming in all its branches a study. The speakers should be men who understand the nature of our soil and climate, and who have the gift of expressing their knowledge and experience in a ready and off-hand manner. He asks if we can furnish local speakers. Certainly. These local speakers are to be used for a purpose, but not to absorb half a day or even fifteen minutes. The best man in the county should be selected for the local talent and be induced to serve. If Secretary Woodward will furnish good speakers the meeting can be made a most profitable one, otherwise it will be a failure. The last institute was a failure simply because the principal speakers failed to be present, and those present were the audience's inferiors.

Farm and Market Briefs.

Meeting of the northern cheese boards tomorrow afternoon.

Dr. G. D. Hewitt has eight acres of potatoes on his Copenhagen farm; the yield of which is 250 bushels to the acre.

Mr. L. H. White, grocer, West Bridge street, Oswego, has on exhibition a mammoth squash which measures five feet, one and a half inches in circumference, and weighs 82 pounds. It was raised near New Haven, Oswego county.

At the Ingersoll, Ont., cheese board Wednesday, there were 25,000 boxes of cheese offered, but no sales were made. Buyers offered 10 cents for fancy lots, but salesmen refused. The cheese are principally held in [illegible].

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

MONEY AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19, 1888.

The following table gives prices at 11 o'clock and the close today.

11 A. M.—Money on call at [illegible]. Governments firm. Railroad bonds dull. Stocks strong.

[illegible] P. M.—Money on call easy at [illegible]. Governments steady. Railroads quiet. Stocks weak.

[illegible] mercantile paper [illegible]. Sterling exchange steady; actual business [illegible] for 60 day bills, [illegible] for demand; posted rates [illegible].

	11 a.m.	Close.
Fours, reg	[illegible]	[illegible]
do coupons	[illegible]	[illegible]
Four and a half [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coupons	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Pac. 1sts	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie seconds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Northern Pac. firsts	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western Consols	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul Consols	[illegible]	[illegible]
Union Pac. firsts	[illegible]	[illegible]
West Shore bonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Adams Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alton & T. Haute	[illegible]	[illegible]
do pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
American Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Atlantic & Pac.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canada Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canada Southern	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Iowa	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ches. & Ohio	[illegible]	[illegible]
do 1st pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
do 2nd pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago & Alton	[illegible]	[illegible]
do pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi., Bur. & Quincy	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi. St. L. & Pac.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cin., Ham. & Dayton	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland & Col.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Consolidated Gas	[illegible]	[illegible]
Del. & Hud.	[illegible]	[illegible]
D. L. & W.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Den. & Rio Grande	[illegible]	[illegible]
East Tenn.	[illegible]	[illegible]
do 1st pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
do 2nd pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Wayne	[illegible]	[illegible]
Harlem	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hocking Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]
Houston & Tex.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Illinois Central	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ind. B. & Western	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kansas & Texas	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kingston & Pembroke	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lake Erie & W.	[illegible]	[illegible]
do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lake Shore	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville & Nash.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mem. & Char.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Michigan Cen.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mil., Lake S. & W.	[illegible]	[illegible]
do preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]
Min. & St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Missouri Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mobile & Ohio	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nash. & Chat.	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. J. Central	[illegible]	[illegible]
Norfolk & W. pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
Northern Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]
do pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
Northwestern	[illegible]	[illegible]
do pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ohio & Miss.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ont. & Western	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oregon Nav.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oregon Trans.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pittsburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pull. Palace Car Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Reading	[illegible]	[illegible]
Richmond & West Point	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rock Island	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. L. & San Fran.	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul, M. & M.	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul & Omaha	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]
Union Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wabash, St. L. & P.	[illegible]	[illegible]
do pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wells, Fargo & Co's Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western Union Tel.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wheeling & L. E.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Silver Certificates	[illegible]	[illegible]
American Cotton Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. & New England	[illegible]	[illegible]

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Cotton—Steady. [illegible]

Flour—Weak. [illegible]

[illegible]

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, October 19.—Wheat opened [illegible] higher. [illegible]

WHEAT.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CORN.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
OATS.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
PORK.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
LARD.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Live Stock Markets.

[illegible]

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, Oct. 19.—Wheat—[illegible]

[illegible]

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, Oct. 19.—Wheat—[illegible]

[illegible]

Toledo Market.

[illegible]

Oil City Market.

OIL CITY, Oct. 19.—[illegible]

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 19.—[illegible]

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19.—[illegible]

[illegible]