

The Union of Lakes, the Union of Lands, The Union of States none can sever, The Union of Hearts, the Union of Hands, The Flag of Our Union—Forever!

Chesterfield.

The Editor of the Gazette is pleased to exult over the result of town meeting in this town, but wherein he finds sources of exultation we cannot conceive. The town was never more decidedly whig than it is to-day.

Under all the circumstances, the democrats ought and expected to have achieved a signal victory. The result is that the town is most thoroughly whig, and the democrats know and feel it to be so.

Town Meetings.—Essex Co.

Chesterfield.—Whig ticket entire save Justice and Collector as follows:

Supervisor, Grove M. Harwood; Town Clerk, Harvey Carter; Justice Peace, R. S. Watson; Collector, J. Pemberton; Assessors, Herman O. Matthews, to fill vacancy, Joseph Beach; Commissioners of High Ways, Harris Page, to fill vacancy, Mrs. M. Finch; Overseers Poor, Carlisle Beaumont, Jonathan Snyder; Inspectors of Election, Dist. No. 1, George W. Fowler, A. D. Moore; Inspectors of Election, Dist. No. 2, Major B. Weston, Samuel Weston; Constables, John Pemberton, Joshua C. Finch, Roswell Graudy, Benjamin Miner, Gilbert Genett.

Crownpoint.—Whig ticket entire save Justice (Esqr. Fenon) and one Assessor (Mr. Allen). John C. Hammond, Supervisor; by 40 maj. Nobly done, Crownpoint. Thanks, thanks. John C. Hammond never takes the field in vain. He is a noble specimen of a man, and is justly appreciated by his neighbors.

Westport.—Whig ticket entire save one Overseer Poor, and Collector which was a tie as follows:

Supervisor, Ralph A. Loveland; Town Clerk, Hiram H. Downey; Justice of the Peace, Jason Branam; Collector, Harry N. Cole; Assessor, Archibald Patterson; Commissioner of Highways, Samuel Root; Overseers of the Poor, Peter Ferris, Luther Angier, Dem. Inspectors of Election, William P. Merriam, William McIntyre; Constables, Dennis B. Stacy, Harry N. Cole, Richard Brown, Ira Downey. "O. K."

Essex.—The following ticket was elected without opposition—a fact which speaks for itself.

Supervisor, William D. Ross; Town Clerk, Wesley G. Lyon; Justice Peace, Simon N. Wright; Spt. Common Schools, Palmer E. Havens; Assessors, Jerome B. North, John Hoskins, Jr.; Commissioner of Highways, James O. Riely; Overseers Poor, Samuel S. Allen, Lewis Cady; Inspector of Election Hiram Fancher; William H. Younger; Constables John Tucker, Jr. Robert A. Ferguson, Peter Chamberlain, Myron B. Johnson.

Morish.—The following ticket was declared elected:

Supervisor, Kinsly Sherman; Town Clerk, Jacob Tappan; Justices of the Peace, Philander Butler, 4 years, Rollin E. Warner, to fill vacancy; Collector, Dudley Everest; Assessor, William Huxton; Commissioner of Highways, Thomas Walton; Overseers of Poor, Charles Walton, Jedediah E. McKenzie; Inspectors of Election, 1st District, Fayette W. Crane, Fordice Dean; 2d District, Charles Sumner, Clark S. Rich; Constables, Dudley Everest, Charles W. Ensign, Maynard Kidder, Julius E. Pangborn, Willis E. Foster.

Our correspondent says the election of Supervisor will be contested on the following vote; (both whigs) Kinsly Sherman, 162

NORTH ELBA.—A union ticket—Daniel Ames, Democrat, a very worthy citizen, Supervisor.

KEENE.—U. D. Mibills, whig, Supervisor. We learn from this town that there were no nominations, but that on Tuesday morning the people assembled and proceeded to vote in pure democratic style.

WILMINGTON.—That old veteran whig, John Forbes, is elected Supervisor, together with a clean whig ticket. Charles Malbone, Justice, Walter Beach, Town Clerk, Geo. Weston, Collector.

JAY.—Whigs, Monroe Hall, Supervisor, Samuel West, Justice, Daniel Blish, Assessor, J. W. Buttrick, Commissioner Highways, W. B. White, Overseer Poor, A. K. Lewis, Collector, and two Constables. Democrats, E. H. Bartlett, Town Clerk, A. W. Piteber, Overseer Poor, and two Constables.

NORTH HUDSON.—Whig, Harry Farr, Supervisor.

LEWIS.—Whig for the first time in several years and now is whig all over—not a democratic town officer in that town. A. Wilder, Supervisor, A. A. Morse, Town Clerk, R. Morse and Joseph Boynton, Justices, O. G. Holcomb, Collector, &c., &c. This news was so good we read it over twice to be sure there was no mistake.—Hurrah!

WILLARD.—Daniel P. Putnam, whig Supervisor.

TICONDEROGA.—Wm. E. Calkins, whig Supervisor.

SCHROON.—Barton Baker, Dem.

ST. ARMAND.—Wm. Galusha, whig.

THE COUNTY.—As far as heard from stands—whig 13, dem. 3. Two towns to hear from, and if they come in as they did last year, the board will stand whig, 15, dem. 3.

CLINTON COUNTY.—Ausable.—Democratic, save Town Clerk. But for the divisions and indifference of whigs this would be a whig town.

PERU.—Whig by majorities varying from 15 to 43, save Supervisor, which is dem. by 13 majority.

PLATTSBURGH.—License; the question was license or no license.

BLACK BROOK.—"John Rogers and free plank roads." We hope for better days for the faithful little band of whigs in that town; when their days of "bondage" will have ended. Subject as they have been to the "one man power" we admire their courage and their party fidelity.

Martin Finch.

This gentleman having served the people of Chesterfield for seven years in the capacity of Supervisor, deemed it his duty to decline a re-nomination. He has been a faithful and useful officer, and is justly appreciated by the people who have so constantly manifested their confidence in his integrity and ability, and would gladly have continued him in service. It is worthy of special note that his success is owing, not to trick or artifice, or any unusual mode of electioneering, but to modest and unassuming worth alone.

In Mr. Hanwood, however, the people of this town have a worthy successor to Mr. Finch.

"WHICH KING?"—The Editor of the Gazette hardly knows whether he is on foot or horseback. His paper this week is a regular milk and water concern, and spreads the "soft soap" right and left without stint. Last week he was down on the bunners "like a thousand of brick," but this week he takes it all back by saying "he didn't mean anything." If his bread don't fall with the buttered side up it won't be his fault, but if it should fall butter side down—"what a fall my countrymen!"

Three sickle cut also, as oft before, a prominent effort to make his folks believe he is a martyr to whig persecution. This playing "baby" and anon blustering of fierce encounters, denotes a feminine and craven soul utterly void of honorable notions.

ABSENCE OF MIND.—An old lady sleeping during Divine service in a church in Liverpool, let fall her Bible, with clasps to it; and the noise partly waking her, exclaimed aloud—

"What, you have broken another jug, you slut, have you?"

A similar anecdote is related of a worthy Deacon living within a hundred miles of Keeseville. It was in the "olden time" when logs were floated over the rapids of the Ausable. With others, the deacon had been busy during the week, and on Sunday, "in ed nature's sweet restorer—balmly sleep" overtook him in Church. Suddenly starting in his sleep, he exclaimed aloud, "my log—my log, Sir!"

THE COLLECTOR ELECT.—Democrats are free to express their regrets that they had not nominated a man better qualified to discharge the duties of the office, affording a remarkable commentary upon editorial notices of "worthy adopted citizens." Humph! We do not know Mr. Pemberton, but we are informed he is well qualified for the station, and will disappoint his (professed) friends.

THE COUNTY SURVEY.—We are permitted to publish a large number of analysis, and an highly interesting extract from the forthcoming report of Mr. WATSON, in relation to the ruins on Crownpoint, all of which will appear next week.

AD. We call attention to the form for PZV compression, OCR, web-optimization

Northern New York.

While other portions of the State have received the aid and the bounty of the Legislature with an unsparring and liberal hand, to Northern New York has been doled out but a few thousand dollars, and that, apparently, more to silence clamor than to really favor this section of the State. We are pleased to notice, however, a gradual change in the public mind, and the time is not distant when the great value of this "Siberian Region" will become known and appreciated. We are led to a few remarks in consequence of an interesting article in the Albany Evening Journal of the 1st instant, on "The Rackett River Improvement," showing the result of the expenditure of an appropriation by the State of \$10,000. A large settlement has sprung up; a new town is to be organized, State lands find a sale to actual settlers, and lumber has been sent to market on which has been paid to the State treasury a toll of \$9000! These facts ought to satisfy the legislature of the wisdom of patronizing and aiding the developments of this great lumber and mineral region. Right in the centre of the State, almost, is an extensive territory, scarcely penetrated by civilization, yet possessing untold treasures in lumber, iron ore, and farming lands. Capital and enterprise await the lead of the State to open a way to this vast region. It is being penetrated from the North by "Rackett River," and from the East by the Ausable and Saranac, but obstacles are to be surmounted which can be overcome only by the great arm of the State. A few facts may not be out of place at this time:

As to business generally, it is once more restored to life and vigor, iron works are reviving, labor is in good demand, and our highways are thronged with teams employed by this return of business. Now is the time for the Legislature to lend its aid to direct this renewed enterprise into these western wilds, where it will add new towns, and new wealth to the State.

There is already a plank road from Port Kent to Franklin Falls, a little village on the confines of the vast western wilderness, distant from the Lake 30 miles. Beyond this point ordinary capital and enterprise are not able to penetrate. But Franklin Falls is a sample of hundreds of villages which would spring up with the aid of the State on spots now trod only by hunters and wild beasts.—We may mention that on the first day of June last, Franklin Falls was laid in ashes by a sweeping fire, which left not a roof standing. Now, there are thirty buildings, including dwellings, a public house, store, saw mills, schoolhouse, and the like. One sawmill, owned by Peter Comstock, to whose extraordinary energy this village, and plank road owe their existence, is capable of cutting 60,000 feet of lumber per day, and since the 3d day of June last has been re-built, and has saved 2 1/2 million feet of lumber besides all that for the 30 buildings composing the village.—An expenditure by the State of \$10,000, would in three years time build up many more such places as Franklin Falls still further west, opening a valuable lumber and mineral region adding to the wealth of the State, and creating business paying an annual revenue to the treasury. We invite the further attention of the Journal and other papers of influence to the subject.

The Lily.

We have added to our exchange list this little paper—neatly printed, ably conducted, and "devoted to the interests of woman." Published at Seneca Falls, N. Y. at fifty cents a year by Amelia Bloomer.—We make a quotation from the editorial correspondence, which "speaks for itself." "We are not a 'bloomer,' but obtained this exchange to keep myself posted on all the doings of the day. We shall quote from it occasionally for the special benefit of the ladies."

New York, Saturday evening, February 5th, 1853

The day has been one of clouds and rain, and the dark, dirty streets of this great city present an uninviting appearance. The first thing that attracted our attention was the costume of the ladies.—We have heard so much of the "immoclesity" of having a skirt cut off at the knee, or a little below, and a neat pair of trousers covering the lower limbs, worn in place of the dragging skirts, that we were quite surprised at the immodest and disgusting appearance of the ladies whom we saw in the streets here, to day. Why they think nothing of holding their dresses higher than the knee, and displaying drabbed and filthy petticoats which are truly shocking to the sight of one who is all unused to darning so much fish upon her garments. And yet, strange as it may appear, these city ladies, with their drabbed dresses, and dirty cotton skirts, (which may have been white when it came from the hands of the washerwoman, but which can make no pretensions to that color now,) are ready to laugh outright at our more tidy and comfortable dress—forgetting entirely their own immodest and filthy appearance. Oh! how proud these sights made us feel of our much loved attire, and how I pitied the slavish subserviency to fashion which leads the mass of women to sacrifice health, comfort, convenience and decency upon its altar!

Following is a list of the officers of Morning Sun Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Port Henry:

- J. C. Douglass, W. M. Ira C. Sprague, S. W. L. S. Conn, J. W. R. Whallon, Secretary. G. W. Lee, Treasurer. John B. Massey, S. D. James Douglass, 2d., J. D. Elisha Carpenter, Tiler.

We are indebted to Hon. valuable Legislative document Hon. Jas. Mesolehan for the Report for 1851, for which

An agreeable Surprise.

During the season of Valentines we took from the Post Office a sealed envelope of a most choice style, superscribed in a neat and beautiful hand, supposing it to be a Valentine, tho' our own age and condition forbade such a presumption. On opening, imagine our very agreeable surprise to find the following bit of sensible, and excellent poetry—far more sensible and creditable than the best of Valentines, though we would by no means restrict this amusement when confined to innocent communications. Did "circumstances" permit we should go into extacies over this rare and chaste chronography of this communication, but as it is, we can only refer to the subject, matter itself, every word of which we endorse.

The Editor's Fate.

Write! Write! Write! From early morning till late. And sometimes the livelong night; Ay, this is the editor's fate.

Write! Write! Write! Mid the village's noise, bustle, and haste; No rest for the hapless wight; He has to cater to public taste.

What matter if his brain be o'erwrought Till to madness it almost boil! He's the mainspring of public thought And must, therefore, incessantly toil.

His eye the whole earth has to scan, And bring all its doings to light; Whatever is transacted by man, 'Tis his duty to learn and to write.

He has the encroachments of power to restrain, The rights of the weak to defend, The cause of the oppressed to maintain, And a help to the needy to lend.

Yet though he must unceasing toil on— Though his moments of respite are few, There's a glorious prize to be won, And a heart-cheering object in view.

'Tis to spread knowledge and light Till liberty's banner, unfurled, Shall wave, in its glorious might, O'er a free and regenerate world.

Then write! write! write! Till man to his birthright's restored— Till the Pen's irresistible might Shall have triumphed o'er Cannon and Sword.

ODD FELLOWS' ANNIVERSARY.—The Second anniversary of the institution of Saranac Lodge in this place, was celebrated by the members on Tuesday last, the anniversary also of the birth of Washington. The public exercises consisted of a meeting at the Methodist Church, to which the citizens generally were invited, with Oration, Music, &c., The Church was filled to overflowing. The members of the Order present numbered between fifty and sixty, clothed with the rich regalia of the various offices and degrees.

The Oration, by James P. Sanders, of Peekskill, was a plain statement of the principles & objects of Odd Fellowship, & a defence of the Order against the numerous objections raised against secret societies.—We were particularly pleased that he did not make Odd Fellowship his religion and his God, or make Odd Fellows more righteous than all other men. He only set forth in plain language the claims of the Order to the public regard and esteem, and the benefits incident to membership, without invidiously comparing it with other Orders. He gave some statistics which may be interesting to many of our readers.

The present organization of the Order dates back from the city of Baltimore April 26, 1819, and has been continued without intermission from that date until the present. Upon the 19th of July, 1852, the number of Lodges in the U. S. was 2779, and the number of contributing members 193,238. In the State of New York at the same were 641 Lodges, with over 43,000 members. During the year previous there was paid for the relief of Brothers \$424,298, for burying the dead, \$173,452, and over \$11,000 for educating orphans of deceased members. In the State of New York in the same time 529 families were relieved by the appropriation from the funds of the Lodges, of \$91,479. Saranac Lodge, located at Plattburgh, was instituted Feb. 22, 1851, and now number about 70 members.

The address was well received, and will do much towards confirming the high respect already awarded to the Order and its members.

We cannot pass unnoticed the music on the occasion, which was by the choir of the Presbyterian Church in Beekmantown, under the direction of Mr. Merriam. For purity of tone, and in style of execution, the inhabitants of the city must yield the palm to our country friends. They received a unanimous and cordial vote of thanks for their visit and services.

At the conclusion of the public exercises, the Odd Fellows formed in order and repaired to Foquet's Hotel, where, in company with a few invited guests, they partook of a sumptuous supper, served up in the well known style of that excellent House. Various emblematic decorations adorned the room and table, the handicraft of young John D. Foquet, whose exquisite taste and skill are becoming well known and appreciated, and are best shown forth by his works. All present, whether of high or low degree in the Order, and even those uninitiated into the mysteries thereof seemed equally well skilled in the use of the knife and fork, and enjoyed the exercise immensely.

We have no room for a record of the numerous toasts—volunteered from all parts of the table, and can only say, in the language of a toast of one of the invited guests, that we concluded our visit impressed with the conviction that the members of Saranac Lodge are not only "Odd" fellows, but "Good" fellows. Long may they wave.—[Clinton Co. Whig.]

A QUESTION FOR LAWYERS.—TESTIMONY EXCLUDED.—In a recent case of manslaughter before the Court of Common Pleas at Worcester, Mass. Judge Merrick excluded the introduction by government, of the dying declaration of the man who was killed, on the ground of disbelief in a future state and in the existence of a God. The case was a charge of manslaughter against Pierce for causing the death of Joshua Toward. In consequence of the exclusion from the evidence of the declaration deceased, the District Attorney and the case, and the prisoner was

Before and After Election.



BEFORE.



AFTER.

"Our Artist" sent in the above to be used about the time of the late Presidential Election, but we could not find it in our heart to insert them at that time. The result of Town Meetings, however, are so fleeting, we let them go now, whoever they may hit.

Private.—We would not be invidious but the defeated dem. candidate for town clerk in Ausable as we saw him the morning after Election presented a striking resemblance to one of the above cuts.

Interesting California News—Suffering of the Miners.

CHESTERFIELD, Feb. 28th, 1853.

To the Editor of the Republican, DEAR SIR.—Since your last issue I have received a communication from my brother dated California, Eldorado Co., Cal., Jan. 8th—some items of which would undoubtedly interest many of your readers. At the date of his letter the rain had steadily fallen, in Eldorado Co., nearly two months. Much embarrassment was experienced among all classes in securing supplies of the most staple articles of food. The roads were in all directions next to impassable—four was 25 cts. per lb.—pork 50 cts—potatoes 20—and quite inferior board \$18 per week. By the arrival of a messenger, the evening before he wrote from the mountain mining region, one hundred miles North of Colulma, he learned that the snow had prevailed necessarily for many weeks, and had fallen in some inhabited localities to the unprecedented depth of twenty feet. The miners had not as heretofore, descended from the mountain gorges on the approach of the rainy season—the unceasing rain of the low lands, had been with them perpetual snow, and numbers of whole mining towns were upon the very borders of starvation; they were trying to support life by the use of Mule Meat and barley soup. Many noble fellows had perished in attempting to reach these districts, with small sacks of flour upon their backs—none carried more than twenty lbs.—some as few as ten, yet in several instances this small burden had exhausted them, and they had sunk down in the yielding snow, and none could help them. I will only add farther, friend Tarbell, that although my brother has himself experienced comparative prosperity, yet his oft repeated opinion respecting immigration to California on the part of his friends and acquaintances of this vicinity has been exposed in language like the following—"Give them my best wishes and tell them to stay at home." I am sir very respectfully yours, M. A. BARNES.

The Champlain Canal Enlargement.—The Troy Whig complains that the Northern Canal is wholly neglected by the Legislature, though productive and of increasing usefulness, and that the whole attention of the State is absorbed in the lateral Canals.

The construction of the ship canal uniting the waters of the St. Lawrence with those of Lake Champlain, it says, is by no means an exploded idea or an abandoned project. It is an enterprise in which our Canadian neighbors take a deep interest, and which has already received no inconsiderable attention. The magnitude and importance of a water channel through which vessels loaded at Chicago or any of the Lake ports, may float to tide water without breaking bulk, can scarcely be overestimated. The St. Lawrence and Champlain ship canal is entirely practicable, and of the practicability of the Champlain Canal enlargement to ship dimensions, there can be no doubt. This and the ship canal around Niagara Falls, which is agitated in the West, would be equally unacceptable to the people of Buffalo, and would cut down the revenues of the Erie Canal, enormously.—[Plattsburgh Republican.]

The South West.—We learn from the N. O. Commercial Bulletin that rail road connections between that city and Texas are in active progress.

Hon. J. BURNETT, made a speech on the "Perogatives of the Speaker" on the 14th when that subject was under discussion in consequence of the arbitrary arrest of a member, which we shall publish next week. It was one of the most elegant, dignified and logical speeches made on that occasion, and will add greatly to the reputation of the judge for learning and talent.

Died.

At the residence of Peter Comstock at Port Kent, on the 28th ult., Miss, Catherine Brewster, aged 41 years.

At Chesterfield, Feb. 28th, of Consumption, Emily A. Manchester, aged 19 years, and 2 months, daughter of Jas. and Adeline Manchester.

On the 27th ult., at her residence in Addison Vt. of Consumption Mrs. S. Mariett wife of Hiram Merrill, aged 24 years, daughter of the late Thomas Witherbee of Port Henry, N. Y.

Fair at Port Kent.

Ladies benevolent society

On Thursday, March 10th. Young men and maidens, other men and wives, all requested to attend. Old bachelors particularly invited!!

DISSOLUTION AND CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Co-Partnership of Ross, Low, & Co. in heretofore doing business at Essex and Willsborough has been this day dissolved and discontinued by mutual agreement. The business of said firm will be continued by a new co-partnership, this day entered into between the undersigned Ross, Low, & H. W. Putnam, under the firm and name of Ross, Low, & Putnam. HENRY H. ROSS, 2nd. WILLIAM H. LOW, JOHN S. GOULD. Dated Essex, Feb'y 24th, 1853. 461-5w

FOR SALE.

2764 ACRES in Township No. 8, old Military Tract Franklin Co. 412 acres in No. 9, Kellogg's Survey, 150 acres in Township 12 Great Tract No. 1, McComb's purchase. BENEDICT & WOOD. Glens Falls, Feb. 24th 1853. 461-3w

FARM FOR SALE.

ABOUT 1 1/2 miles from the village of Keeseville, containing 110 acres, beautifully situated, good soil, well watered, all necessary buildings, nearly new and in good repair, good orchard with grafted fruit, and wood enough for the use of the farm. If the purchaser wishes one half the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage from 10 to 20 years. WM. TAYLOR. Keeseville, March 3d, 1853. 461-4w

WANTED.

20 POUNDS Saffron for which Cash will be paid. I. A. HASBROUCK. Feb. 2th 1853. 461-4w

NOTICE.

WHEREAS my wife Hannah, has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation on my part, notice is hereby given forbidding all persons trusting or harboring her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date. EZEKIEL CHAPMAN. Black Brook, March 1st, 1853. 461

BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK. FRANK Freeman's Barber Shop. A new and deeply interesting story, written in a style similar to Uncle Tom's Cabin. The White Slave. Uncle Tom's Cabin, both bound and in pamphlet. Ike Marvill's Dream Life. Reveries of a Bachelor, &c., &c., Cabin and Parlor. Byron's, Willis, Heman's and other Poems. Mitchell's Lectures on Astronomy. Sold by I. A. HASBROUCK. Keeseville, March 1st, 1853. 461

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS John McDermid, then of Chesterfield, County of Essex and State of New York, by a certain Mortgage, dated December 18th, 1850, and with the power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Clerk of Essex County, in Vol. P. of Mortgages on pages 434, and 435, on the 21st day of December, 1850, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to secure the payment of fifty dollars and interest, did duly Mortgage to John McGuire of the second place, certain premises described in said mortgage as follows:—All those two certain building lots, lying and being in the village of Keeseville, County of Essex and State of New York. The first of said lots is bounded and described as follows: situated on the Port Kent Hill, in the said village, on a street to be known and designated as back street, and measuring on said street fifty five feet in front and the same in rear and extending back one hundred feet—to be known and designated as lot number (4).—The second of the aforesaid lots is situated also in the said village of Keeseville, on the street known and designated as McDermid street, to commence on the said street one hundred and fifty feet from the line of the Port Kent road and to be sixty feet in front on said street and run back to James McGuire's land be the said lots more or less. And whereas the said Mortgage was by an instrument in writing dated February 18th, 1853, duly assigned by the said John McGuire to Michael Keenan, Jr. of Chesterfield, Essex County. On which Mortgage there is claimed to be due at the time of the first publication of this notice, the sum of \$57.67. And default having been made in the payment of said \$57.67 and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the same, or any part thereof: now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction on the 23d day of May next at 10 o'clock A. M. at the Adirondac Hotel, in the village of Keeseville, Essex County. MICHAEL KEENAN, Jr. Assignee of Mortgagee. JOHN MCELROY, Atty. 460 13w Dated, Keeseville February 26th, 1853.

Forge for Sale.

An excellent location for the manufacture of iron, being near the Ausable Ore and where coal is easily obtained at the lowest prices. It is on the Ausable river in Jay, has two fires, and on the premises are eight dwellings, a Store, three good coal houses, and other conveniences. Terms easy. Also a quantity of timber lands near the forge. Apply to the subscriber. MONROE HALL. Jay, Feb. 17th 1853. 460-6w

BUTTER FOR SALE.

Large quantity of good dairy Butter bought in large and small packages of the finest quality for sale at BOYNTON & SMITH. Keeseville Jan. 27. 1853.