DR. GALLAGHER ARRIVES

Return of the Famous Irish-American Prisoner.

BROKEN IN BODY AND MIND.

Failed to Recognize His Friends, Except His Brother. Physician Has Hopes That He Will Eventually Gain Health and Reason.

NEW YORK, Sept 5.—Dr. Thomas Gallagher, who was liberated last week after serving 13 years penal servitude in Chatham and Portland prisons, arrived here on board the American liner St Paul. He was met at quarantine by a delegation of representatives of Irish societies in this country.

Among those who went aboard the St. Paul to greet the American doctor were: William Lyman, General James Oberne, D. V. Clancy, O'Meagher Condon, Patrick J. Byrnes, John Joyce, Captain McCrystall of the Sixty-ninth regiment and Father Bernard A. Brady and Lieutenant Colonel Duffy also of the Sixty-ninth regiment. In addition to these gentlemen, James Gallagher, who is a brother of the released man, also came aboard.

Dr. Gallagher recognized his brother at once, but he was in a very excitable mood and acted very strangely. Dr. Anthony McBride, who accompanied Dr. Gallagher across the ocean, would not permit any of the newspaper men to speak to his charge. It was painfully evident that the doctor's mental faculties were a total wreck.

When the members of the delegation of Irishmen were presented to him the doctor was unable to recognize any of them and ran away through the corridor, shouting incoherently. He was followed by two of the bedroom stewards, but before they grasped his arms he threw a handful of pennies through one of the porthole windows and shouted:

"I have got my fare over the ferry at any rate."

As soon as the attendants got him under control the doctor turned to them appealingly and said: "My God, is this the way an American citizen must be treated?"

He broke away from the attendants again, but they finally locked him up in room 317.

When asked as to the doctor's condition Dr. McBride said: "I have not examined Dr. Gallagher and cannot say whether he has suffered any bodily injury from his treatment in prison. He complained frequently that he was treated very harshly and said that three of his ribs were broken in Chatham prison. His general health is in a precarious condition, and mentally he is in a very delicate state. It will be necessary for him to have absolute quiet for fully 12 months, and then I am not quite sure that he will recover sufficiently to have the use of all his faculties.

"I never met the doctor until I was introduced to him on board the St. Paul at Southampton last Friday morning. He was liberated from Portland prison last Thursday week and Chief Warden White brought him to Winchester jail. Both of them remained there until Friday morning, when Warden White brought him to Southampton. I was notified by Mr. Hodson of the American embassy and requested to accompany him to this country. Mr. Hodson introduced me to him on board the St. Paul. He has been very erratic during the voyage, but all things considered, he has caused very little trouble aboard. The poor fellow has suffered a good deal, but I hope that with the care which will undoubtedly be given him by his friends here he will become physically and mentally strong in course of time."

As soon as the St. Paul reached her dock the doctor, accompanied by his physician and two intimate friends, drove from the pier to an uptown hotel, from whence he will probably be taken to a sanitarium today.

New Professor For Cornell.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The trustees of Cornell university have appointed Professor Nathaniel Schmidt as professor of Semetic languages and literature. Professor Schmidt will enter upon his duties at the opening of the fall term. Professor Schmidt was born in Hudaksvilla, Sweden, in 1862. He graduated at Skola in 1882, coming to America in 1884. He entered Hamilton Theological seminary at Hamilton, N. Y., graduating in 1887. In 1890 he was made full professor in the Hamilton seminary and Colgate university. Professor Schmidt is a member of the American Oriental society and secretary for Biblical literature and exegisis. He is familiar with all the Semetic languages and dialects, besides 24 other languages, many of which he speaks. The chair which Professor Schmidt is to fill is a new one founded by the munificence of Hon. Henry W. Sage, Cornell's great benefactor, whose previous gifts to the university amount to $1,200,000.

Revelation From Mrs. Parnell.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Sept. 5.—A letter has been received from Mrs. Delia T. S. Parnell, mother of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, by Justice of the Peace William Steele of this place in which Mrs. Parnell says she intends writing the story of the murderous assault made on her on April 18, 1896, while she was living at Ironsides in this place. Mrs Parnell says she knows the name of her assailant and she says she will make it public.

Unknown Man Found Dead.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Sept. 5.—The body of a well-dressed man was found lying in the bottom of a small rowboat in front of Mrs. Parnell's property at Ironsides. On the forehead there was a bruise which looked as if it might have been made by some blunt instrument. Many persons think the man was murdered, while others are of the opinion that he was struck by lightning. There was nothing on his person by which he could be identified.

Armenian Refugees at Marseilles.

MARSEILLES, Sept. 5.—The Armenian refugees who arrived here from Constantinople on board the steamship La Gironde, including among them the men who surrendered to Sir Edgar Vincent after participating in the attack upon the Ottoman bank, have been conveyed to a prison, pending their departure for New York.

Ex-Senator Foley Improving.

SARATOGA, Sept. 5.—Ex-State Senator John Foley who has been critically ill for five days exhibits signs of improvement.

BRYAN IS SATISFIED.

Believes Public Sentiment Is Veering Toward Free Silver.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—"I am perfectly satisfied with the result of my trip East," said Mr. Bryan, "and my observation is not based simply on impressions formed from the rostrum. To address people by the tens of thousands, as I have done since leaving Chicago, would naturally carry with it the impression that the audiences addressed were swayed by the utterances delivered. A speaker is apt to be carried away by such an idea.

"But when I say that I am satisfied with the result of my trip East I do not mean that my observations from the speaker's stand have led me to suppose that the large audiences whom I have addressed were carried away with the principles advocated as their applause would appear to indicate. My estimate is based on entirely different sources.

"People whom I have met and who have mingled with audiences at Democratic gatherings have voluntarily come forward to assure me that the sentiment was veering around toward the Democratic platform.

"I have taken occasion, after leaving the speaker's stand, to talk with men whom I have observed in the audience as on the doubtful seat, if I might so express myself, regarding the currency question. Such men have come to me afterward and expressed themselves as more than half convinced that the tenets of the Chicago platform were after all the truest in the popular interest.

"Others have come to me, men who even disagree with our party principles, and have assured me that the change in sentiment toward the free coinage of silver was something they had never seen the like of. Added to this, the approbation which every public speaker cannot fail to discern in the eyes of a sympathetic audience has convinced me that a large proportion of the people whom I have addressed have been impelled to applaud, not out of sympathy with the speaker, but out of approbation of the truth spoken. If a speaker be qualified to judge of the effect of his speeches on audiences, then I think that, without egotism, I may say the people whom I have met and addressed are far more enthusiastic in favor of free silver than they were when the campaign began."

John Sheehan's Indorsement.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The Commercial Advertiser says: "John C. Sheehan, the leader of Tammany Hall, in an interview indorsed the candidacy of Bryan and Sewall and the Chicago platform. What determined him, finally, he said, was the action of the Indianapolis convention in declaring for the single gold standard.

"'I am convinced,' he said, 'that the prosperity of this country can be restored by the adoption of the free coinage policy.'"

Another evening paper says a determined effort will be made to induce Richard Croker, who is expected to arrive in this city in a few weeks, to resume active leadership of Tammany Hall for the campaign and it is intimated that the effort may be successful. He is expected to announce his approval of the action of Tammany Hall in indorsing the Chicago ticket.

Ralphsnyder Rejects the Nomination.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., Sept. 5.—Hon. L. C. Ralphsnyder has declined the nomination for governor by the People's party. In his letter to the executive committee of the party he says:

"I regard the People's party as a potent factor in our state politics, and would have been pleased to have the suffrages of your party had I received the nomination for governor by the Democratic state convention of West Virginia. Having entered said convention as a free silver candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor, I am bound by the acts of said convention and must respectfully decline the nomination of the People's party tendered me by its notification committee."

Veterans Indorse McKinley.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 5.—A special reunion of the Fifth regiment New York Heavy Artillery, veteran volunteers, was held in connection with the encampment, the representation present being from New York, New Jersey, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, South Dakota and North Dakota.

Resolutions were adopted indorsing McKinley and Hobart.

Judge Ramsdell For Congress.

REED CITY, Mich., Sept. 5.—Judge J. G. Ramsdell of Traverse City was nominated for congress by the joint convention of Democrats, Silver men and Populists of the Eleventh district. The contest over candidates had lasted nearly all night. Judge Ramsdell had hitherto been a strong Republican leader, but disagreed with the party's present financial declarations.

Just as Bad.

Those men who destroy a healthful constitution of body by intemperance as manifestly kill themselves as those who hang or poison or drown themselves.—Selected.

President Continues Silent.

BUZZARDS BAY, Sept. 5.—The president persists in his determination, as previously asserted, to say nothing at this time in regard to the nominations made at the Indianapolis convention.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact — the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. all druggists. 25c.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Distinct Increase of Confidence Announced.

PURCHASES ON THE INCREASE.

Experienced Men Believe a Revival of Business Is Not Far Off. Slight Upward Turn In Prices. Transactions of the Past Week.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

There is a distinct increase of confidence, due largely to the continuing and heavy imports of gold, which have put an end to monetary anxiety, and also to political events, which are closely watched.

While it does not yet start more mills and factories than are closing for want of work, it crops out in heavy speculative purchases of pig iron, wool and some other materials, by experienced men, who believe that a revival of business is not far off, and for the first time in nearly two months a slight upward turn appears in prices of manufactured products.

The gain in confidence and in willingness to lend and invest gives reason to hope that the necessary replenishment of stocks, which cannot be long deferred, may be liberal enough to stimulate fair activity in trade and industry.

Wheat had suddenly risen a week ago, but reacted with better crop news until Thursday, when another advance came of 1 cent, making the net decline for the week of 1⅛ cents. Western receipts continued large, 5,316,706 bushels for the week, against 4,450,104 last year, making the increase since July about 12,000,000 or 53 per cent. Atlantic exports are also large. Flour included, 9,082,962 bushels against 11,315,645 last year, a gain of 69 per cent. Gloomy stories find little support in such returns.

Corn has touched at Chicago the lowest point ever touched, 20 cents in 1861, and has again broken all records here, declining to 26⅝ cents, at which it closed. Cotton fell to 7.87 cents, but with revival of confidence rose to 8.50, although the prospect is clearly more favorable than some weeks ago.

After many weeks of decline, so that the average of prices for iron and its products was the lowest since early last year, prices have started up a shade. Heavy speculative purchases of Bessemer at the West and of Southern iron here, the latter mainly by New Yorkers at $6.40 for No. 2 and $5.90 for grey forge, have so strengthened the market that Bessemer at Pittsburg commands $11.25 and grey forge $9.50. Tin is weaker, at 13.15 cents for September, bids at 10.87 cents are solicited for lake copper, while lead is a shade firmer at 2.72½ cents. The starting of some woolen goods which have been idle and accumulating orders for a short run is still balanced by the stopping of others, and the volume of orders does not increase. No gain as yet appears in demand or prices.

But a marked speculative buying of wool shows belief that prices will improve, and sales for the week were 4,377,600 pounds, of which only 555,700 were foreign, much over half the domestic sales being of Texas and Far Western states, at prices ranging from 7 to 8½ cents.

Cotton goods are growing stronger, more grades having advanced, and though sales are moderate, there are more buyers, indicating exhaustion of dealers' stocks. The decrease in production by the mills is slowly reducing the stocks unsold.

In women's grain and buff shoes many concerns have orders for 10 weeks ahead.

In raw silk a sharp decline has occurred, amounting to 14.7 per cent in August.

Failures for the week have been 334 in the United States, against 186 last year, and 31 in Canada against 38 last year.

Great Storm In Connecticut.

GREENWICH, Sept. 5.—Not for a great many years has this section been visited by a thunderstorm so furious as that which has passed over this place. For over two hours thunder and lightning were incessant, and the section of the town called Grand View was a sheet of flames throughout the storm. Half a dozen buildings were struck, and several persons were stunned by lightning bolts. The most serious damage done was the total destruction of the large new barn of ex-Representative Seaman Mead. The barn, with 60 tons of hay and one horse, was burned, causing a loss of $6,000.

Montana Bank Goes to the Wall.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Acting Comptroller Coffin has received a telegram from the vice president of the First National bank of Helena, Mont., saying that the bank was unable to meet the demands of depositors and hence they were compelled to close their doors. According to the report of July 14 last the bank had a capital of $500,000; surplus and profits, $200,000; liabilities to other banks, $[illegible]; to depositors, $[illegible]; bills payable, $125,000; total liabilities, $3,450,000.

Unknown Man Commits Suicide.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Sept. 5.—An unknown man dressed in deep black jumped overboard from the ferry boat Bergen while she was lying in her slip here. The man was fished out of the river unconscious by the deck hands and taken to St. Mary's hospital, where it was said he could not recover. There was nothing by which he could be identified.

Firemen's Parade at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, Sept. 5. — The parade of the Tri-County Firemen's association of Washington, Warren and Saratoga counties was participated in by 22 companies, with engines and hosecarts, accompanied by eight bands. Fifteen thousand people witnessed the parade. The procession was over a mile long. Field day contests were also held.

Brazil-Italy Trouble Passing.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Brazilian legation here has issued a note announcing that there is every indication of a peaceful and cordial solution of the difficulty which has arisen between Brazil and Italy regarding the claims of the latter country for indemnity as a result of the recent and past outrages in Brazil upon Italian subjects.

Krupp Buys a Shipyard.

BERLIN, Sept. 5 — Herr Krupp, the "iron king" of Essen has purchased the Germania shipbuilding works for 6,225,000 marks. The capacity of the plant will be increased considerably.

OWING TO THE SUCCESS OF THE GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY MANY IMITATORS HAVE SPRUNG UP, CLAIMING ALSO TO BE "SILVERSMITHS," WHEREAS WHAT THEY MANUFACTURE IS ONLY SOFT METAL, PLATED, SUCH AS IS ADVERTISED AND SOLD BY DRY GOODS STORES AS "SILVERWARE." TO AVOID MISTAKES THE PURCHASING PUBLIC HAVE ALWAYS AT ANY FIRST-CLASS JEWELER'S, THE

Gorham Trade-Mark

TO RELY UPON—AN ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE OF STERLING QUALITY.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores —Jewelers only.

GRAND ARMY ELECTIONS.

Sketch of Major Clarkson, Who Was Elected Commander-in-Chief.

ST. PAUL, Sept 5.—When nominations were declared in order in the Grand Army encampment, D. R. Ballou of Providence was nominated by his comrade, Spooner of this state. Judge M. L. Haywood of Nebraska presented the name of Major Thaddeus S. Clarkson of Omaha. The name of E. H. Hobson of Kentucky was offered by General Case of Tennessee; John K. Linehan of New Hampshire was brought forward by Daniel Coggswell of that state and Rear Admiral Meade was presented by a Dakota delegate.

Seconds for the nomination of Clarkson came quickly from all over the hall, but one of the first men up was Admiral Meade, who withdrew his own name.

It at once became evident that Major Clarkson would win, and all the other names were withdrawn and he was nominated by acclamation.

Major Clarkson was at once called to the stage and acknowledged the honor conferred on him in an eloquent speech.

General J. H. Mullan of Minnesota was elected senior vice commander-in-chief, having been designated for that honor by the department of Minnesota, the custom being to give the position to the state holding the encampment.

For junior vice commander-in-chief, the name of Albert E. Sholes of Georgia and Charles W. Buckley of Alabama were presented and the ballot resulted—Buckley 536, Sholes 241. For surgeon, General A. E. Johnson of the department of the Potomac was elected over Charles L. Boynton of Indiana.

Illinois had a candidate for chaplain-in-chief in Rev. C. F. Bunner of Chicago, but Rev. Mark D. Taylor of Massachusetts got more votes and was declared elected.

The council of administration was nominated by the various staffs and approved by the encampment.

After adopting a memorial on the duties of Past Commander-in-Chief Lucius Fairchild, the resolution thanking St. Paul for its great hospitality, the encampment adjourned.

Major Clarkson's Career.

Thaddeus Stevens Clarkson was born at Gettysburg, Pa., in 1840. He was educated three miles from the great battlefield of Antietam. He enlisted April 16, 1861—within two hours after the appearance of President Lincoln's call for 75,000 men for three months—in Company A, First Illinois artillery. He went to Cairo; served under General Grant; re-enlisted for the war July 16, 1861, was promoted Dec. 1, 1861, to adjutant of the Thirteenth Illinois cavalry; served with that regiment and on the staff of General John W. Davidson, participating in the battles with that commander on the march to Helena and Little Rock, Ark. He was assigned to command it during the Arkansas campaign. In August, 1863, he assisted in raising the Third Arkansas cavalry of Union white men of that state; was promoted to major and commanded the regiment until nearly the close of the war.

On Nov. 11, 1862, he was married to Mary Beecher Matterson and today has five children.

He came to Nebraska, settling in Omaha with his brother, the late Bishop Clarkson, in March, 1866, and has lived in the state for 30 years. He was postmaster of Omaha under President Harrison's administration.

Major Clarkson was on the executive committee of the national council of administration, G. A. R., for three consecutive years, was elected department commander of Nebraska by acclamation at the encampment in February in 1890. He has also been commander of the Loyal Legion of Nebraska.

Philadelphia Cricketers Beaten.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Eleven Philadelphia cricketers, all men of fine form at the bat, found themselves up against a demon bowler when the annual international match with Canada was begun at Manheim. His name is J. M. Laing; he hails from Toronto and he took six wickets in rapid succession for seven runs. It looked like a case of "follow on" for the locals, but the last two men up made a stand and came within the required limit of runs.

Canada batted first and was retired by Patterson and King for 87 runs in a little more than three hours. Laing and McGiverin trundled for the visitors and held the locals to 52, half of which was made on the final wicket.

Fusion Falls in West Virginia.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 5.—A special from Wheeling says: The state executive committee, Populists and Democrats, held a meeting in Clarksburg. The Populists repudiated all efforts to bring about fusion and withdrawing the name of I. C. Ralphsnyder they nominated Mat Ward Fitzgerald of Terra Alta for governor.

Franklin County Democrats.

MALONE, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The Franklin county Democratic convention, held in Malone, has nominated W. J. Miller of Malone, J. E. Brady of Moira and H. P. McKillip of Franklin, delegates to the state convention. William E. Smallmen was nominated for member of assembly.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

NEW YORK BISCUIT.

The Company Reorganized — Diamond Match Negotiations.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—At a meeting of the board of directors of New York Biscuit company, held at their offices in this city the resignation of George T. Smith as director, of J. H. Moore as director and second vice president, and of George P. Johnson as director and treasurer, were tendered and accepted. George R. Webster and James D. Mason were elected to fill the vacancies caused by the resignations of Messrs. Smith and Johnson.

George H. Webster, a former partner and representative of P. D. Armour, was elected treasurer.

The vacancy caused by the resignation of J. H. Moore will be filled later by a director to represent the interests of George M. Pullman.

The reorganization of the management of the Diamond Match company is awaiting the decision of Mr. Pullman, whom the new interests still hope to induce to become a director.

The reorganization of the management of the two companies is now generally understood to have been the result of a compromise.

The Moores will disappear entirely from the roster of the match company, although William H. may be counsel for the company.

In consideration of retiring without a fight from the match company, William H. is retained as president and director of of the biscuit company.

The directors of the biscuit company took no action regarding the dividend, although its declaration is due, if a dividend is to be paid in October.

Three Murderers Hanged.

PARIS, Tex., Sept. 5.—George L. Wheeler, white, was hanged here for the murder of Robert McCabe in the Chickasaw nation, June 12, 1895. Immediately after the removal of Wheeler's body the trap was again adjusted and Silas Lee and Hickman Freeland, the two negroes who murdered Ed T. Canady, Jeff Maddox, Paul Applegate and an unknown man on a shanty boat in the Red river on Nov. 13, 1895, were placed upon the gallows. All three of their necks were broken.

W. H. Baldwin For President.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5. — The executive committee of the directors of the Long Island Railroad company at a recent meeting unanimously voted to recommend to the directors of the road the name of W. H. Baldwin for president of the Long Island railroad and favorable action is expected at their meeting on Sept. 8.

SPORT ON THE DIAMOND.

Games of Eastern and National League Clubs—Other Notes.

The games of the Eastern and National League clubs yesterday resulted as follows:

At Rochester—Rochester, 3; Toronto, 2.

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 13; Syracuse, 7.

At Springfield—Springfield, 7; Providence, 6.

Second game—Springfield, 12; Providence, 3.

At Wilkes-Barre — Wilkes-Barre, 5; Scranton, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Washington—Washington, 17; Louisville, 3.

Second game—Washington, 6; Louisville, 5.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; Pittsburg, 3.

At Boston—Boston, 12; St. Louis, 8.

At Baltimore — Baltimore, 9; Chicago, 4.

Second game—Baltimore, 11; Chicago, 11.

At New York—New York, 15; Cincinnati, 5.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Cleveland, [illegible]

Bryan at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 5.—W. J. Bryan arrived in Milwaukee at 9:45 today and will be the guest of E. C. Wall of the Democratic national committee. At 2 p. m. he will appear at National park and address an open air meeting, making four speeches from as many sides of the pavillion. In the evening he will address a mass meeting at Schlitz park.

Joe Patchen's Fast Mile.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 5.—Joe Patchen, paced by a running horse, paced a very fast mile at the state fair races here. Patchen covered a mile over a slow track in 2:07½, less than all former records for a 2-lap track except his own of 2:05¼, made at Boston, Aug. 9. He broke on the first lap for 130 yards, losing about a second thereby. He will try for a record today.

ONLY ONE WAY

To Settle It—Get Down to Causes—A Utica, N. Y., Man Does So.

Everybody talks back nowadays.
The subject is serious.
A mistaken idea has cost thousands of lives.
Bad backs are so common.
You find them in every walk in life.
They are lame, weak or aching.
A burden by day, a torture at night.
Many remedies relieve, but don't cure.
The longer used, the less their effect.
Plasters and liniment help at first.
But don't reach the cause.
Only one way to do that.
That way is through the Kidneys.
The Kidneys are the blood filters.
K[illegible]
If clogged the back is affected.
The A B C of Kidney knowledge is,
Nine times out of ten
Back ache means Kidney ache.
Lame Back means Lame Kidneys.
Weak Back means Weak Kidneys.
Cure the Kidneys, thus cure the back.

HERE'S THE WAY IT'S DONE:

Mr. A. J. Peep, of 30 North Genesee St., Utica, N. Y., says:

"About two years ago I commenced to have a great deal of pain in my back, which gradually grew worse. The pains and aches of my back were sometimes so severe that when compelled to sit down it was only with great difficulty I could straighten up again. As I grew worse, bladder trouble set in, and my urine was almost the color of port wine, and would smart very much in passage. Nothing helped me until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, which I read about in the newspapers, and I am now well again through their agency. All pain has left my back and kidneys. The urine is perfectly clear, and all traces have left. I suffer no longer. Doan's Kidney Pills is a great medicine, and I wish the preparation every success it deserves."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents, mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

BANQUET TO EARL LI.

Entertained by His Old Friend, John W. Foster.

THE OLD VICEROY'S TOAST

Pays a Handsome Compliment to Mr. Foster and Has Many Kind Words For America — Program For the Next Few Days.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Li Hung Chang was entertained at dinner by ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster, the guests including three members of the cabinet, the commanding general of the army and several other notables in official life.

The dinner was given at the Arlington, three large parlors being used for the occasion. The decorations were of the most elaborate character, the long tables showing clusters of American beauty roses, yellow asters, Chinese asters and golden rod and ferns, thus combining the characteristic colors of the two countries.

The United States marine band was stationed in one of the parlors, and through the ingenuity of Conductor Fanciulli played Chinese as well as American airs while the dinner proceeded. The full list of guests were as follows:

Earl Li Hung, his excellency, Li Ching Tong, Lo Feng Fuh, Li Ching Lou (the viceroy's second son); Dr. Irwin, medical attendant; Dr. Mak, medical attendant; his excellency, Yang Yu, Chinese minister, Senor Romero, Mexican minister in Washington; Secretaries Carlisle, Lamont and Francis, Justice Harlan, Governor Lowndes of Maryland, General Miles, General Ruger, Assistant Secretary Rockhill, E. B. Drew (commissioner of Chinese customs); General J. H. Wilson and Dr. W. W. Johnson.

When dinner was announced Li Hung Chang was escorted on the arm of General Foster to the post of honor. To the right of the earl sat Secretary Carlisle and to his left Justice Harlan.

On Mr. Foster's right sat the Chinese minister, Mr. Yang Yu, and on his left Minister Romero of Mexico. The menu was simple but elegant, lacking, however, any dishes of distinct Chinese character. It was prepared by the American cooks.

The distinguished guest had taken his dinner before the event of the evening and partook very sparingly of what was before him and merely touched the champagne to his lips.

At the conclusion of the dinner, Mr. Foster made a few remarks, expressing the pleasure of the company at the visit of Li Hung Chang to the capital and other prominent cities and regretting that his public and urgent duties made his stay so short.

As he was about to undertake the resumption of his long journey across the continent and over the great ocean, the company heartily joined in wishing him a safe journey and a continued life of usefulness to his country and the whole world.

The viceroy responded as follows:

"In acknowledging the hospitality extended to me by my old friend, Hon. John W. Foster, I have to thank him for affording me an opportunity, before my departure from the capital of this country, to renew once more the sincere expression of my gratitude and thankfulness to the American government and citizens for the welcome and reception offered to me as representative of my august master, the Emperor of China and the personification of the Chinese empire.

"Since the establishment of our treaty relations there have always been evidences of good fellowship between our two countries, but all these evidences, I dare say, have been eclipsed by the cordiality and warmth displayed by the American government and citizens in welcoming and receiving my special mission.

"Though I regret that my time does not allow me to make a longer sojourn in this country, as I wish, in order to appreciate more fully the accomplishment and progress of the United States of America as a nation, I cannot help during my brief visit here to be struck and impressed by the liberty and freedom enjoyed by the people; by the welfare and prosperity in their agricultural, industrial and commercial pursuits; by the characteristics of their classical, historical, philosophical and poetical literature; by the manner of application of the scientific discoveries and inventions for promoting the happiness of mankind and their display of their artistic taste in the architecture of the public buildings, sculpture and paintings of historical figures and faces, which my old friend, Hon. John W. Foster, has been kind enough to show me.

"These impressions I will carry home, not only as augmentations to my store of knowledge of the fruits of Western modern civilization, but as the means of enlightening the millions I represent, facilitating the introduction of these very means and ends of civilizations into China and amalgamating the oldest civilization of the Far East with the most modern one of the extreme West.

"I have only a word to add, that Hon. John W. Foster in his manifold abilities, has to me rendered most valuable assistance in China's most critical moment. America, whether as a government or as individuals, is to China a friend in need, so she is to her a friend indeed. Gentlemen, I propose the toast to the friend of China—Hon. John W. Foster."

The dinner lasted probably an hour and after it was over the guests remained another hour in social conversation, Li Hung Chang afterwards going to his room and retiring for the night.

This morning a reception to the heads of the several bureaus of the various government departments and a visit to the treasury department are on the program, while in the afternoon it is the intention to take the viceroy to Mount Vernon, where he will place a wreath on the tomb of Washington.

Acrobat Lydell Must Die.

TORONTO, Sept. 5.—Ben Lydell, the acrobat, who met with an accident while performing at the exhibition, was taken to the hospital and an examination was made by physicians. They found that the spinal vertebrae had been fractured and his lower extremities paralyzed. He cannot live.

American Citizen to Be Tried.

HAVANA, Sept. 5.—Luis Sometilian, Sr., the American citizen who was arrested in July last on the charge of having rendered assistance to an insurgent expedition, will be tried here next week. The king's attorney will demand a sentence of imprisonment for life.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

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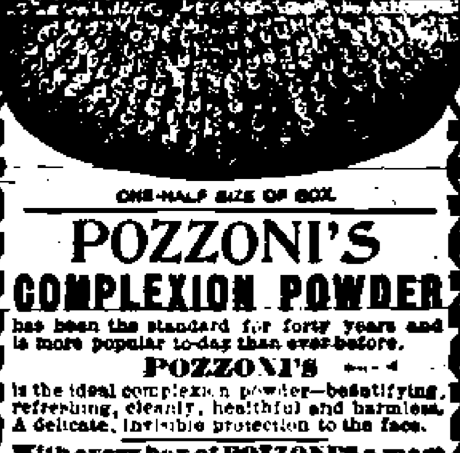

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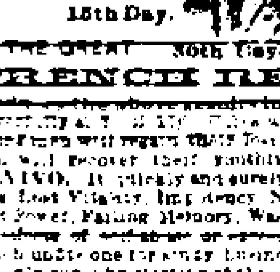

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