

# The Daily Palladium.

VOL. XXXVI—NO. 80.

OSWEGO, N. Y., TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 16, 1899.

ESTABLISHED 1819!

## GOVERNOR'S BILL

### Embodiment of His Ideas of a Franchise Tax.

#### DRAWN BY SECY YOUNG.

Will be Submitted to Republican Leaders and if it Can Not Be Passed as Extra Session Will Be Called and Ford Bill Signed.

ALBANY, May 16.—The bill embodying Governor Roosevelt's ideas upon the subject of a franchise tax has been drawn by Private Secretary William H. Young, who is a lawyer, assisted by legal adviser Lincoln. It is a product direct of the Executive Chamber, therefore, although it embraces as a principle, Senator Ford's bill.

It is being submitted to-day to Republican leaders, it being the Governor's idea not to call an extra session unless there be some chance of perfecting the Ford bill. If it is found that the bill as amended can not be passed, then the extra session will not be called and the Governor will sign the Ford bill.

The new bill amends the Tax Law by defining as real estate the franchises of transportation corporations. The local Boards of Assessors are to certify to the State Board of Tax Commissioners the names of corporations in their districts owning franchises, with a statement as to what taxes are now paid by such corporations. The State Board shall then fix an assessment on equity deducting from the total amount of tax any proportion of taxes levied and paid at present, so that the tax shall be equal upon all corporations in all localities.

The act shall take effect October 1st, 1899, which is the fiscal year 1900, and an appropriation is made of \$10,000 for the State Board to carry out the provisions of the act.

It is the general belief that the bill will be considered an improvement upon the crude bill at present in the Governor's hands, and that the extra session will be called and the bill passed.

The statement of the bill levied shall be sent to corporations affected and they may take an appeal to the State Board and such appeal may be taken under the usual process to the courts.

The local Assessors shall place in a sixth column the assessment of franchises and shall in the same manner as in other cases collect the tax. No proportion of the tax shall go to the State at large, but all shall go to the locality, so that the direct benefit will accrue to the locality, and the State at large simply benefit by the addition of taxable property.

It is understood that the Chairman of the State Republican Committee, B. B. Odell, is in the city or will be here this afternoon to discuss the extra session matter with the Governor.

## ROOSEVELT IN BUFFALO.

### Guest of Honor and Principal Speaker at the Independent Club Banquet.

BUFFALO, May 16.—Governor Roosevelt was the principal guest and speaker at the dinner given by the Independent Club in the banquet hall of the Elliott Square Club last night. The hall was crowded and the Governor was given a most enthusiastic reception.

## Soundless Powder Gun.

LONDON, May 16.—The Daily Mail this morning says the Admiralty has offered £25,000 (\$175,000) for an electric gun invented by the son of a Portland brewer.

The gun throws an explosive shot a distance of five and a half miles with a velocity of two thousand. It is noiseless and smokeless.

## Lord Hope Refused Permission to Sell His Mine.

LONDON, May 16.—Lord Francis Hope, brother of the Duke of Newcastle and husband of May Yobe, the American actress, applied to the Chancellor of the Exchequer to-day for permission to sell his family mine, a fine diamond weighing 447 carats, estimated to be worth from \$35,000 to \$125,000. The gem was written until another one was recently found weighing forty-five carats. Counsel for Lord Hope urged that the gem was useless for ornament and that it would be better to sell it for the benefit of Lord Hope's income than to allow it to be in a bank's safe for the next forty years. Counsel for the Duke of Newcastle and Lady Beatrice Lytton, the eldest sister of Lord Hope, opposed the sale, which the court finally refused to sanction.

## DEWEY'S WELCOME.

### Will be Conducted on a Grand Scale—New York Aldermen Will Appropriately \$150,000.

New York, May 16.—The Herald says: That New York's welcome to Admiral Dewey is to be conducted on a grand scale was shown yesterday when the joint committee from the Board of Aldermen and Council decided to call on the Municipal Assembly to authorize an appropriation of \$150,000 for the city's part in the ceremonies. Mayor Van Wyck heartily approves of such an appropriation.

The Governor of each State will be invited to attend and each State is asked to send a regiment or two of its National Guard. Mayor Van Wyck favored this plan. It was decided to ask the Mayor to appoint the general Reception committee.

Because of unpleasant experience in the past that have grown out of the failure of ships bearing distinguished visitors to arrive at the time expected, it was decided that the official reception should not be given until the day after the Olympic reaches port.

Alderman Goodman suggested that the Brooklyn bridge be transformed by decorations into a great triumphal arch. "Welcome" could be placed on it in letters that would extend the entire length of the structure. The route for the naval parade as now planned is from Quarantine or Tompkinsville through the harbor, then up the North river to Grant's tomb. Here, it is expected Admiral Dewey will leave the Olympic.

After visiting the tomb he will pass the thousands of soldiers and marines that are to take place in the land parade.

At City Hall, where a reviewing stand will be erected, he will be presented some beautiful tribute from the city yet to be decided upon.

Mayor Van Wyck does not look with favor on the plan for the \$10,000 private dinner. As to the banquet that the city will offer, that is a detail yet to be arranged.

## HIGH TREASON CHARGED.

Prisoner, Transvaal Republic, May 16.—The arrest at Johannesburg early this morning of seven alleged former British officers named Nicholas, Patterson, Tromholt, Ellis, Fries, Hooper and Mitchell on the charge of high treason, has caused intense excitement here. The prisoners were brought to Pretoria by special train.

After they had been lodged in jail they were visited by the British diplomatic agent here. The arrests were effected by a detective who joined the movement, which, it is asserted, was for the purpose of enrolling men in order to cause an outbreak of rebellion. Journalistic documents were found upon the prisoners and it is expected that further arrests will be made.

## Great Prices for Horses.

New York, May 16.—W. D. Grand sold a consignment from W. A. Dobson, of Marion, Iowa, last night, at the American Horse Exchange. Thirty-seven head were sold for an average of nearly \$450. J. D. Rockefeller was in attendance and added to his own stable. Express and Josephine, brown mare, both by Billie Green, were purchased by Walter Lee for \$1,000.

## A REMARKABLE CASE.

### What Doctor John McCoy Accomplished Through Hypnotism.

New York, May 16.—The Prime facts in a remarkable hypnotic case which recently took place in Paterson, N. J. The work was done by Doctor John C. McCoy, of the General Hospital. The subject was a young woman who had been brought to a condition of insanity by disgrace following misplaced confidence in a young man's promises. She had been sent to the hospital for the formal examination preparatory to commitment to an asylum. Doctor McCoy cured her through hypnotism.

The young woman was thrown into a deep sleep and the operator repeated the sentence: "Forget your trouble." "Discard all thoughts of evil from your mind." "Come to worry about anything," many, many times while focusing his will on the object to be attained until the patient gradually began to let into her mind the vivid impression she had of her disgrace and became more and more oblivious of it. Then the eager, anxious words came: "You are quite well." "You have no troubles."

Four days of this which meant the hardest and most trying work on the part of the operator, was completed at the hospital. The hypnotic case, which the young woman had been brought to a condition of insanity by disgrace following misplaced confidence in a young man's promises. She had been sent to the hospital for the formal examination preparatory to commitment to an asylum. Doctor McCoy cured her through hypnotism.

## NIECE FOUND;

### AUNT NOW MISSING.

New York, May 16.—In what manner Lady Buckley became separated from her niece remains to be learned. The odd part of the story is that the niece, finding herself friendless and resourceless in New York, answered an advertisement for a lady's maid, was hired as such, and is now a guest in the home of her aunt's employers while they are advertising for her aunt, says a morning paper. Here is the advertisement: "If Lady Buckley, who is in Canada, looking for her niece, will write to P. 55 East Seventy-seventh street, New York city, she will find her. Canada papers please copy."

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Heath probably looked up the Buckley family record before they gave full credence to the strange narrative of the prepossessing girl of fifteen whom Mrs. Heath had selected from among those who had answered her advertisement for a lady's maid.

Mr. Heath is the proprietor of a storage warehouse at No. 103 East Sixty-third street. His home is at No. 84 East Seventy-seventh street, the address mentioned in the advertisement for Lady Buckley. Lady Buckley's niece—her name can not be told, because Mrs. Heath refuses to divulge it—had no references, but she mentioned the names of several well-known New York families and so engaging was her personality that she secured the desired position.

## The Idaho Miner.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 16.—The Western Federation of miners, in session here, have adopted resolutions denouncing in strong terms General Merriam's order that no miners shall work in the Ogor D'Alene without first renouncing the miners' union. The Executive Board of the Federation is directed to employ the best legal counsel in the land to defend the prisoners under arrest at Ward No. 2, Carnegie of Logansport.

LONDON, May 16.—Mr. Andrew Carnegie left for London to-day for Skibo Castle. In an interview just published he is quoted as saying: "I am looking forward to protection in my Highland solitudes from the army of mendicants, which every hour is importing new recruits to every conceivable object. Even were I disposed to succumb to these applications for promiscuous assistance, my resources for philanthropy have already been fully exhausted and bombarding me with further appeals is simply adding to the postal revenue."

## Admiral Watson Sails for Manila.

VALLEJO, Cal., May 16.—Rear Admiral John C. Watson, who will relieve Admiral Dewey in command of the Asiatic station, will sail to-day for the Orient on the City of Peking. He will be accompanied to the Orient by his personal staff—Lieutenants Snowden and Marble, and will take five mechanics from Mare Island, who will be employed at the naval station at Cavite.

## Regiments Mustered Out.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 16.—The Third Kentucky Regiment was mustered out here to-day. This leaves but one regiment here, the Thirty-first Michigan, and it will leave the service to-morrow.

## Accused, Ga., May 16.—The Second Regiment of Volunteer Engineers was mustered out at Camp McKensie. The regiment was recruited from all parts of the country.

## Old Road in a Rat's Nest.

LEWISTON, N. Y., May 16.—While tearing down an old house on Joseph Estman's place, in Broadway, workmen discovered an old Spanish bond in a rat's nest. It read: "This certifies bearer to thirty Spanish dollars, payable at Baltimore, according to act of Congress passed February 26th, 1777."

The house was built in 1768. It was the home of the Van Warts, the head of which house was one of the captors of Major Andre.

## A \$35,000,000 TRUST.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 16.—An announcement is made to-day that the Fiero, Butler and Pierce Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of gas, water, and steam supplies, and of boilers, radiators and lead pipe, with office and works in this city, is among some fifty important plumbing supply and lead pipe companies of the United States that will constitute the American Plumbing Supply and Lead Company, incorporated under the laws of New Jersey on April 24th.

The new company is capitalized at \$25,000,000; \$10,000,000 preferred and \$15,000,000 common, the preferred to pay seven per cent. cumulative dividends. It has the right to issue the amount of capital stock to \$40,000,000. The new company will take possession of the plants on which it holds contracts about June 1st, although some do not expire until later. The local plant, employing 500 men, will be conducted exactly as at present and under the same firm name. It is said that William K. Pierce, President of the Syracuse company, will be a director of the new company.

## IN NEW YORK CITY

### The Maset Committee Resumes Its Sessions.

#### MAY SIT ALL SUMMER.

### A Witness Entends to Know a Good Deal About the Struggle of Fetterman—Mayor Van Wyck Called as a Witness—Makes it Warm For Moss.

New York, May 16.—The Maset investigation committee resumed its sessions here to-day, after a prolonged adjournment. It was announced that the Committee would sit Tuesday's Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, until its work should be concluded, but this program will be interrupted by the extra session of the Legislature. However, the Committee quite expects to sit all Summer.

Policeman Benjamin Harrison, of Captain Chapman's precinct, was the first witness called. Mr. Moss started the examination. Harrison was on duty on May 4th, but he could not remember having any trouble at the Empire Garden in Twelfth street near Broadway that night.

He was excused for the time being and Policeman George B. Cain was called. He knew nothing about the "Empire," and Charles Dillon took the stand. He said he was in the Empire on the 4th of May between 12 and 1 A. M. He saw there the very officers who had just testified to ignorance of the riot—Harrison and Cain. One of the officers was dancing with a woman. The officers were in uniform. The conduct of the woman was respectable, so Mr. Dillon swore. Liqueur was also sold in this room after 1 A. M. in the presence of the Policemen.

Mr. Moss said he put in the testimony simply as an indication of the lack of discipline in the force.

Mr. Hoffman, the Democratic member of the Committee, asked: "Do you mean that 10,000 men shall be held responsible for the acts of two men?" Mr. Moss said he supposed nothing of the kind. "I assume," said the counsel, "that the commanders of the force and the persons who, under the charter, are responsible for the force, should keep discipline, and I say they are not doing it."

Chairman Maset said he was sorry Chief Dewey was not there to hear this testimony and Mr. Moss retorted that Dewey could find it any night.

## Mayor Van Wyck Called.

Robert A. Van Wyck, Mayor of Greater New York, was then called and sworn. Chairman Maset shook hands with the Mayor and Mr. Moss greeted him cordially.

In reply to a question from Mr. Moss, the Mayor said that he had not yet come to a conclusion whether the office of Borough President served any particular good use to the city government. However, he did not think the charter should be disturbed until it had a fair trial. When asked if he had seen any evidence of the work of the Board of Municipal Statistics, the Mayor replied: "I think they made a report to me. I do not remember all these things, you know."

The Mayor added that he was "greatly surprised at the success the city Department had already attained." Referring to the reasons for several of the city departments changing their quarters from the New York Life Insurance building to the new syndicate building, Mr. Moss quoted an interview from a New York paper, and the Mayor replied that he did not pay much attention to those interviews.

"I find they are quite correct," said Mr. Moss, pleasantly. "I asked Mr. Croker in reference to quite a number of them, and by agreed with all of them."

"You have been more fortunate than I have," replied the Mayor. "If you have been misquoted as many times as I have, you would feel differently."

When asked if he knew that there had been no printed report of the Police Department since 1897, Mayor Van Wyck said: "I don't know. They put them in there pretty fast. The volume of business is so great I can not follow all these details."

"I realize it," said Mr. Moss, quickly. "was unfortunately you are charged with very great responsibilities," said the Mayor, and then Mr. Moss read him an extract from the charter defining the duties of Mayor.

Mr. Moss asked if the Mayor had ever spoken with Mr. Croker regarding changing the location of the departments to the new building. The Mayor thought he had not.

"But you do consult him about city department matters?"

"Did not you consult with him at Lakewood about the appointment of heads of city departments?"

"No, sir, I talked with some one. I think every one in New York asked me for positions."

Mr. Moss said he had had a "running conversation" with Mr. Croker regarding appointments.

Mr. Moss shifted to the Mayor's personal relations with politics. Mr. Van Wyck denied that he was elected as the nominee of Tammany Hall.

## GAG OFFICER AND ROB A BANK.

### Hold-Ups in Ontario Secure \$11,000 from Branch Financial Institution.

TORONTO, Ontario, May 14.—At midnight yesterday six men entered the town of Bowmanville, Ont., and seized the constable on duty at the police station. They blindfolded and gagged him, fastened his hands behind his back with his own handcuffs, and having forced a window of the Standard branch bank, carried the officer there, laid him on the floor, tied his feet together, and proceeded to blow open the safe.

While this part of the gang were engaged in rifling the bank three others kept guard over the house of the second village constable with orders to seize him if he came out. He, however, slept on and was only awakened by officers, who came to tell him of the burglary.

At 5:30 o'clock this morning Frank Garrett, a commercial traveler, on his way to the depot to catch an early train, noticed the open window, entered the bank, and found the gagged officer on the floor. He raised an alarm and relieved the officer.

When the bank manager arrived it was found that the safe had been blown open by nitroglycerin and \$11,000 in cash and many valuable securities were stolen. This is the twelfth bank burglary in Ontario during the past few months and the total amount stolen exceeds \$70,000.

## A Life Prisoner Released.

ALBANY, May 16.—Governor Roosevelt to-day granted a commutation releasing Joseph Jourdan, convicted of murder, second degree, in New York city in April, 1876, and sentenced to imprisonment for life. The commutation is granted on the recommendation of Judge Barrett, who imposed the sentence and who writes that in his opinion Jourdan has been sufficiently punished and may properly be released, providing his conduct during his imprisonment has been good. The warden's report shows his conduct to have been good throughout. The term he has now served is the legal equivalent of forty years.

## Pipe Plant Sold.

LESSON, O., May 15.—The plant of the Ohio Vitriol Pipe Company, one of the largest and most complete in Eastern Ohio, was sold at Sheriff's sale to John E. Long and H. K. Brown, of New York. They are thought to represent the new Water Pipe Trust. The consideration was \$105,000.

## The G. A. R. Encampment.

SYRACUSE, May 15.—The officers of the Women's Relief Corps have arrived here and are making arrangements for the annual State Encampment, which meets on Wednesday. The ladies of the G. A. R. are expected to-morrow. Department Commander Anson E. Wood and the officers of the G. A. R. are expected to-night. Most of the delegates to the Encampment will reach here to-morrow night.

## PROBLEM SOLVED.

A Discovery Which Makes the Old Young Again.

CHICAGO, May 16.—The Tribune says: A discovery which, it is claimed, solves the problem of rejuvenating old age, has just been made public by Professors Joseph B. Hawley and Alex O. Wiener, of the Chicago Clinical school. The return to youth, it is asserted, is produced by hypodermic injections of the lymphatic fluid of animals, particularly young goats. The discovery was made a year ago and subsequent secret demonstrations of its efficacy are asserted.

In one of his experiments at the school Dr. Hawley administered hypodermic injections of the fluid from the lymphatic glands of a goat to a dog known to be fourteen years old. The dog was watched carefully for two months; at the end of that time the animal was as lively as a puppy.

A number of human beings, it is said, have been experimented on in Chicago in the same way and with the same results.

## NOT AN INDUSTRIAL VICTORY.

LONDON, May 15.—The cable despatches announcing that Dick, Kerr & Company, of London, have secured an order for 200 tons of steel-girders to be used on the New Boston elevated railroad, have been treated by the newspapers here as an industrial victory for Great Britain, and as a reply to the granting to a Philadelphia firm of the contract to erect a bridge over the Schuylkill river, the Philadelphia firm being the American firm.

A representative of the A. P. A. saw Mr. Kerr, the senior partner of the firm, to-day. He said: "It is no victory at all. Three contracts from New York, Boston and Philadelphia, were given to us without solicitation and simply because the American mills are all crowded. A few years ago English firms had held it until the American mills took up the work."

## Grain-O Helps a Rattler.

To the coffee drinker. Coffee drinking is a habit that is universally indulged in and almost as universally injurious. Have you tried Grain-O? It is almost like coffee but the effects are just the opposite. Coffee upsets the stomach, ruins the digestion, affects the heart and disturbs the whole nervous system. Grain-O tones up the stomach, aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. There is nothing but nourishment in Grain-O. It can't be otherwise. 15 and 25-cent packages.

## For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Wrenlow's Sufferer's Balm has been used for children's teething. It soothes the child, cools the gums, allays all pain, cures colic, and is the best remedy for all these ailments. It is sold by all druggists.

## BUFFALO STRIKE.

### A Number of Elevators Said to Be Working.

#### STATE BOARD IN BUFFALO.

Will Hold a Public Investigation Until Trouble is Settled—Coal Heavers and Ore Men Present Their Demands—Hoisting Engineers Sympathize.

BUFFALO, May 16.—Two elevators, the City and Erie, are working this forenoon, the monthly men, although members of the union, failing to come out. The contractors expect to have the Ontario in operation during the day. Between fifty and one hundred men were brought here from outside points this forenoon and will be put to work.

As the men think the general closing is being loaded with postage freight and the contractor has 140 men at work. At the Lehigh Valley, Central and Northern docks large gangs of freight handlers are at work.

The Lake Carriers' Association, having apparently dropped out after expressing their confidence in Bishop Quigley, the AMAR appears to have settled down to a finish fight between the strikers and the contractor. Good order prevails.

Work was resumed at the Northern elevator with five machinists and a small force of hoisters. The City had two legs in operation hoisting grain from the Wynans. Another elevator, the Ontario, has started up.

Messrs. Johnson and Webster, of the State Board of Arbitration and Mediation, are here, and DeLaney is expected at four o'clock. Chairman Johnson said this morning that unless the trouble was settled at once a public investigation would be held. "The investigation," he said, "will be thorough and fair and will determine the responsibility for this trouble. It is my wish that we have jurisdiction."

The coal heavers have presented their demands. The Lohigh men ask thirty-five cents an hour instead of twenty-five, the Minnesota dockmen ask for twenty-one cents and others preferred to work by the ton. The coal heavers resolved not to return to work until the scopers gained a victory.

The hoisting engineers sent a delegation to the scopers last night to assure them of their sympathy.

Timothy F. Donovan, who was appointed inspector by Bishop Quigley last night, began his work this morning. He spent several hours tramping around in the rain and investigating the various phases of the question.

President Keefe, of the International Longshoremen's Union, is expected here this afternoon.

The ore handlers, 800 strong to-day presented a demand for ten cents a ton and twenty-five cents an hour for overtime.

## LATER NEWS.

It Looks as if a Settlement Has Been Reached.

BUFFALO, May 16.—Inspector Donovan, accompanied by a Commercial Reporter and Contractor Connors, met in the Erie elevator to-day. Both sides held out olive branches.

The commercial man suggested that both unions be consolidated. This was agreed to and the reporter was requested to draw up the agreement which Inspector Donovan and Mr. Connors signed. The agreement referred to is as follows:

BUFFALO, May 16.—I propose that both unions be consolidated, the men of old union No. 51 to be retained into membership in new union No. 51, the officers of new union 51 to be retained, without discrimination. It is stipulated that Mr. Connors is to do the thing without discrimination.

(Signed) T. P. DONOVAN, Inspector. I cheerfully concur in this arrangement. W. J. CONNORS.

Mr. Donovan is now at the Bishop's residence, to whom it was agreed the document should be submitted. Bishop Quigley was much gratified that such an agreement had been reached.

Inspector Donovan will present the document to President McMahon, of New Local 51, who will report it to the strikers at a meeting to be held later in the day.

## QUEEN'S DRAWING-ROOM.

LEWISON, May 16.—In spite of a drizzling rain large crowds of people gathered in St. James park to-day in order to see the carriages containing people bound for the Queen's drawing-room at Buckingham Palace.

Promptly at three o'clock Queen Victoria was wheeled from her own apartments to the drawing-room, followed by the other royals and surrounded by the great throng of the household. The music then began.