

EXPLOSIONS AT SEA.

Thought to Have Occurred at Port Arthur or Dainy.

RUSSIAN TROOPS NEAR ANJU.

Further Progress of the Japanese in Southern Manchuria—Caution of the Invading Army in Liao Tung Peninsula—Reported Numerous Reply of Missions to Russian Comptrolments.

Seoul, May 13.—A ship that has arrived at Changhai brings a report that heavy explosions were heard at sea early this morning. It is believed here that these explosions occurred either at Port Arthur or Dainy.

An American miner who left Anju on May 8 has arrived here and reports that a force of 2,900 Russians recently spent the night at Unsan. He says also that large bodies of Russian troops were reported to be in that vicinity.

Reports of fighting were received here today but they lacked confirmation.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—Further progress of the Japanese in Southern Manchuria is reported in the latest dispatches given out last night.

The position of the division which is following the street road to Kai Cheng has not yet been determined.

It is also apparent in the operation on the peninsula of Liao Tung, where 20,000 Japanese are seeking to render themselves secure in the western section of the peninsula and in the vicinity of and below Pitsewo before inaugurating the operations which have been planned.

Nothing official has been given out regarding the raid of Cosacks at Anju. There is no such general in the Far East as a Mandarin of whose forces the raiding Cosacks were said to form a part.

The report is current that the mikado, in answering a message of congratulation on the Yalu victory sent by students of the Institute of Mines in St. Petersburg, expressed his thanks and good wishes but praised God that he had no such subjects.

FINANCES OF THE EMPIRE.

Foreign Loan of 300,000,000 Roubles to Be Placed by Russia.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The following statement has been officially communicated to the press:

"The war which broke out in spite of the peaceful intentions of Russia found the finances of the empire in a satisfactory position.

"The effective capital of the exchequer, which at the beginning of the year amounted to 182,000,000 roubles, has been more than doubled up to the present by reason of the diminution of the budget expenses. Now the whole sum at the disposal of the exchequer exceeds 300,000,000 roubles.

"Despite this the war expenditure must be very considerable, and on this account it has been thought prudent to discover a new method for providing funds. These funds might be borrowed from the state bank to the extent of 500,000,000 roubles, but in order to avoid expending the effective capital at the risk of a disturbance of the money in circulation, and as the government wishes to see Russia at the end of the war in the same steady financial position as before the outbreak of hostilities, the finance minister has considered it necessary to have recourse to an external loan.

"By imperial order of May 12 for an increase in the war funds the issue of a 5 percent external loan for a short term has been decided upon, with a nominal capital of 300,000,000 roubles or 300,000,000 francs, under the title of 'five per cent state exchequer bonds of 1904,' free forever from Russian taxes. On May 14, 1903, these bonds will be redeemed at the issue price and must be presented for redemption in Paris.

"The notation of the loan is entrusted to the Netherlands bank, the Credit Lyonnais and Hottinguer & Co. of Paris.

"The statement published in the foreign press that after this loan another will be issued in Germany is officially declared to be devoid of foundation.

PORT ARTHUR IMPREGNABLE.

Believed Declared That Garrison Can Hold Out for a Year.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—It is evident from a private letter written by an artillery officer at Port Arthur dated April 20 that General Stoessel, the Russian commander there, was then daily expecting the galling of his communications.

The officer reported that everything was ready to withstand a siege and expressed surprise at the fact that the enemy had delayed so long. He said the fortress was practically impregnable, adding that there was a triple row of forts around the Port Arthur garrison, each position being fronted by a most with a hedge of barbed wire beyond, with bombproofs behind all the batteries.

The officer further declared that they had plenty of supplies and ammunition and that the garrison was in excellent spirits and confident of holding out for six months or a year against any number of the enemy even

General Kuropatkin offered General

St. Petersburg, May 13.—It is officialy announced that the directors of the New York Central railroad have authorized an issue of \$50,000,000 of 4 percent 30-year debenture bonds, of which \$30,000,000 will be issued at once.

J. P. Morgan & Co. have taken the entire issue and will offer \$10,000,000 of the debentures early next week. The price at which they are to be issued has not yet been determined.

Secretary Taft's Vacation.

Washington, May 13.—Secretary of War Taft yesterday left here for a vacation of ten days in the Adirondack mountains.

THACA CELEBRATION.

Rejoicing Over the Passage of Monroe-Stewart Bill.

GIVING \$250,000 TO CORNELL.

For Establishing a Permanent Agricultural College—Student Parades, Pyrotechnic Display and Banquet.

Ithaca, May 13.—The Cornell College of Agriculture last night formally celebrated the passage of the Monroe-Stewart bill which appropriates \$250,000 for the establishment of a permanent agricultural college under auspices of Cornell university and the state agricultural society.

The celebration opened with a salute at the university armory and the blowing of whistles in Ithaca. Then followed a student parade on the campus with a mammoth bonfire and a pyrotechnic display. Last came a banquet in the armory which was attended by over three hundred students who take work in the college of agriculture.

The speakers were Senator E. C. Stewart, Assemblyman G. E. Monroe, President Schurman, G. E. Norris, Secretary of the State Orange, J. S. Wilson of the State Fruit Growers' Association; John Hall of the Western New York Fruit Growers' Association; W. H. Jordan of the Geneva Experiment Station; Herbert E. Cook, F. E. Dawley, director of the Bureau of farmers institutes; W. G. Johnson of the American Agriculturist; H. W. Collingwood of the Rural New Yorker; Luther Tucker of the Country Gentleman; Professor Durand and Director Bailey.

MABEL PAGE'S WILL.

The Woman Murdered in Weston, Mass., Left All to Her Brother.

Boston, May 13.—The will of Miss Mabel Page of Weston, who was found murdered at her home on March 21, was filed for probate at East Cambridge. The document is short. All the property is left to her brother, Harold Westcott Page.

Russian Hospital Train.

Mukden, May 13.—The first properly equipped hospital train passed through here today on its way to Harbin with 22 wounded men on board. It was made up of 12 freight and passenger cars which had been converted to the use of the Russian wounded. Each car was painted white and carried 8 to 12 removable berths. A car specially fitted for surgical operations was attached to the train, which was guarded by soldiers and carried nurses and sisters of charity. The men were well cared for and comfortable and were well supplied with cigarettes.

Russian Losses at Anju.

Tokio, May 13.—According to an official report the Russian casualties in the fighting at Anju on May 10 amounted to over 50 men. One officer and 12 men were killed, the others were wounded. The Russian wounded numbered 700 and were from the 15th Cosack regiment. They reached Liao Yang by train and marched thence to Anju.

"A majority of the enemy disliked fighting the Japanese," the official reports say, "and their morale is low."

No Private Messages Sent.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—An attempt to send a response to a private telegram from Port Arthur received yesterday (May 12) failed, the postoffice officials refusing to accept it.

BATH SOLDIERS' HOME.

Trustees Voted to Close Up the Canteen—Dr. Babcock Resigns.

Bath, N. Y., May 13.—At the quarterly meeting of the board of trustees of the State Soldiers' home here a resolution was adopted to close the canteen as soon as the supply of ale and beer now on hand is used up. This action was taken on account of the provision in the bill appropriating \$100 for the maintenance for each member by the federal government withholding money from those homes where a canteen is maintained or spirituous liquors are sold.

Dr. Warren L. Babcock tendered his resignation as chief surgeon of the home to accept the superintendency of Grace hospital at Detroit, Mich. The resignation was accepted and Dr. C. K. Haskell was promoted from assistant to chief surgeon, and Dr. Willis E. Merriman of Albany hospital was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Dr. Haskell's promotion.

All the members of the board were present except the president, Colonel George W. Dunn. Department Commander of the G. A. R. Major John S. Koester, ex-officio member of the board of trustees, and six members of his staff were also present.

New York Central Borrows \$50,000,000.

New York, May 13.—It is officialy announced that the directors of the New York Central railroad have authorized an issue of \$50,000,000 of 4 percent 30-year debenture bonds, of which \$30,000,000 will be issued at once.

J. P. Morgan & Co. have taken the entire issue and will offer \$10,000,000 of the debentures early next week. The price at which they are to be issued has not yet been determined.

Secretary Taft's Vacation.

Washington, May 13.—Secretary of War Taft yesterday left here for a vacation of ten days in the Adirondack mountains.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR CONTEST.

Justice Anderson Decides That Hicks and Burns Were Legal Officers.

Washington, May 13.—The long pending and bitter legal contest between the Burns-Hicks and Hayes factions of the Knights of Labor was decided in favor of the former by Justice Anderson of the district equity court.

The decision declares Henry A. Hicks and Simon Burns, successively general masters workmen, to have been the legal and proper officers of the order, and in a sweeping way upholds their contention.

The case was brought by Burns, Hicks, Thomas H. Cannon, John Ferguson, Frank H. Younison, Morris Carmony and the Order of Knights of Labor, incorporated, against John W. Hayes, I. D. Chamberlain, Isaac Sanderson, Michael D. Judge, James R. Manson and Henry A. Beckmyer against Hayes and others.

Justice Anderson holds that Hicks was not lawfully expelled from the order. The district court that tried Hicks, Judge Anderson held, was an illegally constituted tribunal and even if it had been legally constituted was without jurisdiction. He said further that Hicks not only was a member of the Knights of Labor, incorporated, but was its general master workman at the time of the meeting of the general assembly of the order at Niagara Falls in November, 1902, and as such was the only proper person to preside over its deliberations.

The delegates constituting that assembly, he held, had a right to sit as Knights of Labor delegates and were actuated by good faith and they with those who were admitted to the floor of the assembly subsequent to the preliminary organization constituted the lawful general assembly of the Order of the Knights of Labor, incorporated, at the Niagara Falls meeting.

The court, after granting the prayers of the complainants, said it refrained from considering the personal conduct of the members of the order, although it added: "There is much to criticize in the conduct of certain persons connected with each side and running all through the history of the order are found those who have shown deeper concern for their own welfare than for the welfare of the order. It is unnecessary to write is persisted in it means the disintegration and final dismemberment of the order."

INDIANA DEMOCRATS.

Thirty Delegates Instructed to Vote as a Unit For Judge Parker.

Indianapolis, May 13.—The most interesting Democratic state convention since 1893 was held here.

The feeling of the delegates was intense when the convention opened. The Hearst followers had been brought to a high pitch of determination by rousing addresses beforehand at the City hotel assembly room by the Rev. Samuel Small of Georgia and C. A. Windle of Chicago. The Rev. Sam Small advised against voting for Parker if he were nominated.

The delegates met at the delegates to the national convention to vote as a unit for Judge Parker of New York for president.

The vote on instruction for Parker was 964 to 582, many delegates being in sympathy with the plea of the 12th district that its two delegates be allowed to vote their sentiments for Hearst, the plea being that otherwise it might endanger the success of Representative Robinson, Democratic congressman from the district. This was the only district of the 15 carried by the Hearst following.

A feature of the convention was the demonstration that followed the mention of the name of Mayor George E. McClinton of New York. The cheering lasted for several minutes, several hundred delegates and spectators rising and waving hats and handkerchiefs.

NO CLEAN BILL OF HEALTH.

President Randolph Says Statement of W. E. Woodard is False.

New York, May 13.—The board of governors of the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange adopted a resolution to reduce the membership of the exchange to 1,400 by the purchase of memberships. In announcing this action, President Randolph said that when the number of members necessary to effect this reduction has been purchased authority for still further reduction may be obtained.

"The statement said to have been made by W. E. Woodard in his examination in bankruptcy," said Mr. Randolph, "namely that his books were examined and a clean bill of health given him by the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange, is misleading and false, as the ways and means committee were just about to take up his case (having heard certain reports) when the exchange came."

Arranged For New Steamship Line.

Ottawa, Ont., May 13.—Senator Sagaziz, the Mexican delegate who is here conferring with the government in regard to steamship communication between Mexico and Canada, left last night for St. Louis, where he will represent the Mexican government at the exposition. The arrangements for a steamship line have been completed.

Death of Thomas Fawcett Pye.

Hartford, Conn., May 13.—Thomas Fawcett Pye, a wealthy retired yarn manufacturer, died here last night of heart failure. He was 71 years old. He formerly lived in Hinsdale and was a son of

Easy.

"When is an egg not an egg?" "When it is in the bargain-counter."

MISSING CHILD FOUND.

DEAD Body Discovered In Chimney at Her Home.

MASONRY HAD TO BE REMOVED.

Has Seen Missing Since May 2. Thought to Have Been Kidnaped. Letter Received by Mother—Body Cut and Mutilated and Thought to Have Been Drowned Recently.

New York, May 13.—The police report that the body of 6-year-old Josephine McCahill, who has been missing since May 2, was found last night wrapped in rags, in a chimney at her home in Third avenue, this city.

The body was lodged near the top of the chimney, and it was necessary to tear away part of the masonry to release it. It is thought that the body, which was terribly cut up and mutilated, was placed there within a day or two.

It was believed that the child had been kidnaped and the case had aroused much interest here. Rewards aggregating \$3,850 have been offered by various persons for her recovery in case it should be discovered that she had been kidnaped, and mass meetings have been held to consider plans for recovering the girl.

Yesterday a letter was received by Mrs. McCahill, the child's mother, which read:

"Dear Friend: As you made such a fuss I was compelled to kill Josie. If you give \$500 to a boy I will send you can have the body."

"P. S. Don't mind stories you hear." The police consider this letter as the work of some heartless meddler.

The child was seen in Third avenue with a man described as tall and dark. She had a bag of candy in her hand but was crying. That is all the police have had to work on. Their search has proceeded on the belief that the man was an Italian and that the girl would eventually be found in one of the Italian colonies in this city or in some nearby city.

An examination of the body later disclosed the fact that it was badly decomposed but that it had not been mutilated. It has been learned that child of the neighborhood have been accustomed to hide in the chimneys while at play on the roofs and the police now believe that the McCahill girl climbed into the chimney, which rises only four or five feet above the roof, and fell into it.

A strange feature of the case is being investigated by the police, although they do not believe the child was murdered. The police yesterday, before the body was found, a well dressed young woman called at the McCahill home and said that she had a presentiment that the child would be found in the chimney. On her second visit she expressed surprise that a search of the chimney had not been made on her previous suggestion. She refused to give her name or address and the police are now trying to find her. It was after her second visit that the investigation was made which resulted in the finding of the body.

BARS NEGRO MEMBERS.

Barreners' League Votes to Issue No Charter to Colored Unions in Southern States.

Rochester, May 13.—The delegates to the convention of the Hotel and Restaurant Employed International Alliance and Barreners' International League read off a resolution in the southern states out of the organization by a unanimous vote.

The resolution adopted sets forth that no charter be granted hereafter in any city to the colored barreners in the states of Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma Territory and Indiana unless by permission of a majority of locals, and that no colored bartender be permitted to work on a traveling card in any of the states mentioned.

This last provision is intended to strike down the employment of colored labor on buffet railroad cars. One reason given for the adoption of the resolution is that bartenders in the South are unskilled workmen.

The following officers were elected: President, Robert A. Callahan, Boston; vice presidents, T. J. Sullivan, Hartford, Conn.; Fred J. Seans, Buffalo; Timothy J. Kinnally, Chicago; Jare F. McCarthy, Washington; Joe Braden, San Antonio, Tex.; Robert B. Frankett, Seattle, Wash.; Thomas S. Farwell, Cleveland.

Judge Gray Federation President.

Philadelphia, May 13.—Judge George Gray has been chosen by the nominating committee of the National Civic Federation to succeed the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna as president of the organization. The election of Judge Gray is to be deferred until after the national Democratic convention in St. Louis for fear it might seem that the federation is aiding in making a possible presidential candidate conspicuous or important.

Broken Five-Mile Running Record.

London, May 13.—On the Stamford Bridge grounds, last evening Arthur Brubuck broke the five-mile amateur running record. Time, 24m 23.2s. The previous record was 25m 33.2s and was made by S. Thomas at Stamford, Eng., Sept. 24, 1892.

MISSING CHILD FOUND.

DEAD Body Discovered In Chimney at Her Home.

MASONRY HAD TO BE REMOVED.

Has Seen Missing Since May 2. Thought to Have Been Kidnaped. Letter Received by Mother—Body Cut and Mutilated and Thought to Have Been Drowned Recently.

New York, May 13.—The police report that the body of 6-year-old Josephine McCahill, who has been missing since May 2, was found last night wrapped in rags, in a chimney at her home in Third avenue, this city.

The body was lodged near the top of the chimney, and it was necessary to tear away part of the masonry to release it. It is thought that the body, which was terribly cut up and mutilated, was placed there within a day or two.

It was believed that the child had been kidnaped and the case had aroused much interest here. Rewards aggregating \$3,850 have been offered by various persons for her recovery in case it should be discovered that she had been kidnaped, and mass meetings have been held to consider plans for recovering the girl.

Yesterday a letter was received by Mrs. McCahill, the child's mother, which read:

"Dear Friend: As you made such a fuss I was compelled to kill Josie. If you give \$500 to a boy I will send you can have the body."

"P. S. Don't mind stories you hear." The police consider this letter as the work of some heartless meddler.

The child was seen in Third avenue with a man described as tall and dark. She had a bag of candy in her hand but was crying. That is all the police have had to work on. Their search has proceeded on the belief that the man was an Italian and that the girl would eventually be found in one of the Italian colonies in this city or in some nearby city.

An examination of the body later disclosed the fact that it was badly decomposed but that it had not been mutilated. It has been learned that child of the neighborhood have been accustomed to hide in the chimneys while at play on the roofs and the police now believe that the McCahill girl climbed into the chimney, which rises only four or five feet above the roof, and fell into it.

A strange feature of the case is being investigated by the police, although they do not believe the child was murdered. The police yesterday, before the body was found, a well dressed young woman called at the McCahill home and said that she had a presentiment that the child would be found in the chimney. On her second visit she expressed surprise that a search of the chimney had not been made on her previous suggestion. She refused to give her name or address and the police are now trying to find her. It was after her second visit that the investigation was made which resulted in the finding of the body.

BARS NEGRO MEMBERS.

Barreners' League Votes to Issue No Charter to Colored Unions in Southern States.

Rochester, May 13.—The delegates to the convention of the Hotel and Restaurant Employed International Alliance and Barreners' International League read off a resolution in the southern states out of the organization by a unanimous vote.

The resolution adopted sets forth that no charter be granted hereafter in any city to the colored barreners in the states of Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma Territory and Indiana unless by permission of a majority of locals, and that no colored bartender be permitted to work on a traveling card in any of the states mentioned.

This last provision is intended to strike down the employment of colored labor on buffet railroad cars. One reason given for the adoption of the resolution is that bartenders in the South are unskilled workmen.

The following officers were elected: President, Robert A. Callahan, Boston; vice presidents, T. J. Sullivan, Hartford, Conn.; Fred J. Seans, Buffalo; Timothy J. Kinnally, Chicago; Jare F. McCarthy, Washington; Joe Braden, San Antonio, Tex.; Robert B. Frankett, Seattle, Wash.; Thomas S. Farwell, Cleveland.

Judge Gray Federation President.

Philadelphia, May 13.—Judge George Gray has been chosen by the nominating committee of the National Civic Federation to succeed the late Senator Marcus A. Hanna as president of the organization. The election of Judge Gray is to be deferred until after the national Democratic convention in St. Louis for fear it might seem that the federation is aiding in making a possible presidential candidate conspicuous or important.

Broken Five-Mile Running Record.

London, May 13.—On the Stamford Bridge grounds, last evening Arthur Brubuck broke the five-mile amateur running record. Time, 24m 23.2s. The previous record was 25m 33.2s and was made by S. Thomas at Stamford, Eng., Sept. 24, 1892.



Miss Hapgood tells how she was cured of Fallopien and Ovarian Inflammation and escaped an awful operation by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for four years with what the doctors called Salpingitis (inflammation of the fallopian tubes) and ovaritis, which are most distressing and painful ailments, affecting all the surrounding parts, undermining the constitution, and sapping the life forces. If you had seen me a year ago, before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and had noticed the sunken eyes, sallow complexion, and general emaciated condition, and compared that person with me as I am today, robust, hearty and well, you would not wonder that I feel, thankful to you and your wonderful medicine, which restored me to new life and health in five months, and saved me from an awful operation."—Miss LENA HAPGOOD, 1024 Sandwich St., Windsor, Ont.

Ovaritis or inflammation of the ovaries or fallopian tubes which when the ovaries may result from sudden stopping of the monthly flow, from inflammation of the womb, and many other causes. The slightest indication of trouble with the ovaries, indicated by dull throbbing pain in the side, accompanied by heat and shooting pains, should claim your instant attention. It will not cure itself, and a hospital operation, with all its terrors, may easily result from neglect.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words. Before I wrote to you telling how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady and spent lots of money in medicine besides, but it all failed to do me any good. My menses did not appear in that time, and I suffered much pain. I would daily have fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing down pain, and was so weak that it was hard for me to do my work."

"I used your medicine and treatment as directed, and after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, menses appeared, my womb troubles left me, and I have been regular ever since. I used fourteen bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier together, and am now restored to perfect health. Had it not been for you, I would have been in my grave."

"I will always recommend your wonderful remedies, and hope that these few lines may lead others who suffer as I did, to try your remedies."—Mrs. T. C. WILLIAMS, R. R. No. 1, Manning, Iowa.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over disease of women. They are privileged to consult Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., about their illness, entirely free.

Violated State Fire Law.

Ulex, May 13.—H. D. Halliday of E. I. Williams, representing Cornell university, paid a fine of \$200 imposed by Chief of Fire Wardens L. S. Emmons for violating the state fire law. The university's school of forestry had been clearing land on its grant from the state near Axton in violation of the fire law. All violations of the fire law will be prosecuted to the limit of the law.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Missionary Bishop Hartzell Read His Report of Work in Africa.

Los Angeles, May 13.—Business moved slowly in the Methodist general conference. Only once were the proceedings interrupted and that was when the two greatest members of the body, Dr. J. A. Beckley of New York and Dr. T. B. Neely of Philadelphia, exchanged rhetorical thrusts over the method of conducting the judiciary committee.

Immediately after reading the Rev. Joseph C. Hartzell, missionary bishop of Africa, read his report to the conference. He made a strong appeal for additional funds to further prosecute his labors. Statistics of the church in Africa showed a membership of 5,000. There are 115 schools, says Bishop Hartzell, with 450 teachers and 1,000 scholars. The total value of the Methodist church's property in Africa is \$225,000, an increase of \$150,000 in the last quadrennium. Bishop Hartzell paid an eloquent tribute to the character of the late Cecil Rhodes.

A committee was named to carry the greetings of the conference to the conference of locomotive engineers now in session in this city.

No Expensive Honors.

"Do you think the general will get in the hall of fame?" "Not if there is any rent to pay, he won't."

Changed His Mind.

He feared he was not worthy of her. "Not fit to guard her life, but that was when he was her lover; Not when she was his wife."

Too Strong For Him.

"Did the tramp eat those beans?" "He returned them. He said it was too hard work to digest them."

YOUR ONLY WORK IS THE CRUST. NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT. In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.