THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—For Western New York—Cloudy tonight and Tuesday; no change in temperature.

The Oswego Palladium

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HARDING TO CALL A DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE SOON

Sends Informal Query to the Great Nations—Favorable Response Looked For—Pacific Questions to be Discussed.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—A disarmament conference in Washington was regarded as certain today. Following the informal inquiry to the great powers, asking whether they would be willing to enter into such a conference, Secretary Hughes was preparing the official invitations in order to be ready to dispatch them upon receipt of word that they are acceptable.

Great Britain and Japan, through public statements of their government leaders, have already bound themselves to join in a disarmament conference if the United States should call it.

Public opinion in France and Italy will not allow leaders of these nations to refuse the invitation even if they should regard it unfavorably, it is believed here. China, whose friendliness to this country has been many times emphasized, will certainly accept, it is thought. China will participate in Far Eastern discussions.

One of the fundamental factors back of the decision to call the conference is that by this step the Administration has virtually begun the framework of its promised association of nations to prevent war. The successful working out of an agreement among the powers for limitation and eventual reduction of armaments will be the most effectual kind of "association of nations," Administration officials feel.

The decision for the conference was reached by Harding and Hughes in two conferences at the White House just before the President left on a week-end cruise on the Mayflower.

In addition to deciding that the conference of powers should deal with disarmament, Hughes and Harding included in their call the questions in the Pacific. It has been pointed out that disarmament hinged on the events in the Pacific.

It has been made plain that American sentiment is opposed to the Anglo-Japanese Alliance. This question will be threshed out in the conference and the result will probably be that this pact will be allowed to die.

The "open door" policy in China, valiantly fought for by Hughes, must be definitely agreed upon at the conference. Other Pacific questions which might prove obstacles to disarmament, such as Japan's mandate over Yap, also must be smoothed out.

Senator Borah, author of the resolution for a naval disarmament conference between America, Great Britain and Japan, refused comment on Harding's call. His opposition to including any but the three leading naval powers in the conference has been well known, however. Disappointment that land armaments and the Pacific question was to be discussed as well as naval armaments, was also apparent among the strong supporters of the Borah plan.

Other Senatorial comment follows:

Senator New, Republican, of Indiana:

"I think everybody will welcome such a conference and will probably hope that it will be productive of a good faith agreement to which all can subscribe."

POINTS OF HARDING'S MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Following are the salient points of President Harding's statement that he would [illegible]:

The great powers, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan, which with the United States were known "as the principal Allied and Associated Powers," are to be invited to the disarmament conference.

The conference is "to be held in Washington at a time to be mutually agreed upon."

"The question of limitation of armaments has a close relation to Pacific and Far Eastern problems and the President has suggested that the powers should ... undertake in connection with this conference the consideration of all matters bearing upon their solution with a view to reaching a common understanding with respect to principals and policies in the Far East."

"This has been communicated to the powers concerned and China has also been invited to take part in the discussion relating to Far Eastern problems."

Senator Pittman, Nevada, Democrat:

"It is recognized that the United States must co-operate with the other principal nations of the world and in at least a partial abandonment of the theory of isolation. The only objection Democrats might have is that President Harding has not gone far enough."

Senator Swanson, Virginia, ranking Democrat on the Senate Naval Affairs Committee:

"I think the call might have been issued as specified in the Borah disarmament amendment. This would have permitted a discussion of the subject from a purely naval standpoint and would secure results more quickly, I believe, than a request to limit all armaments which the President's announcement implies."

Swanson added, however, that the call pleased him greatly.

Senator Poindexter, in charge of the naval appropriation bill of which the Borah proposal is a part, said the call would in no way interfere with final passage of the bill.

FRANCE IS EXPECTED TO ACCEPT HARDING'S INVITATION

PARIS, July 11.—France without doubt will accept President Harding's invitation to participate in a disarmament conference of the principal Allied powers, it was stated semi-officially here today.

In these same quarters Harding's move was referred to as "the greatest step toward disarmament since the war."

Inclusion of France and Italy in the conference, in addition to the original proposed conferees—the United States, Great Britain and Japan—has created an extremely favorable impression throughout government circles.

It was pointed out that these five nations now constitute the dominant group of the world, and that any move that might take toward disarmament would serve as an example for the lesser powers.

DEMANDS FOR A CENT SODAS ON THE INCREASE

NEW YORK, July 11.—Rumblings of the sodawater revolution of the Bronx were heard in every drug store there today.

Groups of kids flocked about the shiny drug store windows, making faces at the clerks inside, and baiting anyone who attempted to enter.

The "picket line" of the insurgents, protesting against the high price of ice cream sodas, picaded with customers to "lay off the 17-cent soda until we can get it for a nickel."

The boycotters bore placards of "We Want Five-Cent Sodas and Don't Pay High Prices—Make 'Em Come Down."

The nickel soda movement was organized among children of the Bronx by Mrs. Anna Grant, who staged parades and protest meetings. The organization believes that by boycotting the soda fountains they can force the proprietors to lower the prices.

WITHDRAW KABER POISON CHARGE

Judge Rules All But Count Charging Murder by Stabbing Out—Court Dismissed Until Wednesday

CLEVELAND July 11.—The charge that Daniel Kaber, wealthy Lakewood publisher, was poisoned, was withdrawn today at the request of counsel for Mrs. Katherine Kaber on trial for the murder of her husband. Judge Brown ruled, however, that testimony tending to show that Mrs. Kaber administered arsenic must stand.

The count in the indictment charging her with the murder by stabbing remains.

The State rested its case at noon and court was dismissed until Wednesday when witnesses for the defense will take the stand.

Mrs. Kaber shuddered and trembled as F. W. Utterback, nurse for the murdered man, testified that the dying publisher gasped:

"A man in a cap did it. My wife or [illegible] it done."

It was one of the few signs of emotion show by Mrs. Kaber since she went on trial more than a week ago on the charge of murdering her husband. She appeared to lose control of herself as Utterback almost shouted his testimony and the handkerchief-covered hand dropped from her face.

Utterback testified that he found the publisher lying on his back in a pool of blood that flowed from twenty-four wounds in his abdomen.

Utterback said that on the night of July 18th, 1919, he was told by Mrs. Kaber to sleep in a room on the third floor, adjoining one occupied by Miss Marian McArdle, Mrs. Kaber's daughter. She said that Mrs. Kaber left that afternoon for Cedar Point, Ohio. She was accompanied by her adopted daughter, Patricia, aged 5.

GUNMEN MAKE BIG HAUL IN SCHENECTADY

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 11.—Two gunmen entered the jewelry store of Charles Grupper during the noon rush hour here today and after forcing the proprietor to hand over his gun, securely tied him and made off with $30,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry. No trace of the robbers has been found.

Hustling business men advertise in the Palladium.

GREAT BRITAIN TO AID IN WORK OF DISARMAMENT

Lloyd-George Virtually Accepts Harding's Invitation for a Conference—Proposal Creates Enthusiasm Throughout England—Press Comment

LONDON, July 11.—Great Britain, through Premier Lloyd-George, this afternoon virtually accepted President Harding's invitation to participate in a disarmament conference. Addressing the House of Commons, Lloyd-George said "he welcomed with the utmost pleasure" Harding's "wise and courteous initiative."

"No effort will be lacking on the part of the British Empire to make the proposed conference a success," Lloyd-George said.

Ambassador Harvey was understood to have delivered Harding's invitation personally to Lloyd-George at Chequer's Court, the Premier's country home, yesterday afternoon. Premiers of the overseas dominions, who were spending the week-end with Lloyd-George, were present at the conference.

The imperial conference was to be resumed late today, and it was understood that discussion of renewal of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance would be suspended temporarily pending developments in the disarmament situation.

The Harding proposal has inspired tremendous enthusiasm throughout the country, which is reflected in the press.

The Times declared there was no doubt that the invitation "will be gladly and promptly accepted" by the British Government, with full concurrence by the dominions. It stressed the "immense importance" of the proposal and suggested that the disarmament conference would be "fraught with greater possibilities for good or evil than the Paris conference."

"It is practically an appeal to the human race to have done with wars," the Daily Mail said. "Though it mentions the Pacific and Far Eastern problems, it goes beyond these. Its aims surpass in importance all other current doings, of whatever moment."

The Daily Chronicle was the only important newspaper which did not wax enthusiastic over the situation. Its attitude was non-committal, pending the receipt of further particulars.

King George and Harvey were understood to have discussed the disarmament situation at a state dinner Thursday.

In dominion circles today it was frankly admitted that Premier Meighen, of Canada, had definitely upset any plans the government might have had for even conditional renewal of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance.

The Weekly National issued the following warning:

"Canada will soon have her own ambassador in Washington and her own representative in Geneva. She is unwilling to imperil American friendship by following a Japanese policy which the United States would resent. We believe American friendship to be worth many times more than the very doubtful Japanese affections. The risk of driving Canada to assert her independence should prevent renewal of the alliance."

World peace depends more on friendly co-operation between the United States and Great Britain than any other single factor, Lloyd-George declared.

"The first principle of our policy is friendly co-operation with the United States," he said. "I am convinced that upon that, more than any other single factor, depends the peace of the world." The Premier said that "we also desire to maintain our friendship with Japan."

"The Anglo-Japanese Alliance not only is of great benefit to ourselves, but to the peace of the Far East," he said. "The alliance remains in force and will lapse only twelve months after it is denounced.

"It is the desire of the British Empire and Japan that the agreement shall be brought into complete accord with the League of Nations covenant, which prevails wherever inconsistencies occur."

Lloyd-George characterized Harding's action as one of far-seeing statesmanship."

AMUNDSEN'S SCHOONER FOUND.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The schooner Maud, of Captain Amundsen, the Arctic explorer, has been found by the United States Coast Guard cutter Bear, and both vessels now are at Whalen, Siberia, the Treasury Department today announced.

A radio message from the Bear, sent out to find the Amundsen craft, which the explorer was forced to abandon when it became frozen in the ice, stated that the cutter would tow the explorer's ship to Nome, Alaska, as soon as the weather moderated.

Amundsen and the crew recently reached Alaska. Whalen is a small Siberian village about 200 miles from Nome.

STOLE $50,000 FOR YOUTH ON PROMISE TO WED, MAID SAYS

Girl Who Looted Homes in Three States Tells Story to Police—He Also Occupies Cell.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Elwood Adams, 22, step-son of Dr. Charles B. Adams, of 47 Irving place, was arrested yesterday and held in the East Fifty-first street station after he had been confronted by Miss Jean Cunningham, 27, a housemaid, who accused him of having induced her on promise that he would marry her to rob the homes in which she has been employed since last February of jewelry and valuables worth $50,000.

Miss Cunningham, who was arrested in the Pennsylvania station Saturday night, faced Adams at the Detention House on Blackwells Island, where the man was taken when he made a denial of the charge following his arrest. Detectives say the girl identified Adams from a lineup of prisoners with the remark:

"I know you double crossed me. Sorry I had to do this, but I've made a clean breast of it."

The man was unmoved, but later, in the East Fifty-first street station, he broke down and signed a written confession, according to the detectives. In this confession he is said to have substantiated Miss Cunningham's story that she stole jewelry valued at $5,000 from the home of Lawrence Crawford, a broker, who lives at 125 East Fifty-sixth street, and that he disposed of it.

Later, detectives say, Adams made threats which induced the maid to steal a pearl necklace valued at $20,000 and other jewelry from the home of Milton Maas, a manufacturing chemist in Asbury Park, on June 7th. From a Mrs. Brown in Philadelphia Miss Cunningham got valuables which Adams was able to sell for $800, according to the alleged confession. This loot included two or three valuable rings.

Miss Cunningham says she met Adams in Central Park a year ago. The two became acquainted after a flirtation. Mrs. Adams, his mother, gave the girl employment as a maid in her home, but after several weeks Miss Cunningham's services terminated. Her employer, however, wrote references for her that enabled the girl to find work in Philadelphia in the home of a Mrs. Brown.

The confession from Miss Cunningham was obtained, detectives say, only after they convinced her that Adams had tricked and deceived her. When she was taken from the Pennsylvania station, where she had alighted from a Harrisburg, Pa., train, she denied the charges against her.

Jere G. Trincal, a Paterson, N. J., detective, who represents the Employers' Liability Assurance Company, Ltd., 79 John street, has been at work on the case. It is said he produced convincing proof that Adams had cooled in his affections for Miss Cunningham and had, in fact, married another young woman about a month ago.

"You are not fooling me, are you?" Miss Cunningham is reported to have said.

When the detective said no, she made a confession of the robberies. Later, the detectives say, she wrote his note for Trincal to deliver to Adams:

"You married and double-crossed me. I have come across with everything."

After she accused Adams at Blackwells Island yesterday, and repeated in his presence the story she told the detectives, she is said by detectives to have turned to the man and declared: "I still love you. Don't you know that I love you?"

Adams took no heed the detectives said.

The girl said that while Adams obtained several thousand dollars from the sale of the jewelry, she got as her share only about $100. Once she told the man she needed shoes. She says he bought her a $2.90 pair.

HARDING TO GIVE MESSAGE THIS WEEK

WASHINGTON, July 11.—President Harding will personally read to Congress this week his message urging haste in enacting taxation and tariff legislation, it was learned on high authority today.

The message is expected to call for laying aside of the soldier bonus and the hastening of taxation and tariff legislation for which the present special session was called.

Harding, Senators expect, will ask co-operation for the national good and urge that personal aims be subordinated.

GREEKS START OFFENSIVE.

ATHENS, July 11.—The Greek army launched an offensive against the Turkish Nationalists in Smyrna this morning, according to official advices received here.

ILLINOIS STARTS ITS $10,000,000 GRAFT PROBE

Evidence Alleged to Show Use of State Funds for Private Gain is Placed Before Grand Jury—Governor and Other Officials Involved.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 11.—Illinois's $10,000,000 graft scandal was placed before the Sangamon County Grand Jury today.

In the grand jury room of the old courthouse, where Abraham Lincoln practiced law, evidence intended to show manipulation of huge sums of State funds for private gain was unfolded under the direction of State's Attorney Fred Mortimer. The investigation, resulting from a bitter political feud between Governor Len Small and Attorney-General Edward Brundage, was designed to strike at some of the highest officials in the State government.

Employes of the State treasurer's office were busy early in the day carrying huge bundles of records and books, showing the use of State funds over the last six years, to the grand jury room.

Their chief, Edward Miller, State treasurer, was the first witness called to testify before the grand jury.

Although Miller was nominated and elected while running on the same political faction's ticket as Governor Small, the disclosures of the treasurer are said to have brought about the investigation. Small was treasurer for two terms.

A safety deposit box which has been guarded night and day at a local bank was taken to the grand jury room. Best information was that the box contains evidence showing Chicago packers were loaned $10,000,000 by the State. Only two per cent. interest was said to have been obtained on the loan. In this connection prominent bankers of Kankakee, the home town of Governor Small, have been summoned to tell what they know of the transaction. These banks were reported to have acted as intermediaries in obtaining the loans. The bankers will be asked what interest their institutions received for acting as the intermediaries in the packers' loan.

This loan was said to have resulted in Treasurer Miller making his sensational charges.

Miller is reported to have insisted on return of the money, or deposit of sufficient securities to cover the loan. The securities were reported to have been turned over to the treasurer last March, although the loan was made many years ago. They were turned over only after Miller promised exposure of the whole affair.

The fact that the loan was not called in by succeeding treasurer caused Mortimer to insist on the investigation going back to 1915.

Reports today were that evidence will be presented to the Grand Jury tending to show that every treasurer following the one who first made the loan was forced to give a receipt for the $10,000,000 prior to the primary election before obtaining support of the party.

Alleged misuse of State funds for personal gain by several former State treasurers was also to be probed by the Grand Jury. Governor Small in his first statements since the investigation was started, said today "character assassins" who were prevented by him from looting the State treasury by vote of several appropriation bills were back of the investigation.

FUNERAL SERVICES HELD OVER 7,000 U. S. SOLDIERS

NEW YORK, July 11.—Funeral services, attended by General Pershing, Senator Lodge and many other notables, were held yesterday at the embarkation pier in Hoboken over more than 7,000 soldiers, recently brought back from France to be buried in their native land.

Among the bodies were those of the first three Americans killed in action, Lance-Corporal James B. Gresham, Privates Merle D. Hay and Thomas F. Enright.

Three funeral services were conducted, the Catholic, Jewish and Protestant.

PREDICT COOLING SHOWERS.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Unsettled weather with cooling showers was forecast today for the Middle Atlantic States, New England and States on the South Atlantic coast for tonight and Tuesday. Fair weather will prevail in the rest of the territory east of the Mississippi, the Weather Bureau stated.

RECOMMENDS CORIDER AS AMBASSADOR TO PERU.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Senator Calder, of New York, today recommended to President Harding appointment of Constant Cordier, of New York, to be Ambassador to Peru.

HANGS HIMSELF IN FLOOD OF BOOZE

PARIS, July 11.—Moved, it is believed, by miserly motives, an 80-year-old wine merchant in Lille chose a most unusual manner for committing suicide and at the same time destroying his property.

The man first flooded his cellar with his stocks of Burgundy. Standing in the flood he waited until the wine reached up to his waist and then he hanged himself with a rope flung over the rung of a ladder.

MURDER SUSPECTS BEING RETURNED FROM HAVANA

HAVANA, July 11.—Charles Golatto and Dominick Benigno, Italians wanted in Cleveland for murder, were en route to the United States today on the Ward liner Monterey.

The Italians, who were arrested in Mexico, were ordered deported by the Mexican government and arrived here on the Monterey in charge of three Cleveland detectives.

As a precaution against possible landing of the prisoners in Havana, immigration officers ordered Captain Smith, of the steamer, to prevent them from coming ashore. The Monterey left for New York at three o'clock yesterday afternoon.

STEEL WORKERS ACCEPT CUT.

COLUMBUS, Ohio., July 11.—Members of the amalgamated association of iron, steel and tin workers today began working with reduction of wages ranging from five to twelve per cent. as the result of their conference with members of the Western Sheet and Tin Plate Manufacturers here. The New scale will affect approximately 30,000 men in the States of Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri, employed by independent corporations.

OPEN YACHTING REGATTA.

PUT-IN-BAY, Ohio., July 11.—The 28th international regatta of the Interlake Yachting Association opened here today with races in all power boat classes. The sailing events will begin on Tuesday.

The long distance power boat race from Cleveland to the bay on Sunday was won by the North Star, skippered by Steve Zalos.

STORM RESTORES SPEECH TO MAN DUMB NINE MONTHS

MONTREAL, Que., July 11.—C. Lavier, of Ogdensburg, was able to talk today after being dumb nine months as a result of shell shock received while with the Canadian army. His voice came back to him when a thunderstorm shook the steamer Rapids King, on which he was traveling from a Toronto hospital to visit a sister here.

MOVIE MAGNATES IN BOSTON CASE

District Attorney Being Tried for Alleged Extraction of $10,000 From Guests at Wine Dinner.

BOSTON, July 11.—The names of several prominent movie magnates today were dragged into the case of District Attorney Tufts, of Middlesex county, when Attorney-General Allen seeks to have removed from office.

Special Assistant Attorney-General Henry M. Hurlburt, making his opening statement to the five Supreme Court justices, who are hearing the case, made the following allegations:

(1)—That $100,000 "hush money" was extracted from guests who attended a "girl-and-wine" dinner at Mishawaum Manor, Woburn, to protect them from exposure. It is charged Tufts was involved in this.

(2)—That the bill for this dinner $1,050—was paid by the Paramount Moving Picture Company and was approved by Hiram Abrams, an official of that concern, who with Adolph Zukor, well-known movie magnate, is alleged to have been at the feast.

Hurlbut, in discussing the charge that $100,000 hush money was obtained, told of various checks that changed hands after conferences in which Daniel H. Coakley, prominent Boston attorney, and others were leading figures.

"We are unable," Hurlbut said, "to trace any part of the $100,000 directly as having been paid to Tufts, but we will produce evidence which we will say will raise a strong suspicion that he allowed himself to be influenced to help his friend Coakley, and to the great injury of the public."

Hurlbut said that the revels at Mishawaum Manor followed a dinner at a fashionable Boston hotel in honor of "Fatty" Arbuckle on the night of March 6th, 1917. The revels were arranged by some one unknown to him, he said.

Hurlbut asserted that "Brownie" Kennedy, owner of the Manor, brought 15 or 16 young girls to the party.

On May 11th, while he was in Portland, Me., Abrams received a telephone call from James M. Curley, then mayor of Boston, Hurlbut said, in which Curley notified Abrams to return to Boston at once, as a serious matter was about to develop and to bring an attorney with him.

MARY M. MINTER TO WED.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 11.—Announcement has been received here of the engagement of Mary Miles Minter, the motion picture actress, and Orville Esslinger, of Portland, Oregon.

CONFERENCE ON IRISH PEACE TO BEGIN THURSDAY

De Valera Fixes Date at Lloyd-George's Request—Peace and Good Feeling Reigns in Southern Ireland, While North is Scene of Murder, Rioting and Disorders.

LONDON, July 11.—Irish peace negotiations will open Thursday. Eamonn De Valera, president of the Irish "republic," today notified Premier Lloyd George that he would come to London on that date to begin the important conferences.

Lloyd George had telegraphed De Valera, asking the latter to name the date this week when he and any of his colleagues could come to London. The Irish leader's telegraphed reply was received shortly before noon.

BELFAST, July 11.—Violence and disorder continued in the North of Ireland up to the very hour the truce went into effect at noon today.

The morning mail train, en route from Belfast to Londonderry, was derailed near Carrickmore in Tyrone, the crew was held up and six cars burned. The rioting in Belfast, which broke out Saturday night and continued until suppressed by the military last night, was renewed this morning. There were sporadic outbursts in various parts of the city which continued until nearly noon. In one melee a bread wagon was burned and the driver beaten.

In addition to the fourteen persons killed and 105 injured, it was stated that 600 were rendered homeless by fires.

DUBLIN, July 11.—As the clocks of Dublin struck the hour of noon today the sound of their bells was drowned in the roar of ships' sirens that welcomed the truce between the British forces and the Sinn Feiners.

Citizens gathered ev[illegible] corners. Shortly after twelve [illegible] when the armistice became [illegible] a group of unarmed [illegible] strolled from their barracks [illegible] moments they were [illegible] the people, talking eagerly [illegible] prospects of permanent peace.

The soldiers, long conspicuous figures in the street, disappeared today, and in the places of the sentries with fixed bayonets, peaceful looking policemen paced their beats.

IRISH PEACE DELEGATION LEAVE TOMORROW FOR LONDON

DUBLIN, July 11.—The Sinn Fein delegation, headed by Eamon De Valera, will leave for London tomorrow, it was officially announced here this afternoon. In addition to De Valera, the delegation will consist of Arthur Griffith and Messrs. Stack and Barton. The latter two are members of the Dail Eireann.

DECLINE IN FOOD COSTS FOR JUNE AND FOR YEAR

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Reports from 10 additional cities compiled today by the Department of Labor showed Charleston, S. C., heading the list with a decrease of three per cent. in the cost of food for the month ended June 15th. Kansas City and Philadelphia reported decreases of two per cent., while Atlanta, Baltimore, Indianapolis and New York showed reductions of one per cent. Reports from other cities previously made public showed declines of two per cent. in Manchester, N. H., and Rochester, N. Y., and of one per cent. in Binghamton, Detroit and Jacksonville.

Cities where an increase in food prices were noted in today's report were Little Rock, Ark., with one per cent. jump; Savannah, Ga., [illegible] tenths of one per cent., and Washington four-tenths of one per cent.

For the year ended June 15th, Indianapolis led the field with a 40 per cent. reduction, Kansas City being next with 38 per cent.

LAWYER GOES ON TRIAL.

BOSTON, July 11.—The trial of Nathan A. Tufts, district attorney for the northern district, on charges of malfeasance brought by Attorney-General J. Weston Allen, began here today.

Chief Justice Rugg and Justices Braley, Crossby, Carroll and Jenney, of the Supreme Court, acted in the capacity of judges and jury.

Of the various charges [illegible] Allen, who asks that Tufts be removed from office, the most [illegible] involves the notorious [illegible] dinner at Mishawum Manor, Woburn. It is alleged that [illegible] prominent [illegible] several New York [illegible] were guests and [illegible] to pay $100,000 [illegible]

THE EARL OF [illegible]

LONDON, [illegible] Craven, [illegible] of New York, [illegible] from his [illegible] lieved [illegible]

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