Travelers' Directory.

Oswego and Syracuse Division D. L. & W. R. R.

LEAVE OSWEGO:	ARRIVE AT SYRACUSE:
8:30 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
5:30 P. M.	9:20 P. M.

Lake Ontario Shore Railroad.

LEAVE OSWEGO:	ARRIVE AT SYRACUSE:
10:45 A. M.	12:30 P. M.
3:45 P. M.	7:00 P. M.

Oswego and Rome Railroad.

LEAVE OSWEGO:	ARRIVE AT SYRACUSE:
7:45 A. M.	1:30 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	5:50 P. M.

The 7:30 A. M. train from Oswego connects with the special New York Express at Rome.

New York and Oswego Midland R. R.

LEAVE OSWEGO.	ARRIVE AT OSWEGO.
7:00 A. M.	7:40 P. M.

Stage Routes.

Sterling via South West Oswego, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. Arrive at 12 M. Leave at 1 P. M.

Hannibal via Oswego Centre, Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Arrive at 12 M. Leave at 1 P. M.

Ira, via Oswego and Hannibal, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Arrive at 12 M. Leaves American Hotel at 2 P. M.

South Scriba and Scriba Corners Mail. Arrives daily (Sunday excepted) at 10. Leaves at 11 A. M. General Store Office at Oswego Hotel.

Post Office Notice.

On and after Monday, Dec. 6th, 1875, the mails will arrive and close as follows:

Close by Railroad.

For all places on the Midland between Oswego and Norwich at	6.45 A. M.
All places on the Lake Ontario RR., east of Union Hill	8.30 A. M.
New York, Albany, Syracuse, and way mail East and West of Syracuse, Western States, and all places on Syracuse & Binghamton RR.	7.30 A. M.
Rome and all offices on the R. W. & O. RR. south of Richland	7.30 A. M.
Syracuse, New York, Albany, Eastern and Southern States, and all places on the Oswego and Syracuse RR. by postal car	10.30 A.M.
Mexico, Pulaski, New Haven, Sandy Creek and all points on the R. W. & O. RR. north of Richland and Cuba	1.00 P. M.
For Rochester and all places on the Lake Ontario RR. connecting at Sterling with postal car for Auburn and all points on the Southern Central RR.	2.30 P. M.
North Scriba, Richland, New Haven, Mexico, Pulaski, Daysville, Ogdensburg, Watertown, Kingston, Ont., Syracuse, Utica, Albany, New York and East, Rochester, Buffalo, and West, Fulton and all places on Oswego & Syracuse RR. by postal car	5.30 P. M.

By Stage.

	Arrive.	Close.
Ira via South West Oswego and Hannibal, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	12.00 M.	2.00 P. M.
Scriba Corners, daily, Sundays excepted	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A. M.
South Scriba, Vermilion and North Volney, Wednesday and Saturday	12.00 M.	2.00 P. M.

Arrive by Railroad.

New York, Albany and East, Syracuse, Buffalo and West, and all places on Oswego and Syracuse RR. by postal car 8.30 A. M.

All offices on L. O. S. RR. and Auburn, via: "Southern Central" Railroad 11.40 A. M.

Sandy Creek, Watertown, Ogdensburg, Canada, Mexico, New Haven and Pulaski and all places on the R. W. & O. RR., north of Richland 1.30 P. M.

Syracuse, East and South way, Buffalo and West and all offices on Oswego and Syracuse RR. by postal car 4.15 P. M.

Rome and all places on the R. W. & O. RR. between Rome and Richland 5.00 P. M.

Midland way and Fulton 7.40 P. M.

Kingston, Canada, Ogdensburg, Pulaski, New Haven and Mexico 9.10 P. M.

Syracuse, Albany, New York, Buffalo, Rochester, Eastern and Western States 9.35 A. M.

All offices on Syracuse & Binghamton RR. 10.40 P. M.

Mails will be closed promptly at the specified times and all letters put in up to that time will go by first mail.

Mails will be closed by N. Y. C. RR. time.

Office open from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. On Sunday 9.45 till 10.45 A. M.

Money Order Office and Registered Letter Department open from 8.00 A. M. to 5.00 P. M.

JOHN A. PLACE, P. M.

may16'75dawtf

Architect.

A. J. HOPKINS, Architect, Office, 8 Grant Block, Oswego, N. Y. feb2eodly

Dyeing Establishment.

OSWEGO STEAM DYE WORKS.—Cleaning and Fancy Steam Dying done to order by D. K. Summerville, West Second between Bridge and Cayuga streets. jan7'76dly

Lock Smith and Bell Hanger.

C. E. CHASE, BELL HANGER, Lock, Gun, Sewing Machine and General Repair Shop, North Shore Old City Hall.

Dentist Surgeon.

DR. A. POOL, Office and residence 82 West First street. Office hours—From 9 to 10 a. m.—3 to 5 p. m.—and 8 to 9 in the evening.

DR. D. E. COOLEY, No. 13 East Bridge St., is fully prepared to perform all operations in Dentistry in a careful and judicious manner. Prices moderate. 1dec29w & wtn

Photographers.

M. DEMPSEY, West 1st street, over Farnham & Penfield's, and next door to the Savings Bank. All kinds of pictures taken in all kinds of weather.

LUMBER.

D. McRAE,

LUMBER DEALER.

Oak, Pine and Hemlock.

Bridge and Building Timber Cut to Order.

OFFICE—With Albert F. Smith, foot of East 1st street, Oswego, N. Y. aprl17d1yf

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LUMBER!

IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

At Wholesale Cash Prices.

ne, Cedar & Hemlock Shingles

FIELD POSTS, NO. 1 LATH, 1 1-4 IN.,

We will sell the same qualities of

Clapboards and Ceiling,

Cheaper than any other yard in the city.

ASH CEILING,

BASSWOOD 1-8 INCH CEILING,

and BLACK WALNUT

rchasers will find it to their interest to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.

SMITH & STOWELL,

West End Upper Bridge Oswego, N. Y.

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JOHN K. POST & CO.,

[Successors to Smith & Post.]

LUMBER DEALERS.

Shipping and Commission Merchants

OSWEGO, N. Y. SMITH'S COVE.

JOHN K. POST, Oswego.
A. SMITH & SON, Toronto.
SMITH CRAIG & CO., Albany. mar3d

EAST OSWEGO

PLANING MILL & LUMBER YARD

W. H. GOIT & CO.

MANUFACTURERS

FLOORING, ROOFING, CEILING and CLAPBOARDS

Also a Large Stock of

Lumber of All Descriptions!

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!

Cor. West 2d Street and Canvas Street, OSWEGO, N. Y.

The Daily Times.

A QUAKER ELOPEMENT.

A Sensation at MillBrook—The Runaway Couple in New York.

From the Rhinebeck (N. Y.) Gazette.

The village of Millbrook, on the Duchess and Columbia Railroad, is in a fever of excitement over an elopement which occurred there last Saturday. The principals in the affair are a Mr. J. Ira Raymond, a Quaker, forty years old, and a Miss Katy Whaley, a twenty-one year old house girl. The facts of the case are these: Katy was working in John's house as a servant. For about eighteen months they have been suspiciously intimate but, it seems, Mrs. Raymond was unaware of the true state of affairs until last Saturday. On that day John and Katy got their heads together and connected a plan for their especial pleasure and the consternation of all the quiet, peace-loving citizens of that village of condensed milk and coffee-mill notoriety.

On the day mentioned John and his wife started to visit a friend at Verbank. The same evening Katy took the milk train on the Dutchess and Columbia road, and at the train neared Verbank John said to his wife, "I guess I'll go down to the depot and see the train come in." The unsuspecting Mrs. Raymond let him go, and he has not returned since. He boarded the train and he and his dear little Katy proceeded to Mattoawan, where they took the omnibus for Fishkill station and from thence went by express to New York.

Katy drew some money that she had deposited in the Poughkeepsie Savings Bank a few days before and John, who was Treasurer of the Millbrook division of the Sons of Temperance, forgot to leave his receipts for $14.

The saddest part of the affair is that his wife and six children are left destitute, the brute taking every cent he could get hold of. He was in the employ of Mr. John Lane. Certain parties claim a knowledge of his whereabouts, and it is to be hoped that he will be arrested out and dealt with rigorously.

Jim Bennett's Check.

We have stated that James Gorden Bennett and a party of friends went from New York to Ottawa in a special train to attend the Governor General's fancy dress ball. A special dispatch to the *Graphic* puts a singular and humiliating face upon the affair.

It was anticipated that much attention would be paid to the James Gordon Beunett party, and the papers this morning were eagerly scanned for a description of the elegant costumes of the ladies, for their many immense Saratoga trunks were supposed to contain all that was rich and lovely in the shape of dress. The readers, however, were doomed to disappointment, for no description of the toilets appeared. Some attributed the absence of a glowing account of the dresses to the jealousy of the Canadians, and others stated that the sparkling champagne and nasty coal oil had got into the trunks at the time of the railroad accident yesterday and ruined the ladies' wardrobes. It was thought, too, that the nervous prostration that resulted from the terrible shaking up on the cars unnerved the ladies and prevented their meeting so brilliant an assembly.

All of these conjectures, however, appear to be groundless, and the reason of the omission of the tributes is that the party were not invited. It seems that Mr. Bennett telegraphed to Captain Hamilton, aide-de-camp to his Excellency, asking for tickets to Rideau Hall. He received an answer stating that all the invitations had been issued some time before. Mr. Bennett and party, however, went to Ottawa on "speculation," and had the pleasure of spending the evening at their hotel.

Much surprise is felt in Ottawa and elsewhere that Mr. Bennett should visit Ottawa with so large a party and imagine that he could force his way with them into a ball given by so distinguished a personage. A titter at their expense is going the rounds this morning.

He is Going to Resign.

From the Savannah News.

In Forsyth, one day last week, a gentleman standing in the street noticed a two-mule wagon drive up to one of the stores. There was nothing peculiar in this, but what particularly struck his attention was the fact that the driver, a colored man, had an exceedingly lengthy pair of reins, and was seated in the hindmost part of the wagon. When the team stopped, the negro cautiously fastened the lines to a standard, got out over the hind wheel, and made a circle of forty or fifty feet to get to the heads of the mules. This so excited the gentleman's curiosity that he walked up and asked:

"Look here, uncle, you are not crazy, are you?"

"Does I look like a crazy nigger, Mars Tom?"

"Well, what in the name of common sense are you cutting up these antics for—walking almost twice around the wagon to get to your mules, and seated on the 'gate' to drive?"

The negro looked a moment and then burst into an uncontrollable fit of laughter.

"What the devil do you mean?"

"Mars Tom, don't you know dat off mule dar? Dat's Mars Tump Ponder's roan mule?"

"Well, what the mischief is the matter with the mule?"

"Why, Mars Tom, dat mule is a sight—dat mule is. She's the ongodliest mule in all cre'shun. She got sense like white folks. No nigger can't come foolin' roun' her. Only las' Chusday she kick a brass bre's pin off a town meratter's shirt bozum. Truf, Mars Tom.—An' gone an' los' it hissef. I got him home now. Why Mars Tom, when I goes to hitch up dat mule, I has to put de harness on wid a pole, an' I has to git a new pole ebery time. Let me play wid powder an' Chrismus shooters, but don' gimmo no roan mule. I can't stay wid Mars Tump arter dis week. I'm too fon' of my fam'ly, I don't b'long to no church, nudder."

An Error Noted.

An incorrect story with reffcrance to the late Charlotte Cushman's first appearance as *Meg Merrilies* has long been going the rounds of the press, and, we observe that since her death it has been adopted and repeated in various obituary sketches. An account in *Harper's Weekly*, for instance states, that her first appearance as *Meg Merrilies* was made when the English tenor, Braham, was starring in New York. This was at the Park Theatre in 1840-41. The fact is this "Guy Mannering," in which *Meg Merrilies* occurs, was not announced for performance during Mr. Braham's engagement at the Park Theatre, and, if the piece was played at all, it must have been as a substitute for some other that had been promised. Miss Cushman, moreover, was not a member of the Park Theatre Company at the time, but was in Philadelphia; and if she then acted *Meg Merrilie* at all at the Park, she must have done so as a visitor from Philadelphia, at a period when she was playing, with great success, at Braton's National Theatre, in the character of *The Naiad Queen*. Finally the essential fact is; —as stated in the sketch of Miss Cushman, in this journal, Feb. 19—that Miss Cushman's first appearance as *Meg Merrilies* was made on May 8, 1837, several years before the date alleged in these erroneous accounts, not at the Park Theater, but at the National Theater, Italian Opera House, on the corner of Church and Leonard-sts., in this city. She also acted the part at the Park Theater, Jan. 25, 1839, for Mr. Brough's benefit,—the cast including the beneficiary as *Col. Mannering*, little Jones as *Henry Bertram*, Morley as *Gabriel*, Peter Richings as *Dirck Hatteraick*, Mrs. Bailey as *Julia Mannering*, and Mrs. Richardson;—now Mrs. Fishbourne as *Lucy Bertram*. At several later dates in that season "Guy Mannering" was announced, with Mr. and Mrs. Martyn, Miss Poole, Manvers and Giubilei in the cast; and, as Miss Cushman remained a member of the Park company, she doubtless repeated her performance of *Meg Merrilies*. This was some time before Braham's debut in New York and consequently the romantic yarn respecting his experience of her acting was unfounded. Miss Cushman's *Meg Merrilies* attracted no considerable attention here, comparatively speaking, until her return from her first visit to Europe.—*New York Tribune.*

The Commercial Traveller vs. Advertising in Newspapers.

The following vigorous editorial, from the pen of a writer who has made a study of the subject treated, is worthy of perusal. With the man who comes to buy terms can be arranged. The commercial traveller soliciting orders must extend such inducements as will tempt patronage. Terms are more definitely fixed, better understood, and more readily complied with when arranged at head-quarters. A newspaper advertisement brings the customer at a time when he wants to buy.

We are reminded of the drummer expense by a merchant who has felt the slowly tightening coil of this extravagant and unsatisfactory mode of doing business—that is, we have very recently had our attention directed to this subject, coupled with an inquiry if the press cannot unite with the merchants in one grand effort to rid the commercial transactions of the country of this insatiate consumer of profits, this worst and most extravagant of all "middle men." All along, farseeing merchants and manufacturers have addressed us, and the press generally, upon this important topic, and we have from time to time given our views upon this great problem of trade in the columns of the *Wisconsin*. It will be profitless to discuss how the system of sales by drummers slowly and gradually advanced from an exception to the rule of trade, until *all* classes, even the newspapers, were resistlessly swept into it, in self-defense. But at this season of balancing ledgers and counting the profits of business, it becomes pertinent to inquire if this is the most profitable and satisfactory way to trade. Our inquiry has been quite extensive with regard to this subject, and we find great unanimity among candid merchants, that the longer the system has been tried the less the profits, the less satisfactory the results. "But," nearly every man says, "what can I do? My neighbors in this city, and those in my line in other cities use this means of making sales, and I am forced to do the same?" The result is that the business of the country—the sales of the country—are being pushed beyond the wants of the consumer, and beyond the ability of the retail merchant to pay. Thus profits are all or largely dissipated, and even capital itself is slowly being swallowed up by this devouring enemy to healthful merchandising and manufacturing. We are not making this assertion upon mere assumption, but upon evidence of the merchants and manufacturers with whom we have come in contact. They inform us that very few drummers paid expenses last year; and if bad debts, gratuities, etc., are entered up on the cost side of the ledger, scarce a man on the road can show a balance on the credit side.

Now, this drummer extravagance, like all other extravagances of individuals, communities, or nations, did not appear at the outset, but in due course of time it is beginning to show itself in the most alarming inroads upon capital, to say nothing of the demoralization it engenders in the whole commercial community.

It is patent to the most ordinary merchant that the mode of selling goods by proxy—away from the parent house—from under the eye of the proprietor—and by a drummer whose accountability is only occasional and not constant—must of necessity be fraught with disadvantage and danger. It may and probably does increase sales; but we all know that the distress of the country has been caused or largely augmented by overdone trade and over production. It is equally patent that the best man, or men, in a house of merchandise, is the head, or heads, of that house—the owner of the capital invested. If its transactions are not under the supervision, if the sales are not made under the eye and with the advice and concurrence of the proprietor, and upon such knowledge of the buyers as personal acquaintance alone affords, then the sales are not made with the best judgment of the house, and upon such experience and skill as sound merchandising requires. Some advocate may claim that the drummer is often a better merchant than the proprietor. This may be true in exceptional cases—but the exception only strengthens the rule—the better the drummer, the more valuable would he be in the house at home, if the proprietor be his inferior in trading capacity. If not, then it might as well be claimed that the merchants of the country would find it profitable to abdicate in favor of their clerks. The preposterous. Then if it be true that the merchants of the country are not personally selling their goods and meeting the buyer face to face, and that it will be better for their interests when they can, the final inquiry comes, as from the merchant who called our attention to the matter. "What can we do to rid ourselves of the extravagance of the drummer system?" We reply, the press can only assist in the change: the great work must be done by the merchants themselves. Concert of action and time alone can do away with a system that has become a part and parcel of trade itself. It is fraught with such pernicious effects that every merchant and every mercantile association should begin this glorious Centennial year with one step, one action, one protest against it.

The National Game.

Taking as a basis of calculation all the small boys, and some of a larger growth, in this country, it is not improbable that there are more persons interested in the "national" game of base ball for the coming season than there are in the result of the next Presidential election. Such persons will be likely to regard the doings of "the Committee on Rules" of the National Association of Amateur Base Ball players which met in New York yesterday, as of importance. After due consultation the committee decided to recommend to the convention to be held in Philadelphia on the 8th of March, the playing rules as already adopted by the Professional League. The changes in last year's code which are to be recommended are as follows: One, which allows a base runner to run a base when a foul fly ball has been caught, after touching his base, the same as on a fair fly catch; another, which allows a base runner to return to his base when a foul ball has been struck, without running the risk of being put out, and a third, which practically gives the striker four strikes, in this way: When the striker has two strikes, he will be "warned" when the third fair ball has been delivered, instead of its being called a strike, as hitherto. The rules relating to the eligibility of players will be revised to be made more clear and strict, but apart from these alterations none of importance will be made.

The Personnel of the United States Army.

From a report submitted to Congress of men enlisted into the Army of the United States from January 1, 1864, to December 31, 1874, it appears that Americans, Irish and Germans compose the bulk of our military establishment in the order named. The report shows that the total number of enlistments for the ten years was 183,659. Of these 97,066 (or a little more than one-half) were natives; 36,649 (over one-fifth) were of Irish birth, and 28,127 (an eighth) were of German birth. Less than the seventh remaining were divided among forty-two countries, and of these Canada had 4,703, England, 9,037; Scotland, 2,456; and the Swiss republic 1,582; leaving to thirty-nine States and other foreign countries about 7,000, or about four per cent. of the enlistments as to nationality for each year covered by the statement is about the same as that for the aggregate. The figures are interesting and establish the fact that like the population of the country at large, the personnel of the army is decidedly composite in character.

GREAT MEDICAL BOOK and Secrets for Ladies & Gents, Sent free for two stamps. Address MEDICAL INSTITUTE, St. Joseph, Mo. sept18eod&wly

COAL! COAL! COAL!

COAL! COAL!

A. S. SMITH & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Scranton, Leghigh & Blossburg Coal!

OFFICE UNDER FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

Corner West First and Bridge Streets

☞ *Orders Promptly Filled and Special Attention Given to Screening.*

At the following prices per ton, delivered in any part of the city.

GRATE	$6.75
EGG	6.75
STOVE	7.20
CHESTNUT	6.95

A. S. SMITH. J. A. BAILY.

COAL! COAL!

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railway Company

Will sell until further notice, their Celebrated

ANTHRACITE COAL,

at the following prices per Ton, delivered in any part of the city, viz.:

GRATE	$6.75
EGG	6.75
STOVE	7.20
CHESTNUT	6.95

Special rates for Coal at Wholesale.

☞ All coal must be paid for when ordered.

A. G. COOK, Agent.

Office at West End of Lower Bridge.

Oswego, Jan. 12, 1876.

COAL!

The Delaware and Hudson Canal Co.

will sell until further notice, their celebrated

LACKAWANNA COAL!

received directly from the Mines, delivered in any part of the city, at the following prices per ton:

GRATE	$6.75
EGG	6.75
STOVE	7.20
CHESTNUT	6.95

E. M. FORT, Agent.

☞ Office corner of East First and Bridge Sts. nov97dtf

COAL! COAL! COAL!

JAMES DOYLE,

DEALER IN

The Celebrated Lackawanna Coal!

☞ All Coal Screened and promptly delivered in any part of the city, at the following prices:

GRATE	$6.75
EGG	6.75
STOVE	7.20
CHESTNUT	6.95

OFFICE IN STORE OF ALLEN & BURCHARD

174 West 1st street, Oswego, N. Y.
Oswego, June 30th, 1874—dly

COAL! COAL! COAL!

F. B. LATHROP

WILL UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, SELL

The Celebrated Wilkes-Barre Coal!

☞ Screened and promptly delivered in any part of the city, at the following prices per ton:

GRATE	$6.75
EGG	6.75
STOVE	7.20
CHESTNUT	6.95

OFFICE UNDER CITY SAVINGS BANK, West First Street.

1Jan'74dtf

A Popular History of the United States

BY WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT,

From the first discovery of the Western Hemisphere by the Northmen, to the end of the first century of the Union of the States, preceded by a sketch of the pre-historic period, and the age of the mound builders. No want in our literature has been so widely felt as that of a complete and compact history of the United States, adapted to popular perusal through its attractive narrative, and accepted as an authority through its full and accurate presentation of all the facts in our career as a nation.

It will be completed in four large royal octavo volumes, of about 700 pages, and profusely illustrated with 1,000 engravings, 65 of which will be full page, 17 steel, and all executed by the ablest artists of America, France and England. It will be sold exclusively by subscriptions and delivered to subscribers only. Apply to

BURNHAM & KIMBALL, General Agents, Syracuse, N. Y.

J. G. MERRIAM, Sole Agent for Oswego Co. Oswego, N. Y. 8febdeod1m

TO LET!

DWELLING HOUSE,

43 West Second Street,

With Grounds, Water, Gas and Furnace.

Apply on the premises,

1feb78dt ROBT. GREENE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

A FARM OF YOUR OWN IS

THE BEST REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES

FREE HOMESTEADS

—AND BE—

Best & Cheapest Railroad Land

ARE ON THE LINE OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,

IN NEBRASKA.

SECURE A HOME NOW. Full information sent free to all parts of the world. Address O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U. P. RR., Omaha, Neb.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Wanted. AGENTS for the best selling Stationery Packages in the world. It contains 15 sheets paper, 15 Envelopes, Golden Pen, Penholder, Pencil, Patent Yard Measure, and a piece of Jewelry. Single package, with pair of elegant Gold Stone Sleeve Buttons, post paid, 25cts., 5 for $1. This package has been examined by the publishers of and found as represented—worth the money. Watches given away to all agents. Circulars free. BRIDE & CO., 785 Broadway, New York.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

MIND READING, PSYCHOMANCY, or Fascination, Soul Charming, Mesmerism, and Marriage Guide, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly. 400 pages. By mail 50 cts Hunt & Co., 139 S. 7th St., Phila.

Ten years ago Messrs. George P. Rowell & Co. established their agency in New York City. Five years ago they absorbed the business conducted by Mr. John Hooper, who was the first to go into this kind of enterprise. Now they have the satisfaction of controlling the most extensive and complete advertising connection which has ever been secured, and one which would be hardly possible in any other country but this. They have succeeded in working down a complex business into so thoroughly a systematic method that no change in the newspaper system of America can escape notice, while the widest information upon all topics interesting to advertisers is placed reddily at the disposal of the public.

NEW YORK TIMES, June 14, 1875

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DOOLITTLE, AMES & CO.

Commission Merchants and Millers

—PROPRIETORS OF—

EMPIRE ELEVATOR & EMPIRE MILLS

MANUFACTURERS OF

FAMILY FLOUR!

of the following brands

DOOLITTLE, AMES & CO.'S XX,
LAFAYETTE MILLS FLOUR,
MADISON MILLS FLOUR,
EMPIRE MILLS FLOUR

East First Street, Oswego, N. Y

apr 7

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In pursuance of an order of T. W. Skinner, Surrogate of Oswego county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against Joseph C. Pease, late of the city of Oswego, in said county, deceased, to present their accounts, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned at his residence, No. 89 West 7th street, Oswego city, New York, on or before the 8th day of March, 1876, they will lose the benefit of the statute in such case made and provided.

JOSEPH H. LAWRENCE, Administrator.

Oswego, Sept. 2d, 1875 d&wtmc

Savings Banks.

SIX PER CENT.

THE OSWEGO COUNTY

SAVINGS BANK!

(Chartered May 6, 1870.)

Corner East First and Bridge Streets

OSWEGO, N. Y.

Interest Compounded Semi Annually January and July.

SIX PER CENT!

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. and from 3 P. M. to 4 P. M., and on Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Economy of management and convenience of location, render this a desirable place of deposit, particularly for Farmers, Executors, Guardians, Sailors, Mechanics, Boatmen, Females, and all persons unaccustomed to financial transactions.

The President and Treasurer are in attendance during Banking hours and ready to give any information.

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SAMUEL B. JOHNSON, 1st Vice-President.
CHESNEY AMES, 2d Vice-President.
ROBERT SCOTT, 3d Vice-President.
ALONZO H. FARLING, Secretary.

OREN M. BOND, CHAS. NORTH,
DANIEL L. COUCH, ALANSON S. PAGE,
GILBERT A. DAYTON, GILBERT E. PARSONS,
DELOS DEWOLF, CHARLES RHODES,
CHAS. DOOLITTLE, GEORGE S. SLOAN,
BENJ. DOOLITTLE, BENJAMIN S. STORRS,
THOS. KINGSFORD, BENJ. C. TURNER,
PETER LAPPIN, WILLIAM H. WALES,
D. C. LITTLEJOHN, JOHN WENDELL,
J. L. MCWHORTER, MANHEIM W. WORTS,
JOSEPH B. LATHROP, Treasurer.

1feb'76

OSWEGO CITY

SAVINGS BANK!

(Incorporated March 4, 1869.)

WEST FIRST STREET,

OSWEGO, N. Y.

Open Daily from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., and on Saturday Evening from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SUMS AS SMALL AS FIVE CENTS

will be received. Bank Books furnished without charge.

Married Women

and Minor Children may Deposit money, so that no one else can draw it.

Societies

may deposit money from time to time, and before making the first deposit, may provide by vote, how and by whom it shall be drawn out; and, provided a copy of the Resolution be furnished to the Savings Bank, no money will be paid unless its provisions are strictly complied with.

Depositors.

whether Foreigners or Citizens, have the same rights as to property, and in case of death, any money to their credit will be paid to their legal representatives, whether they are in this country or elsewhere.

Wills

Printed forms of Wills have been prepared by the Counsel of the Savings Bank, so that any depositor may legally designate some one who may take charge of his money and property, and be guardian of his children in case of his death. Thus much inconvenience and expense may be avoided. An officer of the Savings Bank, (without any charge for his services) prepares a will for any depositor applying.

Compound Interest,

At the rate of six per cent. per annum, is paid on all sums.

Working People

Need not lose any time, as the Savings Bank is kept open

SATURDAY EVENINGS

for their convenience.

Means for Identifying Depositors.

When a new depositor first comes to the Savings Bank, precautions are taken, and records made, so that he may always be identified, and so that in case a book is lost, the owners thereof cannot be defrauded.

☞ The business of this institution is confined exclusively to the receipt and care of savings, deposits, and funds deposited in trust. No commercial or general banking business is transacted.

☞ A large proportion of the funds are invested by loan upon real estate in the city of Oswego and vicinity. In making such loans preferences will be given to applications from depositors of small means, who have accumulated in the institution sufficient funds to pay for a lot of ground, and desire to borrow something more to aid them in erecting buildings to be used as permanent homes for themselves and families.

☞ Money remitted by draft to Europe or elsewhere for depositors.

☞ Plans of Cheap cottages may be seen at the Savings Bank.

☞ Guardians, Trustees, Females, and person unaccustomed to financial transactions, will find this Bank a safe and convenient place at which to make deposits and do business.

The Treasurer and Secretary of the Bank will be in attendance during business hours to give any desired information.

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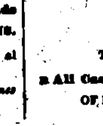

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