

CRITICISM IS HARSH.

Storm Bursting Over Heads of Government Officials.

CONSERVATIVES JOIN IN

No Knowing Where Agitation Will Lead—Scanty News Today From the Seat of War—Gatacre Reports Unsuccessful Reconnaissance at Stormberg.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The plight of British arms in South Africa is overshadowed for the present by the storm which is bursting over the head of the home government. The Manchester speeches of Mr. A. J. Balfour the government leader in the House of Commons, have roused such a torrent of criticism from the press and individuals of his own party that were Parliament to reassemble to-day it is doubtful if the Conservatives would retain power in spite of their tremendous majority of the past session.

The post-up dissatisfaction with the government's lack of energy in waging the war is no longer concealed. When such ardent conservative papers as the Times and Globe come out boldly with reproaches there is no knowing where the agitation will end. The provincial press has already taken up the cry. For the moment Mr. Balfour is the scapegoat, but there is a terrible rod in pickle for the Marquis of Lansdown, while Lord Salisbury and other cabinet ministers will not escape unless a wonderful change comes over the war situation.

Conservative leaders grave. A representative of the Associated Press learns that the conservative leaders privately admit the gravity of their position, but fall to see what can be done. In the meanwhile they hope that success in the field will abate the popular clamor. Some of the conservative papers go so far as to regret the extreme age of the cabinet ministers, and refer to the cabinet as a body of patriarchs. Under these circumstances it is doubtful whether events transpiring between now and the reassembling of parliament will be powerful enough to restore confidence in the government and maintain its majority.

There is the important alternative that Lord Lansdown or Lord Wolseley may be sacrificed. A representative of the Associated Press learns that Lord Wolseley not only disapproved of Lord Robert's appointment to the chief command of the British troops in South Africa, but allowed his disapproval to be generally known, and that it is a fact that he knew nothing of the government's intentions in this respect until he saw the announcement of the appointment in the newspapers.

Alger—Miles Fight Nowhere. It is said that if it should come to a public disagreement between the Commander-in-Chief and the Secretary of State for war it would be a fight far more bitter than the one waged between General Buller and Miles. Whatever ensues, the immediate future will doubtless see attacks on the government such as Lord Salisbury has not had to withstand during the course of his political career.

The borrowing powers conferred on the government at the last session of Parliament, are almost exhausted. About seven and a half out of eight millions of treasury bills authorized have already been issued. But the large revenues coming in will probably furnish ample funds until Parliament meets.

There was a singular death of news this morning from all parts of the theatre of war. General French supplements his address of yesterday by reporting that Captain Richards and four troops of the Life Guards are missing, showing that his reconnoitering party met with opposition. General Gatacre despatched a strong force on Monday, Jan. 8 to reconnoiter Stormberg, which the Boers were reported to have evacuated. The British found the burghers strongly entrenched and returned to Sterksprong. Otherwise there was no fresh news, unless it was that the Soldiers and Firemen's Union of Glasgow were trying to block the sailing of the transport City of Rome by demanding an increase of wages.

St. Paul Said to Be Chartered. LONDON, Jan. 10.—The admiralty, in seeking transports, is reported to have chartered the American liner St. Paul, which was inspected previously to chartering, and three Liverpool steamers.

Total British Casualties 7,213. LONDON, Jan. 10.—A War Office compilation of casualties, issued last evening, shows a total of 7,213, of whom 1,027 were killed, 3,675 wounded and 2,511 missing. These do not include 110 who have succumbed to disease nor the casualties at Ladysmith last Saturday.

Beers Leave Magerfontein?

LONDON, Jan. 10.—An incredible rumor comes from Cape Town that the Boers have withdrawn from Magerfontein. Probably this is an embellishment of the native reports that General Cronje is sending reinforcements to Colesberg.

ANTI-BILL MAN SCORES.

William H. Tracy Wins Out in Contest in Monroe County Democratic Committee.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 10.—A direct trial of strength between the local Hill and anti-Hill Democrats took place in the Monroe County Democratic Committee meeting yesterday on the question as to whether State Committeeman William H. Tracy, bitterly anti-Hill, should retain County leadership. He was supported by ex-Mayor Warner, and the Hill forces were led by Alderman J. Miller Kelly and State Committeeman E. T. Hickey. Tracy won on a vote on a contested seat by 23 to 10 and strong Bryan resolutions were adopted.

DROWNING FATALITIES.

Three Young People Skate Into an Opening in the Ice and Perish.

BAYSVILLE, Ont., Jan. 10.—While skating on the Lake of Bays, Thomas Brown, Jr., aged 11 years, Margaret Brown, aged 21 years, and Jane Brown, aged 17 years, children of Thomas Brown, ran into an opening in the ice near Black Point and were all drowned. The bodies of the two girls have been recovered.

WEATHER BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10, 1900.—Cold wave. Temperature will fall 20 to 30 degrees by Thursday morning.

NAME TO BE SENT IN FRIDAY.

Governor Declines to Make Known His Choice for Supt. Payn's Successor.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—Governor Roosevelt will not send in tonight to the Senate the name of a successor to State Superintendent of Insurance Louis F. Payn. The Governor, who it is understood has two new names of prominent men under consideration, will send in his nomination Friday if the Legislature sits until that date. In case of an adjournment either tonight or Thursday until Monday night the name will be sent in early next week. The Governor declines to make known his choice.

DR. MCGLYNN'S FUNERAL.

Impressive Rites at Obsequies of Dead Priest—Archbishop Corrigan Presides.

NEW BRITAIN, Jan. 10.—The funeral of Dr. Edward McGlynn was held today in St. Mary's Church, which was crowded to the doors. Many could not obtain admission. The services were exceedingly impressive and were presided over by Most Reverend Archbishop Corrigan, head of the diocese of New York. About one hundred priests of the diocese were present, and also all the Protestant clergymen of the city, who had been specially invited. The city officials were also present by invitation. Dr. Burtell spoke for thirty-five minutes in eulogizing the dead priest. He had been Dr. McGlynn's intimate friend for fifty years, having studied for the priesthood with him in the Propaganda at Rome. He referred at length to the Doctor's remarkable mental acquisitions, and to his beautiful personal characteristics.

SENATE HONORS HOBART.

Eloquent Tributes Paid to Memory of Dead Vice-President—Dewey One of the Speakers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Today the Senate paid eloquent tributes of respect and affection to the memory of Vice-President Garret A. Hobart. The distinguished had public services and private character of Mr. Hobart were warmly eulogized in speeches by Mr. Sewell, Mr. Daniel, Mr. Lodge and Mr. Dewey. Mr. Dewey paid eloquent tribute to the memory of Mr. Hobart who was a long time a personal friend. Mr. Dewey who thus addressed the Senate for the first time, was at his best in voice and his oration was listened to with deepest attention.

Shot Himself, Says.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Mrs. Theresa Nally, who has been insane for some time, has suddenly regained her reason through a strange circumstance, though she may die. She got hold of a rifle and shot herself through the head. When she regained consciousness it was found that her insanity had left her. She said: "I'm not crazy now. The bullet cured me. I may die, but I won't die crazy."

THOMAS MOORE'S HARP.

Instrument Belonging to Famous Poet Now in Hands of New York Woman.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—There has arrived in this city from Dublin, a musical instrument with an interesting history. It is the harp of Thomas Moore, the Irish poet, and is now the property of Marie Glover-Miller, the soprano soloist of the Church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus. The instrument belonged to her grandfather, the late Professor Glover of Dublin, to whom it was given by the Messrs. Moore, the Irish poet, and is now the property of Marie Glover-Miller, the soprano soloist of the Church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus. The instrument belonged to her grandfather, the late Professor Glover of Dublin, to whom it was given by the Messrs. Moore, the Irish poet, and is now the property of Marie Glover-Miller, the soprano soloist of the Church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus.

WILL FIGHT TRUSTS.

State National Banks Taking Steps to Restrict Their Privileges by Legislation.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The State and National banks purpose to make a vigorous fight against the trust companies. Assemblyman Trainor will introduce to-night in the Legislature two bills to restrict the privileges of the trust companies and place them on something of an equality with the State and National banks, says the Times to-day.

The first bill to be introduced will be an amendment to the banking law providing that each Trust Company, organized under the general banking laws of this State shall at all times have on hand in lawful money of the United States an amount equal to at least 15 per cent. of the aggregate amount of its deposits, if its principal place of business is located in any city of the State having a population of 800,000 and over, and ten per cent. in other points. The Superintendent of the Banking Department may notify any Trust Company when lawful money reserve is below the amount required to make such amount good, and if it shall fail to do so within thirty days such Trust Company shall be deemed insolvent.

The second bill is simply an amendment to the general tax law and provides for the addition of the words "Trust Company or Companies," after State and National Banks, where taxation of the latter is provided for.

IDENTIFIES HOLDER.

But Emma Hartigan Says Molineux Is Not the Man Who Bought It.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The first witness to-day in the trial of Ireland B. Molineux for the alleged murder of Mrs. Kate J. Adams was Charles Jacobs, senior member of the firm of Charles Jacobs & Co., in whose name the letter inquiring about Frederick Stearns & Co. of Detroit. He merely said that he had signed the letter addressed to Stearns & Co. at the request of Rudolph Helles and that he did not know its contents nor its purpose. Mr. Weeks did not cross examine.

Gustave Kutnow, a member of the firm of Kutnow Brothers was next called. He produced samples of the three forms in which Kutnow powders are put up. It was shown that the trade bottle could be opened without breaking a seal and removing a capsule. The tin sample box, however, could be opened by simply removing a cover. It was in such a box that the prosecution alleged that the late H. C. Barnett received the poison.

An Absurd Question.

"Mr. Kutnow, do you put cyanide of mercury in Kutnow powders?" "That question is absurd." "You think it is absurd?" "Yes."

Mr. Osborne read the notice on the sample box which had before been placed in evidence. The notice forbids the selling of the article or any attempt to evade the war tax. The witness said that these notices were first put on the sample boxes in July, 1898, when the war tax was inaugurated, so that the box shown him must have been obtained later than July, 1898.

The Holder Identified.

Emma Miller, the clerk in Hartigan's store in Newark, who had said she sold the silver holder which embraced the bottle of poison that killed Mrs. Adams, was put on the stand. She identified the holder which is an exhibit before the court as having come from Hartigan's. As she had sold the only one like it that had been disposed of by the firm, she designated the holder as the one she had handled. On cross examination Mr. Weeks told Molineux to stand up and Miss Miller said he was not the man who had bought the holder.

German Needle Syndicate Revived.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—It is announced in manufacturing circles here that the German needle syndicate has been revived.

SECY GAGE REPLIES.

Answers Sulzer and Allen on National Bank Depositories.

EXPLAINS HIS COURSE.

Same Policy Pursued For Years—To Have Withdrawn Money Into Treasury Would Have Been Menace to Public Business—No Discrimination Shown.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Secretary Gage to-day sent to Congress his reply to the resolution recently introduced in the Senate by Mr. Allen of Nebraska and in the House by Mr. Sulzer of New York. It is an exhaustive exposition of the management of that branch of the treasury finances under his administration, relating to National bank depositories and contains about 9,000 words supplemented by special inquiries in the resolutions, including copies of over 1,000 letters on the subject under consideration. In summing up his reply to the inquiries, the Secretary says:

"First—That the reason for utilizing National banks as depositories for public moneys, as authorized by law, when the receipts of the Treasury were exceeding its expenditures, has been to avoid the disturbance to business which the withdrawal of large sums of money from active circulation to the Treasury vaults must inevitably cause. The policy thus pursued by me has been the established policy of the government for many years, and a departure from it under similar conditions would certainly cause disastrous results.

"Second—The reasons for directing the internal revenue receipts into depository banks at this time is that the revenues are now largely exceeding disbursements from month to month and seem likely to do so for an indefinite time. This condition would be a menace to the business world if assured were not given that this surplus would be diverted from the Treasury vaults to public depositories where, while secure to the government, it would remain available to business use.

"Third—The reason for directing all of the internal revenue receipts to one depository was that it is more convenient to first collect the receipts of numerous offices into one place and make the desired distribution from it than to give new instructions daily to 113 collectors. The most convenient agency to effect such distribution is a bank which is a member of the New York clearing house.

"Fourth—The reason for selecting the National City Bank as such distributing agent was that at the time the order was issued it was one of but two banks which had offered bonds sufficient to cover the amount of the daily deposit. Its bond deposit was \$4,000,000 and that of the Hanover National Bank \$1,910,500. The National City Bank was therefore the one most naturally chosen. Of the sixty-eight banks applying for a share of the deposits the National City Bank, the Hanover National Bank and three others, applicants for over \$800,000 each, are the only ones out of the sixty-eight constituting group one which have not been supplied the full amount for which they had offered securities.

The Custom House Property.

"Fifth—The Custom House property was sold to the National City Bank as the highest bidder on July 3, 1899. Under the terms of the sale it had the option of paying in all of the purchase money at any time or any part it might choose above \$750,000, which sum it was absolutely obliged to pay. It exercised this option by paying to pay \$3,215,000, leaving \$60,000 yet due. No deed will be executed until full payment has been made. The payment received was turned into the Treasury by deposit in the National City Bank, it having been the established custom of Treasury officials under the counsel of their legal advisers, supported by decisions of the Supreme Court to consider moneys on deposit to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States in designated depositories as moneys in the Treasury. This deposit was made in a depository for the same reason that other deposits have been made in them, viz., because to withdraw the currency into the vaults of the Treasury, where it was not needed and could not be utilized, would have required a withdrawal of credit that was being extended in commercial circles, and to that extent a disturbance to the natural order of business would have followed. To have required its payment by the National City Bank to another designated depository would have been an ungracious discrimination without substantially changing the fact.

No Discrimination.

"Finally, under my administration of the Treasury Department no discrimination in favor of one bank against another has been made. Generally speaking, when an increase in

depository banks was desired, all have been invited to qualify themselves for receiving such money, and have been equally and equitably considered in their respective relations to the Treasury."

FRANCE AND SANTO DOMINGO.

Presence of American Warship May Lead to Prompt Settlement of the Dispute.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The Foreign Office officials here express themselves as sanguine that a satisfactory settlement of the trouble between France and Santo Domingo will be reached to-day. The only question now remaining, it is pointed out, is reparation for the insults offered France and this will doubtless be arranged at an interview to be held to-day between Admiral Richard and President Jimenes.

In official circles here the belief is expressed that the presence of an American warship in Santo Domingo will lead to a prompt arrangement.

DRUGGISTS PAY THE PENALTY.

Judgments Recovered Against Them For Selling Liquor With Physician's Prescription.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—State Commissioner of Excise Lyman reports that he has recovered judgment in the Broome County Supreme Court for \$500 and costs, against Truman H. Wheeler and the surety on his liquor tax bond, the United States Guarantee Company. Wheeler violated the conditions of the bond filed with his application for a pharmacist's liquor tax certificate by selling liquors without a physician's prescription. This is the second case in Broome County in which a verdict has been brought in against a druggist for illegal traffic this week.

Commissioner Lyman has also recovered judgment of \$700 and costs against Michael Schermerhorn of Ulster County and the Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland, surety on his liquor tax bond, for illegal traffic in liquor.

ROOT DOESN'T WANT IT

Says He Will Not Be Candidate For Vice-Presidency—Prefers to Stay Where He Is.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 10.—Henry C. Payne, National Republican Committeeman of Wisconsin, to-day received a letter from Secretary of War Root in which he states that he is not and will not be a candidate for Vice-President of the United States. Mr. Root thinks it far more important to the country, the administration and the Republican party that he should continue to attend to the business of the War Office.

Wants Raines Law Repealed.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—In the House to-night Mr. Julius Harburger will introduce a resolution criticising the workings of the Excise Department and urging the repeal of the Raines liquor tax law.

Justice Williams Designated.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—The designation by Governor Roosevelt of Justice Parson C. Williams of Watertown, as a Justice of the Appellate Division bench, Fourth Department, to succeed Justice Walter Lloyd Smith, has been filed with the Secretary of State at Albany.

Big Surplus in German Treasury.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—In introducing the estimates in the Lower House of the Diet to-day, the Minister of Finance, Dr. Von Miquel, declared the budget was the most favorable ever submitted. He added that the surplus for 1898-99 was \$4,360,000,000 and the current year was expected to furnish equally satisfactory results.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

Blackburn was to-day declared by the Joint Assembly at Frankfort elected to the Senate.

The Lewiston fund amounts to less than \$100,000. General Corbin thinks it is likely to reach \$100,000.

Andrew Carnegie has offered to give Chillihohe, Mo., \$25,000 for a public library building if the city will provide the site and \$5,000 annually for running expenses.

The torpedo boat destroyer Goldsborough was given another trial on the Columbia River yesterday and during a short run developed speed close to 33 miles per hour.

It is reported that James J. Hill, President of the Great Northern Railroad, is about to add a mammoth steel plant to his other properties, principally for the manufacture of steel rails, and to be located at Great Falls, Mont.

Dr. A. J. MacDougal of Flint, Mich., it is said, has just received word from his grand-uncle, Lord Alexander William MacDougal, of Inverness, Scotland, that a fortune of \$1,000,000 and the title of Lord MacDougal await him.

By the burning out of electric light wires in a conduit under Seventh Avenue last night in New York City, a number of paper Broadway theatres and a score or more of hotels and cafes were left in utter darkness. Report was had to take up daps.

CHURCHES FREED FROM DEBT.

Thirty Thousand Dollars' Worth of Methodist Mortgages to Be Burned To-morrow Night in Albany.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—An extraordinary ceremony takes place in this city Thursday evening in the presence of Bishop Warren and other distinguished representatives of the Methodist Church, when \$30,000 worth of mortgages, comprising the entire indebtedness of all the Methodist churches in the city of Albany, will be publicly burned. The movement to clear the Albany churches of debt was inspired about three years ago by a well-known layman, a wealthy merchant, Mr. Charles Gibson. The money has been obtained by voluntary subscriptions.

The closing year of the century ushered in a general movement on the part of the Methodist denomination to free its churches from debt and Albany is among the first to lead the way.

DIXON KNOCKED OUT.

McGovern Wins in Eight Rounds and Holds Double Championship.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—After holding the feather weight championship of the world, which he won from "Cot" McCarthy nearly nine years ago, George Dixon had to relinquish it to the little Brooklyn "terror," Terry McGovern, last night, at the Broadway Athletic Club. McGovern, in defeating Dixon, possesses double championship honors. He is now the champion as well as the feather weight champion of the world.

Terry won the former title in short order by defeating Paddy Palmer in less than half a round at Westchester a few months ago. As for Dixon, he went down to defeat last night after the hardest fought battle of his life.

Both Men Were Game. Both men were game, but early in the eighth round Dixon slipped to the floor near the ropes from a clinch and McGovern earned the cheers of the spectators by helping Dixon to his feet. A few minutes later Dixon stepped on a wet spot in McGovern's corner and slipped to the floor for a second time. It was now seen that Dixon had almost shot his bolt, and McGovern, rushing, sent left and right to the jaw, flooring the champion. Dixon took the greater part of the count this time, and as he arose slowly, Terry, who stood scarcely four feet away, was ready to rush at him. Dixon went down again from a body blow, and in all he touched the floor eight times in the round, the last five times being the result of terrific body punches. A few seconds before the round would have been completed Dixon stood up from his eighth fall, but his manager and backer, Tom O'Rourke, seeing that it was impossible for the negro to hold on to his title, threw up the sponge within one second of the call of time which would have ended the round.

Both O'Rourke and Dixon have often said that the latter would never be knocked out again, and by throwing up the sponge, though forfeiting the championship, they kept their promise.

McGovern Scarcely Marked.

When the contestants returned to their dressing rooms Dixon was badly marked up, but McGovern showed very little signs of having come through a hard encounter. The only marks that McGovern had were scratches on the right side of his neck where Dixon's left swings had gone around, scratching the skin.

Dixon felt his defeat very keenly and had very little to say, except that McGovern was the best man he had ever met and that Terry would have beaten, in his present condition, any man that Dixon had ever defeated. McGovern wore his championship laurels modestly and said that he thought the contest would surely end before ten rounds had been fought. At no stage of the game had he any doubt as to the outcome, but he gave all credit to Dixon as being the hardest proposition he had ever met during his brief career in the ring.

Bound to Fight Jeffries.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Tom Sharkey at the Lyric Theatre last night announced that he would retire from the ring unless he could fight Jeffries again.

INFLUENZA IN ENGLAND.

Epidemic Spreading Throughout the Whole Country—Many Deaths Reported.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The epidemic of influenza is spreading throughout the whole country. The newspapers contain long lists of notable sufferers from the disease and the death lists are abnormally long. The royal household at Osborne house, Isle of Wight, has not escaped. Many of its members have been removed to a sanitarium.

FRISLAND SENT AFTER THE AMBULANCE.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 10.—The Minister of Marine has instructed the commander of the Dutch cruiser Frisland, now at Lorenzo Marques, to proceed to Durban and take on board the Dutch ambulance intended for the Transvaal and the stores sent out for the Frisland herself, which form part of the cargo of the Herzog.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

BALFOUR'S DEFENSE.

Government Leader Speaks of Extraordinary Problems of War.

REBUKES THE CRITICS.

Says Even An Angel From Heaven Would Know Better Than to Think War Could Be Conducted Just As It Was Laid Out on Paper.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Mr. A. J. Balfour, the government leader in the House of Commons, at a luncheon to-day, repudiated the accusation that he was a thick and thin supporter of the War Office. If an angel from Heaven told him it was possible in a great way to carry out everything as written out on paper he should know that the angel was drawing upon his imagination. It was not true that the War Office had sent the British army into the field with guns which placed them at a hopeless disadvantage with their enemies.

He did not claim that the army system was perfect, but the critics ought not to ignore the extraordinary military problems of the present war, between which and the problems with which Continental headquarters had to deal there was no parallel.

Enemy Mounted.

For the first time in the history of the world the country had to meet an enemy entirely mounted, and it was true that if Great Britain had entered into the war with a vast number of mounted soldiers it would have long before been concluded. Hereafter it would be recognized that guns were not so mobile as horse soldiers and that field artillery must be made part of the regular equipment of every army.

But, seeing that the British War Office had not lagged behind the best military opinion of to-day it was ludicrous to charge it with want of presence. He was sure justice would be done in due time to the administrative system of the army. The last thing the government desired was any undue concealment of unpleasant facts.

REBER-MILES WEDDING

Brilliant Scenes Attend Nuptials of Daughter of General Commanding the Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Miss Cecelia Sherman Miles, daughter of the General commanding the army, and Captain Samuel Reber, U. S. A., were married at noon to-day at St. John's Church, Rev. Alexander Mackay-Smith, D. D., officiating, assisted by Rev. Dean Davis of St. Louis. A breakfast at which several hundred guests were present followed, at the residence of General and Mrs. Miles.

Captain and Mrs. Reber left for a Southern trip. They will go later to Governor's Island, where the former is stationed.

This marriage to which fashionable Washington has looked forward since the announcement last autumn as the first important nuptial event of 1900, realized all the anticipations formed of its brilliancy. St. John's Church was filled to the brim and the guests comfortably. The wedding attracted not only official, but diplomatic and resident friends of the family, but also kinsfolk and celebrities from several other States.

FLOUR IS RELEASED.

British Note Says Food Stuffs Are Not Contraband of War.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The American flour seized off Delago Bay has been released. Ambassador Choate had an interview with the Marquis of Salisbury this afternoon and received a verbal reply to the representations of the Washington government. The British note on this subject was sent later to the United States embassy. The gist of it was cabled to Washington. In brief, food stuffs are not considered contraband of war unless intended for the enemy.

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