

# The Auburn Bulletin.

VOL. 30. NO. 6238.

AUBURN, NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1886.

THREE FORTY-FIVE P. M.

## GLADSTONE.

### THE PARNELLITES WILL LOOK TO HIM FOR ALL THE AID THEY HOPE TO GET.

#### New Rules Proposed in the Commons to Bar the Nationalists.

Londoners Afraid of a Rejection of the Attempt to do Damage With Dynamite as Was Done in Vienna.

United Press Dispatch.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The astounding effect of Mr. Gladstone's speech, especially among the new Liberal members of parliament is becoming hourly more apparent. His phenomenal power of expression, the facility with which he turns an apparently hopeless position, into one almost unassailable and the intensity of resource, which he displays, compels an irresistible allegiance from young members. Besides Mr. Gladstone's happy position on the first question, although he propounded no definite policy, has delighted the Parnellites, and they are almost unanimously agreed that Gladstone is still willing and able to persuade the country and his party into accepting Home Rule for Ireland. The former hope of Tory support has vanished out of a new one has risen in its place, and the Irish parliamentarianism turns once more to the great Liberal leader for the fulfilment of its desires. They realize that he is alone, of English statesmen, is Liberal enough to appreciate their demands and strong enough to grant them. At the Parnellite headquarters it is announced that if Mr. Gladstone will undertake the task of presenting measures for Home Rule, the tactics of the Nationalist party will be modified so as to assist him in every possible way. Thomas Sexton's speech, in the House last night, was a fine laid down by Mr. Parnell, indicating in serious and manly phrases the extraordinary position of the Nationalist party in the new Parliament and their determination to assist in justice and consideration. Like Mr. Parnell, however, he stated that no word, or act, on the part of himself or colleagues would interfere with honest efforts for Ireland's good. Mr. Gladstone listened intently to Mr. Sexton throughout and afterwards told his friends that he had just been cheered by a piece of real oratory. Mr. Sexton's effort was a direct arraignment of Lord Salisbury's government, many of his knock-down statements making the Tory leaders wince.

### SKETCHY TO ADHERE TO MONOMETALLISM.

The early announcement of Germany that she has determined to adhere to monometallism, which has been going on in the agricultural districts of Germany for weeks, this sudden determination on the part of the German authorities was entirely unexpected. The farmers, to whom a dual currency is almost vital, have held meetings in all sections, circulated thousands of pamphlets and petitions, explaining their wants and otherwise tried to impress upon the Berlin government, a full sense of the necessity for a return to a bimetallic standard. The bureau-cracy of the capital has, however, turned a deaf ear to these appeals and the edict for a gold standard has gone forth.

### NEWS FROM IRELAND.

The letters of Mr. Frederick Bussy, the Cable News relief commissioner, which have been published in the London Chronicle, and many other provincial journals, have created a widespread interest. His graphic descriptions of misery and suffering on the islands off the west coast of Ireland have even aroused the Irish local government into sending an inspector to investigate and the other conditions of the inhabitants. The poor-law guardians in these islands have so far succeeded in collecting but a fraction of the local taxes with the greatest difficulty, and in order to obtain this mite they have been obliged to pay the collector a commission of 2 shillings and 6 pence on the pound. The aged potatoes, upon which the inhabitants have been subsisting, are nearly all gone.

### TO DIVINE THE SAVANNA GRASP.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The Daily News Berlin dispatch says that a proposal to definitely divide the island of the United States, Germany and England, died much favor in commercial circles.

### NEW RULES IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The Daily Telegraph says the Irish members of the House of Commons express grave discontent, over the proposed new rules of procedure. Hitherto a motion to adjourn without transacting any business has been in order, if forty members concurred. The new rules contemplate increasing the necessary number to 100. The Nationalist members, who muster only 86 all told, complain that the rule is directed against them.

### TO GERMANIZE POLAND.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—The North German Gazette says that the Prussian government has decided to purchase the estates of Polish provinces, and parcel them out to German peasants, and also to increase the number of German schools in those provinces, with a view to Germanizing them.

### LONDONERS FEAR DYNAMITE.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The dynamite scare, which so terrified the Londoners at the time of the explosions in London Tower, just one year ago to-morrow, has again seized upon the people and the authorities. In consequence of alleged threats made by the Irish because of references to the affairs of Ireland in the Queen's speech, the police force at all the public buildings has been doubled to-day. At the official residence of Lord Salisbury, where a cabinet council is being held, a large force of police is on guard. The utmost vigilance is being observed everywhere. The approaches to the parliament buildings and the tower of London are closely guarded to-day and strangers are not allowed to enter, unless they are able to produce satisfactory proof of their identity. The belief appears to be general among the authorities, that the dynamites intend to make another descent upon these buildings to-day. The last explosion occurred on January 31st 1885.

### Steamship Arrivals.

At New York: Films, from Bremen; Baltic, from Liverpool; State of Pennsylvania, from Glasgow.

## Floods in California.

### Property Damaged by Heavy Rain and Two Lives Lost.

United Press Dispatch.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—The steamer Orizaba arrived last night from Los Angeles and brings details of damage by storm to that vicinity. Sunday, Monday and Tuesday's rain was succeeded by a cloud burst in San Fernando, on the last mentioned day and the Los Angeles river, almost without warning, became a torrent and overflowed the centre of the town. The water also covered over 2,000 acres of orchards and vineyards and rose two inches higher than the flood of February 1882. Over fifty houses were washed away or wrecked. Every bridge across the Los Angeles river was swept away and also hundreds of feet of track of the Southern Pacific and local railroads. Telegraph poles were included in the general destruction and for three days all communication was cut off. Miss Kate Lytle, and Mrs. Theresa Whitney, sisters, were drowned in their house by the flood, which wrecked the dwelling. Other lives are believed to have been lost. The damage to property in Los Angeles county is estimated at \$500,000.

## Among the Mormons.

United Press Dispatch.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Jan. 23.—An exciting event yesterday, was the arrest of N. V. Jones, city tax collector, a prominent Mormon official, for an attempt to bribe a deputy to reveal the secrets of the United States Marshal's office. Jones is the man who notified persons to halt their flight July 4th. He was held in the sum of \$10,000. At a called meeting of citizens last night resolutions, were passed, expressing deep feeling on the burdese, which legislation has placed upon citizens; further, that general prosperity would not return until such legislation was reversed. They thanked Senators Beck and Teller for their presentations of the necessity of silver.

## The Western Wheat Market.

United Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Ex-Governor E. D. Washburn, of St. Paul, one of the largest flour manufacturers in the northwest, said yesterday, concerning the report that the millers are interested in bearing wheat: "There is absolutely nothing in it. There was a corner and we had to buy at high prices. When the corner burst many millers sold considerable stock, seeing they would be able to buy at a lower price. Thus the story was started that they were in the deal. As a fact we all have more or less wheat on hand bought at the high prices, which we are forced to manufacture and sell at a loss now that the market is down."

## A Servant Helped the Burglars.

United Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The police think the servant, Margaret Kearns, aided the burglars who robbed General Storm's house at Tarrytown, Thursday night, of valuable jewelry and revolutionary relics. They alleged that she was intimate with men in Tarrytown, who have been concerned in crooked transactions before. The woman has disappeared. She had been employed by Mrs. Storms only three weeks. When she applied for work she said her husband had been killed in the New Croton aqueduct. This story has proved to be false.

## Crittenden and the President.

United Press Dispatch.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 23.—Replying to Senator Vest's letter, to the effect that the President refused to appoint Ex-Governor Crittenden to office, because he was believed to have conspired with Jesse James assassination, Mr. Crittenden has written the Senator a letter, in which he says: "I am as innocent of the fact, if not the charge, as the President himself. The last national canvass should have taught the President the broad difference between a charge and the truth." Many persons think the statement of the President's remarks was greatly exaggerated.

## Copper in Arkansas.

United Press Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 23.—The discovery of valuable copper deposits is reported from Starry county, about 100 miles north west of this place. The ore is found at a depth of from five to six feet and is in almost solid pieces, very like the foreign substance being mixed with it. Assays show that it contains from 40 to 65 per cent. of copper. Numbers of shafts are being sunk. It is claimed to be the most extensive kind of mineral ever made in Arkansas.

## Another Defaulter.

United Press Dispatch.

DALLAS, Texas, Jan. 23.—A. M. Wheeler, water works superintendent, whose accounts have been under examination, has fled, after hastily selling his home-stead and personal property. His debt is estimated at from \$8,000 to \$12,000, which he has squandered in riotous living.

## Grant and Halleck.

United Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Ex-Senator J. B. Chaffee says: "General Grant often talked with me about General Halleck. He regarded him as one of the ablest officers of the army. He repeatedly said so to me. He was not treated well by Halleck, he said, but he never expressed the slightest animosity toward him."

## Mr. Arthur Not Sick.

United Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Mr. Ransom, law partner of Ex-President Arthur, says that he is not in the recent reports of Mr. Arthur's illness.

## Foolhardy Beheimians

### Nearly Killed by Trickness in Park—They Refused to Throw Away and Again Fought of the Affront.

United Press Dispatch.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 23.—Michael Browloski a Bohemian, and his family, consisting of his wife and six children are lying very sick at their home on Union street, from the effects of eating raw pork. Browloski, a few days ago, bought a quantity of pork of which the family partook liberally, and were immediately made very sick. A physician was called and an examination showed that the meat was strongly impregnated with trichinae. Medicines were administered and yesterday the family had so far recovered that they were thought to be out of danger, when they again partook of the diseased pork and Browloski and his wife are now lying at the point of death. The physician says that he proposed throwing the meat away yesterday, when the Bohemians set up a terrible clatter, and strenuously objected to any such proceeding. He says he has no doubt but that the family, should they recover this time, will again eat of the pork.

## Joaquin Miller's Daughter.

### Widow Married Within a Year and Bought Husband's Living.

United Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Maud Miller, Joaquin Miller's daughter, married again in Chicago on January 9, without going through the formality of getting a divorce from Arthur Mackaye, whom she married in this city. She is living with her second husband, London McCormick, at 86 sixth avenue. She claims that Mr. Preston told her that as Mackaye had never been baptized she, being a Catholic, could not be his wife. She therefore felt it liberty to marry McCormick, who was manager of the Danites company in which Miss Miller was playing.

## Phil. Armour's Assertion.

United Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The St. Paul railroad directors held a meeting here yesterday, but it has not been learned what they discussed or decided on. Phil. Armour, the leading spirit of the road, was good enough, however, to issue a statement, in Wall street, giving the information that "God is in joint account with every holder of St. Paul stock. He has left his earmarks all through the west and northwest where the St. Paul runs." The brokers received this news with mingled feelings.

## A Locomotive Exploded.

United Press Dispatch.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 23.—A locomotive that was about to be taken out to be used on a freight train west, exploded in the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul round house last night, killing Peter Burke, severely injuring nine others and wrecking the middle section of the structure. The engine had been fired up and was ready to go out when the explosion occurred. A number of locomotives are holed under the wreck.

## A New Drama.

United Press Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 23.—A crowded house witnessed the new drama "Crowd in a Corner," which was presented at the Odéon last night for the benefit of the children's home. The play was well received, and may be considered a success. It possesses literary merit of a high order and reflects credit on the author, W. J. Shaw, well known in journalistic circles. The scene is laid in Chicago and portrays life among the grain speculators of that city.

## An Ex-Senator's Death.

United Press Dispatch.

JACKSON, Cal., Jan. 23.—Jas. T. Farley, ex-United States Senator, died last night after a lingering illness. He was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, in the place of A. A. Sargent, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879.

## For Eight Thousand Dollars.

United Press Dispatch.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 23.—Last evening James S. White was convicted of embezzlement of eight one thousand dollar bonds while serving as city comptroller, a few years ago. The defendant is widely known throughout the northwest. An appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court.

## The Railroad War.

United Press Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—There is nothing new in the railroad cut rate war to-day. The ticket agents are all hoping that something will be done soon to relieve the monotony. It is hoped that the trunk lines will take action before the end of the month.

## Chinamen Want Damages.

United Press Dispatch.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—A number of Chairmen have begun suit in the United States Circuit court against the city of Eureka, Cal., for \$132,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained from the loss of property at the time of their expulsion from that city in February last.

## Six Years.

United Press Dispatch.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—Thomas F. Bragan, convicted of manslaughter in killing Michael J. Carney, in September last, at a saloon, was sentenced yesterday to six years in the state prison.

## A Heavy Loss.

United Press Dispatch.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 23.—The Carrollton cotton seed oil mills were burned yesterday. Loss, \$60,000.

## ARSON.

### A SERVANT HURLS TERRIBLE PLOT TO BE REVENGED ON A FANCIED WRONG.

#### A Deliberate Attempt to Burn Her Employer's House.

##### A Young Man Accused for Starting a Twenty-Thousand Dollar Fire—Both Offenders Likely to be Severely Dealt With.

United Press Dispatch.

BUFFALO, Jan. 23.—Alice Halter, a prepossessing girl of 14, was arrested last night on a charge of arson in the first degree. Thursday night she desired to go to a party, with the family of her employer John J. Berger. They refused to take her. When they had gone she plotted a terrible revenge. She put the fire for any papers, trunks and other inflammable articles piled them up in the bedroom, and also in the pantry after saturating the piles with coal oil she set them on fire. She then started for the kitchen and found that the hired man, who she supposed was absent had fortunately returned in time to put out the pantry fire. Seeing smoke issuing from the sleeping apartment he rushed in there and succeeded in stamping out the flames. Mr. Berger preferred a charge of arson against Alice and she was arrested and held for trial.

KINGSTON, Jan. 23.—Three incendiary fires occurred here last night. Shinner & Co's, drug store was burned out, causing a loss of \$20,000. The incendiary was caught and proves to be a son of R. M. Horsey, a leading merchant. Incendiary fires have been very frequent for some time past, but the authorities have been unable to detect the perpetrators.

## No Hope of Rescue.

### The Mined Who were Imprisoned in the Orrell Mine Given Up for Lost.

United Press Dispatch.

NEWBURG, W. Va., Jan. 23.—There is no longer any hope that the men in the Orrell mine at the time of Wednesday's explosion are alive. The victims number 41, of whom 39 were miners and 2 were strangers inspecting the works. The rescuing party found four bodies yesterday. They were so blackened and disfigured as to be unrecognizable. The scenes of grief and despair in the village are pitiful.

## Ohio's Troubles.

United Press Dispatch.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 23.—The Senate convened this morning with Gen. Kennedy in the chair and the seventeen Republicans present. Clerk Vallendigham and all his assistants were absent. The Sergeant at Arms, Negley and Assistant Sergeant at Arms O'Neill, were the only officers present. Senator Ford was chosen to act as clerk and the roll was called. There being no quorum present, and it being evident that the Democrats could not be found, the senate then adjourned until 10 A. M. Monday.

## Reducing Expenses.

United Press Dispatch.

MONTREAL, Jan. 23.—The Grand Trunk Railway Company on February 1st will still further reduce the number of its employees. No more over-time will be allowed and the hours will be shortened. This means a decrease in wages and is said to be in answer to a petition presented to the general manager asking that the ten per cent. reduction made a year ago be abrogated. The workmen say that a strike is likely to result.

## Snow and Cold.

United Press Dispatch.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 23.—Severe cold weather is again prevailing throughout Ontario accompanied in the northern portion by a heavy snow storm. The thermometer ranges from zero to fifteen below. Railway travel is considerably delayed. The Canadian Pacific & Atlantic express is snowed up, at White River.

## Peppercorn.

United Press Dispatch.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—Wm. Muldoon, who for several months has appeared in connection with John L. Sullivan in his statutory acts with Lester & Allen's contractors, will this evening sever the connection, having better offers from other companies. Muldoon says that Sullivan and he are the warmest of friends.

## Died at Niagara Falls.

United Press Dispatch.

NIAGARA FALLS, Jan. 23.—Alvah Cluck, proprietor of the Spencer House, manager of the International hotel and vice president of the Cataract fund, died this morning of typhoid pneumonia, aged 61 years.

## Barns and Horses Burned.

United Press Dispatch.

FORT CUSTER, Mont., Jan. 23.—The cavalry stables, with 58 horses, were burned at the post here yesterday.

## Breach of Promise.

United Press Dispatch.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Jan. 23.—Mrs. Ellen Condon, of Lonsdale, brought suit to-day for \$5,000 damages against James Farrell, on a charge of breach of promise and seduction. Farrell gave bonds.

## Another Fire.

United Press Dispatch.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 23.—Early this morning a fire occurred in the dyeing and bleaching establishment of J. Taylor & Co., 98 and 100 Pine street. The damage to the building and stock will amount to \$7,000. The factory was a new one and had only been in operation a few weeks.

## The Matter of Suspensions.

### The President not Asked by the Senate to Give Reasons for Suspensions These Four.

United Press Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—There has been a great deal published of late, respecting the attitude of the President in regard to furnishing the Senate with reasons for removing federal office holders, but the exact facts in the case appear to have been exaggerated. The United Press has the very best authority for the following statement:

The President has received no communication or request from the Senate for any papers touching appointments or suspensions and has made no announcement, or stated to any one what he will do if such a request is made. He has had no talk with any Republican Senator, concerning the matter and has in no manner receded from, or changed his position. Requests for reasons for suspensions and appointments have been made by some of the committee of the Senate, through their chairman, or clerks, of the cabinet officers and they have responded with papers showing the fitness of the appointees and with the statement that the secretaries have not been directed to furnish the President's reasons for his act of suspension. In the case of Armstrong, the suspended internal revenue collector at Utica, the answer was substantially that the removal was made for the good of the public service and in the exercise of the discretion vested in the President. No other reasons have been given. When the President is asked for reasons for his acts he will answer and until then all assumptions and declarations as to his position may be regarded as guesses.

## Carpet Weavers Strike.

United Press Dispatch.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 23.—The ingrain carpet weavers, in accordance with the decision of the meeting of delegates, representing the various carpet mills in the Kensington district this city, held last night, went out on strike this forenoon. The strikers demand an advance of 1 cent, and one and one-half cents per yard for weaving carpet. The striking number nearly 1,000 workmen and represent nearly fifty of the principal carpet factories in Kensington. A meeting of the strikers will be held in the Spiritualists Hall at 2 o'clock this afternoon to take measures to maintain the strike. It is stated that they are ill prepared for the movement.

## Mexico.

There is little doubt that if the beauty and grandeur of nature are sought by the traveller, the means of enjoyment that he has not suspected are open to him. So constant and so great are the achievements of enterprise that they are almost unobserved by us. Thus a recent address of Colonel Remon, lately Minister in Mexico, recalls the immense changes in the condition of that country and the facility of reaching it. You may take the train in New York and roll steadily along, and in much less time than our fathers devoted to the journey from Massachusetts to Virginia, you may reach another zone and civilization, another fauna and flora, a new world.

"It is now easy for us," says this modern Marco Polo, "to leave our homes in Indiana in a palace-car, and reach the city of Mexico within a week, and also to visit in the same manner eight or ten of the most interesting cities of the republic. If it is magnificent scenery that you seek here at hand, with no intervening ocean, no distant pilgrimage to Alpine valleys or Norwegian fjords, is the railway from Vera Cruz, two hundred and sixty miles, to the city of Mexico—a magnificent feat of scientific skill, crossing the mountains at a height of 8,500 feet, and bearing you through every climate amid unimagined luxuriance and brilliancy of vegetation, changing into temperate hues of harder growths, with awful mountain abysses between, and snow-capped peaks beyond, all of which has seemed to be no long politically, religiously, and socially hopeless, ruined at the very outset by the worst form of human degradation, the old Spanish oppression. But as you are lifted over the mountains, and swept along the seeming valleys and plateaus with a security, comfort, and speed which are a perfect proof of a radical change in the land, which within the century has doubled the population while it has lost two-thirds of its territory, it is pleasant to hear from Mr. Nelson, who is our authority, that Mexico will now remain a republic, that the ignominious clerical influence is gone forever, that the political condition of the people has been educated to the point of successful control of the situation, and that there is no disturbing question threatening the country."

Mexico was never before shown in a light so rosy. The country of mixed races, of ignorance and superstition, of servitude and of arbitrary power, in this revealing view to promise to be a united sister republic, and of this happy hope the railway seems to be the spring. These parallel lines of iron and of steel have worked many miracles, of which the United States are the witnesses. But the wonder of wonder, the greatest triumph of the road, will be the regeneration of Mexico. George William Curtis, in Harper's Magazine.

How to Get Strong.

One of the secrets of muscular recuperation is in stopping when fatigue begins to rise in the body and mind for the exercise taken has had an overdose of what in proper measure would have proved a benefit. The gain in strength is shown and felt in the increasing ability to do more and more without exhaustion. The measure of success is not in the greatness of the feat accomplished, but in the ease with which the exercise is indulged in, and to the absence of exhaustion after it. There are occasions frequent enough in which people in the struggle of life are forced beyond their powers of endurance, and there is no need to carry into the pursuit of recreation the fatigue which exercising work imposes. For beginners take more exercise and feel no fatigue.—Herald of Health.

## Japan has been mapped out into six divisions and a municipal college to be established in each division.

## Making Effigies of Celebrities.

### Of all queer businesses carried on in this city that of manufacturing wax figures takes the honors. It has only been started lately and but few people know that it exists at all.

Washington, Jan. 23.—There has been a great deal published of late, respecting the attitude of the President in regard to furnishing the Senate with reasons for removing federal office holders, but the exact facts in the case appear to have been exaggerated. The United Press has the very best authority for the following statement:

The first room in the factory is where the modelling in clay is done. Here is the sculptor who makes the busts of noted men from photographs. He uses the ordinary modelling clay common to all sculptors and does not differ materially from them in his methods except that he rarely has the good fortune to have a living model sit for him. He relies solely upon photographs, and if he is making a bust of any very prominent man he obtains all the photographs he can, full face, three-quarter and profile. After he had finished a bust and caught a likeness he forthwith destroys all semblance to the man he intends to produce by removing whatever beard or mustache he may have and by taking all the hair off the head. This leaves the bust as the original would appear if he was perfectly bald and clean shaven. The effect is particularly in the case of full-bearded men. It is necessary, however, to do this in order that the effigy in wax may be made. The next process is that of taking a plaster cast of the head after it is sufficiently dried. This is done by covering the face with a thick coating of plaster of Paris, waiting until it dries and then removing it and proceeding in like manner with the rest of the head. The plaster mould is next taken into the wax-bolling room, where it is treated inside with a preparation to keep the wax from sticking to it. Melted wax is then poured into the mould. Before the wax has quite cooled the plaster is broken away from it, leaving the head ready for the hair-workers and finishers. The hands of the figures are made by coating a real hand and wrist with plaster of Paris and cutting the mould off with a piece of string before it has quite dried. To prevent the plaster from pulling out the little hairs on the back of the hand and wrist they are carefully shaved off.—Philadelphia Times.

## Laziness in Speech.

"Economy of utterance," writes a correspondent, "is not, as suggested in your notes on telegraphese, due so much to the rush and haste of modern life as to the downright laziness of the human being. Take, for instance, the 'h' droppers. It is not much easier to say 'atoms' than 'atome', 'high horse' than 'high boxes', 'ave-at-im' than 'have at him?' And catch any one troubling themselves to say 'halfpenny' when they have such a convenient curtailment as 'bappy' or 'apny.' Does not such a phrase as 'it's not the 'utling as 'urts im' glide much easier off the tongue than 'if it were properly pronounced?' There are no end of such examples. Aware of how he is making a shameful hash of the aspirate, the 'h' dropper who is worst affected with the malady sticks to one here and there by way of making up the number. Carelessly enough he always sticks to them in the wrong place. If he would only reserve his arrangement of words he would be better off. Should a word go smoother with a superfluous 'h' in front, he always supplies it. The same individual who unscrupulously massacres his 'h's' owing to the same cause—laziness—drops his 'g's' and says 'thinkin' and 'shinin' etc. It will be found that laziness is also the secret of the use of such abbreviations 'sint you' isn't it, etc., and the reason why some people add 'r' to 'idea, law, and some other words, is because they will not take the trouble to pull up at the proper time."—Fall Mall Gazette.

## Couldn't Stand It.

In Mrs. George Ticknor's hall always stood a most impassive and aggressive liveried footman bearing a silver salver on which to receive cards and showing usually no more emotion than the wooden hawker.

One afternoon when Mrs. Ticknor was out and the house was quiet an amanuensis, copying notes in an upstairs room, was started by a series of bowls and yells from below. She kept at work, thinking that if the servants in the kitchen were killing each other it was no business of hers.

Soon up came a maid to ask if she was frightened. She said she was not.

"Oh, ye ain't! Well, I thought I'd tell ye, mum, that it's only the footman. When the folks is out an' the house quiet, he can't stand it and he has to holler. It's kind o' relievin' to him."—E. K.

## A Bay Window Sait.

The celebrated suit concerning bay windows in the Back-bay district of Boston came to an end yesterday before a full bench of the supreme court. The case was that of the commonwealth against Henry B. Williams. Williams bought a piece of land of the commonwealth in the Backbay flats, corner of Boylston and Exeter streets, and built the hotel mentioned. He bought the land under the proviso that he should build a bay window, that a sixteen-foot passageway should be left clear in the rear of the building. He then built some bay-windows that stuck out over the passageway and ten feet above it. The attorney-general decided that the projections violated the proviso and ordered them down. Williams consulted counsel and did not heed the court. The case was argued six months ago and the attorney-general was sustained. The windows were ordered down. But Williams gathered together the consent of adjoining property owners to allow the windows to remain. After a deal of noise and pettifoggery both by the defendant and property owners on the Backbay, the case was appealed and decided by the full bench yesterday against Williams again, also adding the costs upon him. The court simply held to the decision of the single judge that the statute proviso must be obeyed and that the consent of abutters on the passageway made no difference.

## Lowi Pasteur, the great chemist, is in his sixtieth year. He is a native of Dole, in the department of Jura, France.

The latest freak of female European circus riders is to hold a living pyrophan animal in their hands as they swing round the arena.