PERSONAL.

—The father of the late Peter Richling was a vice-admiral in the British navy.

—Mr. Andrew Jackson Davis, the great spiritualist, has fallen from grace and the high repute in which the spiritual brethren held him. He calls "mediums," clairvoyants.

—The wife of T. Buchanan Read, the poet-painter, bears a striking facial resemblance to the world-renowned Venus de Medici in the Pitti palace.

—Irma is in Paris. Rose Bell died recently in London, of cancer. Tostee and Aujac are singing in Brussels. Jedine has been in the war and lost one of his legs.

—Father Hyacinthe contemplates another visit to the United States next autumn, convinced that he did not see half enough of the country when he was here before.

—The original Mrs. Jarley, of Washington, is to give two of her unique entertainments, for charitable purposes, at the Brooklyn Athenæum on Monday and Tuesday evening. Success to her!

—Rev. Mr. Lyman Abbott, formerly of Maine, well-known in literary circles, has been elected editor of the new illustrated weekly newspaper, to be published by the American Tract Society.

—King, or Emperor, William is said to have become so impatient at the protracted siege of Paris that, detester of tobacco as he has been all his life, he has begun to smoke for consolation.

—Peyton S. Symmes, long an esteemed resident of Cincinnati, was in the habit of making from 200 to 300 puns every day for fifty years. And yet he lived to be nearly 70, and died peacefully at last.

—The Chicago *Post* says: "Mr. McKean Buchanan has been struck with paralysis, but, sad to relate, will probably recover. We speak in the interest of the noble histrionic art. He is the best poker player and the poorest actor in the world."

—Some of the papers speak of Filkins, the alleged express robber, as a man, "weak, irresolute, and almost imbecile." This is a mistake. He is quite up to the average of men in physical and intellectual strength and in decision of character.

—The name of W. H. Bogart, formerly clerk of the senate, and the veteran correspondent of the *World*, well known as "Sentinel," is mentioned for one of the vacancies in the board of regents of the university. He is a gentleman of culture and refinement.

—A bill has just been presented in the house of representatives giving to George F. Robinson $5,000 and a gold medal, for his bravery in saving the life of Secretary Seward, when attacked by Payne on the night of President Lincoln's assassination. Robinson is now a clerk in one of the departments, on a salary of $1,200 a year, and has a wife and child to support.

—Mr. Eben D. Jordan, a wealthy Boston merchant, with several other Bostonians, is about to build a theatre for Fechter and Miss Leclercq. Mr. R. M. Field is to be associated with Mr. Fechter in the management. Mr. Warren is to be the comedian of the establishment, and Miss Clarke will alternate with the Leclercq.

—Bishop McIlvaine in "A New Year Salutation" to the clergy and laity of Ohio, says: "Last July was the 50th of my ministry; and I am now in the 39th year of my Episcopate. Of all the venerable brethren who were bishops of this church before me none survive. Of the three who were consecrated with me, only one has not been taken away.

—The very latest reliable information concerning Bret Harte is that he is to reside in Boston; that he has concluded that he will remain in charge of the *Overland Monthly* at San Francisco; that he has declined with thanks an offer of $5,000 for twelve articles from the proprietors of the *Atlantic Monthly*; that he is to write exclusively for the *Atlantic Monthly* and other publications of J. R. Osgood & Co.; and that he is to contribute a series of poems for *Harper's Weekly*.

—Of course Carl Formes, the great basso, has his little romance. It is to the effect that while abroad he was suffering from three abscesses, which had formed in his throat, the result of over-exertion of the vocal organs. Hearing of a distinguished lady surgeon of the university of Vienna, who had made the throat and ear a specialty, Mr. Formes paid her a visit. She informed him that an operation would be necessary. He entrusted his case to her, and the result was an entire recovery, and the singer's marriage to his surgeon.

—Madame Chenay, sister-in-law of Victor Hugo, has the following letter: "All is going on well here. Paris continues to be heroical. All Paris is on foot, night and day, for the fight. Charles and Victor (the poet's two sons) are cannoneers, as also Maurice and Vacquerie (two of their friends. Paris *litterateurs*). I shall at the first firing repair to the ramparts. We can hold out yet at least three months. France is rising, and Prussia will be thrust back. If I depart living from the siege of Paris, I shall, in returning to Guernsey, recommence my work of the forty poor children, and I shall begin by giving them a little fete to compensate them for not having had their Christmas anniversary this year through the fault of the King of Prussia. We are all well. We embrace you tenderly, and hoping to see you soon—courage, dear little sister.

"Victor Hugo."

—Among the souvenirs of Miss Vinnie Ream's travels are three cameos handsomely set, gifts from Cardinal Antonelli. Miss Ream is a Mason, and is the only woman in America who has taken eight degrees. Before going to Europe she was given a certificate of her advancement and a very handsome Masonic badge. Catholic countries are not friendly to Masonry, and Cardinal Antonelli, noticing the medal hanging from a ribbon thrown around Miss Ream's neck, asked what it was. She told him and said she believed he disapproved the order. "In your country," he replied, "the society does good deeds, but in ours not." One of the cameos he afterwards gave her was a head of Christ, which, he said, her Protestantism would not prevent her wearing. Subsequently he gave her the two other cameos, each having heads of the Virgin Mary. Gustave Dore presented her with an original sketch of Judith holding up the head of Holofernes, and Pere Hyacinthe wrote a very beautiful exhortation on the fly-leaf of her Protestant Bible—commending the contents of the book to her careful study.

CLEANINGS.

—At St. Louis, the roof of several houses were crushed by the weight of the snow.

—Cincinnati Masons have sent assistance to the suffering members of the order in Paris.

—A bill is about to be introduced in the New Jersey legislature providing for the compulsory education of all children between the ages of six and sixteen.

—The conjoined capital of all the banking-houses of the Rothschilds in London, Paris, Frankfort and Vienna is said to be, in our money, not less than $500,000,000.

—A woman at Chattanooga recently roasted her new-born illegitimate child on a bed of live coals. Remembrance of her act has rendered her nearly insane.

—The new city of Duluth, at the head of Lake Superior, still struggles with some of the difficulties of savage life. Last Tuesday noon Mr. Macy shot a gray wolf weighing 100 pounds that was prowling about the Second street Presbyterian church.

—A party of New York gentlemen are said to have paid $65,000 for the young trotting horse Blackford, in Scott county, Kentucky. He made one race in public as a three-year old, in which he is said to have scored 2:31.

—M. Michel Chevalier, in an article in the *Journal du Havre*, says that by helping France to resist and check the overgrowth of Prussia, England would act in her own interest; and he adds that, once France is crushed, the English home army must be raised to 350,000 men.

—Gov. Hayes has sent a communication to the legislature from the committee having in charge the Antietam cemetery, which states that their are 429 Ohio soldiers buried there, and asks Ohio to contribute $5,582 as her share toward the erection of a monument.

—Messrs. Pratt & Wentworth, extensive stone dealers, are reported to have suspended in Boston, with liabilities estimated at $600,000, and assets to the amount of $500,000. The cause of the failure is attributed to engagements outside of their regular business.

—A few years ago Montreal was largely owned by people of French extraction, and they were greatly in the majority. But now those of English birth are rapidly gaining upon them, and in fact the number of English voters is greater by 1,400 than the French in a total of about 18,000.

—The following is reported in the proceedings of a late meeting of the Boston radical club: There was a momentary hush, and then a voice which said: "The world needs silence!" and another in response. "Why, then, did you break it?" After this no one seemed of so rash a courage as to speak.

—The *Little Corporal* magazine for February announces the withdrawal from its publishing firm of Mr. Sewell, who founded it six years ago. The magazine will hereafter be published by John E. Miller, Chicago. Mr. Sewell's former partner, and edited by Mrs. Emily Huntington Miller, who has heretofore been associate editor.

—Mary C. Miller, a notorious confidence woman of New York, has been convicted, after a long career of robbery. She lately called at the Westminster Hotel, where she passed herself off as a rich Louisiana lady, and robbed Mrs. Bishop and two daughters, relatives of Gen. Burnside, of a camel's hair shawl worth $1,800, and jewelry to the value of $3,000. She was caught in a pawn shop disposing of the stolen articles.

—Efforts are being made to attract the attention of capitalists to projects for building narrow gauge (two feet and six inches) railroads in the White Pine mining regions of Nevada. The Californians are about building a narrow gauge road to connect the mines of Arizona with the Pacific coast, which will be five hundred miles long, and it is estimated will cost through a mountainous country from $10,000 to $13,000 per mile. Other similar projects are in contemplation in California.

—A prominent dealer in Kentucky whisky writes to the Louisville *Commercial* that from his knowledge of the stocks of Bourbon whisky now being carried by Kentucky distillers, for which there is not only no remunerative market, but literary none whatever, he is prepared to assert that there is now on hand full two and a half years' supply of such liquor. This estimate does not refer to high-wines, but only to the stuff known as Bourbon.

—There is quite a colony of Californians established at Dresden, the capital of Saxony. It commenced with a nucleus of some twenty families from San Francisco, Sacramento, and other towns of the great gold-producing state, and has since considerably increased. Quaint old cities like Leipzig, Dresden, and Munich, offer a quiet, easy habit of life, which seems to have peculiar attractions for the hardy California pioneers after the stirring and exciting events of their early years. Those who have children find rare educational advantages in these towns.

—An important measure, of interest to all soldiers and sailors of the late war, was agreed upon by the military committee on Wednesday last, and will be reported to the house for passage next week. It is a bill further amending the homestead law so that every soldier, sailor, marine and officer who served 90 days against the rebellion may receive a patent for a homestead, on condition that he shall settle upon it for a period which, together with the time he served in the army or navy, would make five years. In other words, the time of his service will be deducted from the five years of residence required by the homestead laws; and, if discharged for wounds or disability, the whole term of his enlistment will be counted. He must, however, live upon and cultivate the land at least two years, and is to be allowed a year after selecting his homestead, within which to commence his settlement.

DISPOSITION OF THE ESTATE OF HENRY BURDEN.

From the Troy Budget, Jan. 23.

On the 30th of September, 1862, Henry Burden conveyed to James A. and J. Townsend Burden, consideration $89,062, ten acres of land, bounded on the north by lands of Thomas B. Carroll, on the east by lands of David De Freest, on the south and west by Woodside lands, the Greenbush highway and certain lots. This included the upper mills, but not Woodside. Previous to this he had conveyed all his real and personal property, except Woodside, to William F., James A. and J. Townsend Burden, for the consideration of $125,000. He was to draw such sums as he needed for his personal use. On the death of his son, William F. Burden, all the above, except the ten acres' sale, was canceled. The property of William F. Burden was, on his death, transferred to John Haydock, as a guardian in trust for the children of William F. Burden—estimated at $93,750. In July, 1870, Henry Burden deeded to James A. and J. Townsend Burden his estate of Woodside, they giving back to him a life lease of the same. Late last fall, Henry Burden was informed by his physician, Dr. Seymour, that he was liable to die suddenly at any moment.

Acting on this intimation Henry Burden, on the 9th of December, 1870, gave to Gen. McDowell as trustee forty United States bonds of $5,000 each, ten of $10,000 each, and forty-one bonds of the Buffalo Iron mills of $1,000 each, amounting to $341,000. These bonds were to be held by Gen. McDowell in trust for Henry Burden, the interest on them to be disposed of as follows: To Henry Burden a sum not exceeding $12,000 for each six months thereafter; three-fourths of the residue for the use of his daughters, Mrs. Proudfit, Mrs. Wadsworth and Mrs. Gen. McDowell; two-sixteenths equally to each of his grand-daughters, daughters of Peter A Burden, deceased; and two-sixteenths equally to his grandsons, H. B. and J. M. Burden, sons of the late Peter A. Burden, the same to be continued until the four grandchildren named shall each arrive at the age of twenty-five years, in case Henry Burden shall live so long. In July, 1870, James A. and J. Townsend Burden executed jointly to Henry Burden a mortgage on all the Burden Mills for $600,000, Gen. McDowell holding the same in trust. Mrs. Wm. F. Burden also holds a mortgage of $125,000 on certain of the Burden Mills as security for her personal interests in such works. The Burden estate is valued up in the millions. He made no will, but had provided as above for the division of his property.

THE GOVERNOR'S RECEPTION.—The first general reception of the season was held at the mansion of the governor last evening. It was an elegant and pleasant affair. The guests were cordially received by the governor and his lady. The governor's staff and General Woodhall and his staff were present in full uniform, as were also most of the members of the legislature, all the state officers, the judges of the court of appeals and supreme court, the regents of the university, nearly all our clergymen, eminent men temporarily in the city, and representatives of the press from all parts of the state. Briare furnished the repast, which was elegant and abundant. The occasion was one of the most delightful of the season.—*Albany Journal, Wednesday.*

PERSONAL.—The Toledo *Blade* of Wednesday says: "Ah Soung Chung Lee passed through this city yesterday, *en route* for Buffalo, where he is engaged to clerk in a store. He came from San Francisco, having been engaged by an agent sent west by New York firms. Though but a year in America, he has learned the language so that he can talk it very well. He occasionally, however, gets stuck for a word, when he lets off a lot of Chinese as if the utterance did him good and cleared his mind. While talking with our reporter, yesterday, he desired to use the work satisfaction, but got stuck on it, and said as near as he could interpret it, as follows: 'Sing tu pe ting, ah chung te li so ong chu.' The reporter said 'yes, that is just how it is,' but your satisfaction—'Yash, yash,' said Ah, 'them's he, Millican man sabe,' and he repeated the word several times in his peculiar dialect, as if impressing it firmly on his mind. He says he likes the country very much, and shall send for his wife as soon as he can earn enough to do so."

COURIER & REPUBLIC.

Friday Evening, Jan. 27, 1871

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LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

The State Workingmen's Assembly.

The State Workingmen's Assembly, consisting of delegates from the various workingmen's organizations in the state, convened in Iron Moulders' Hall, Albany, on Tuesday. The assembly was called to order by the President, William J. Jessup, of New York, who delivered the annual address. The following synopsis will give an idea of the leading points touched upon:

The president alluded to the dullness of trade, the inactivity in trades organizations, the need of adopting measures to arouse working men from their apathy, the presence of the conspiracy and eight hour law by the last legislature, and the readiness with which Governor Hoffman affixed his signature, recommended that action be taken to urge upon the legislature the necessity of passing laws to prevent prison labor being brought into unjust competition with labor outside of the prisons, that a law be enacted to prevent the packing of sugar, flour, and meat in old, second-hand, and filthy barrels; compelling the authorities of cities and towns to look after the extention of truancy and vagrant children, that the lien law be so amended as to make the working man a claim first, that an apprenticeship law be framed whereby a master would be bound to teach the apprentice all branches of his business, and that the boy be compelled to remain a number of years, in order to keep the became a journeyman that he might be a competent workman, recommended that a bill be prepared and presented to the legislature urging the organization of a Bureau of Labor Statistics similar to that in Massachusetts, whereby statistical information can be procured, in order that the people can judge of the condition of the working classes. Asking that prompt action be taken to urge upon congress the need of legislation to protect workingmen from Coolie importation, and thanking Senators Casserly and Thurman, Representative Julian and others for their persistent opposition to the appropriation of the people's lands to railroads and other monopolies; thanking the Hons. James S. Graham, William G. Bergen, John R. Brinkerhoff and Martin Nachtman for their efforts in the last legislature, in furnishing the bills presented by the workingmen and urging a repeal of section 82, Revenue Laws of 1868, which compels parties manufacturing cigars to file a bond of $600 in real estate, subject to the approval of the assessor, thereby preventing poor journeymen cigar makers from entering into business, and depriving the full profits of their own labor. He closed by urging unity and harmony, said they were present to gratify no selfish ambition, but to labor for the good of the workingmen of the Empire State.

A committee on credentials was appointed and made their report, and Alexander Troup was appointed assistant secretary. The following standing committees were announced:

On the President's Report—Messrs. Young, Brown and Findlay.
Finance—Messrs. Ferguson, Wadsworth and Maloney
Resolutions—Messrs. Walsh, Bossery and Tobin.
General Good—Messrs. Lyons, Hogan and James.
Ways and Means—Sequi, Dowling, Mesick and Findlay.

The President made a verbal report of the organization, stating that they were not in as good condition as last year. He also announced the death of James Conway and Hugh Mitchell. The whole amount of money received from donations during the year was $312,92.

The Secretary and Treasurer submitted their reports.

The total receipts for last year were	$587 25
Disbursements	360 35
Balance in Treasury	$26 90

A committee of five was appointed to wait on the Judiciary Committee of the legislature relative to the speedy passage of the Apprenticeship Bill now before the legislature. This bill provides for the re-adoption of the old Apprenticeship laws, in order to secure better mechanics. It stipulates that boys shall be indentitured for not less than three nor more than five years. This closed Tuesday's proceedings.

The assembly re-assembled Wednesday, and the Committee on the President's address made its report. Various portions of the address were referred to appropriate committees for consideration, and the suggestions of the President in relation to co-operation and colored labor were adopted, and the President instructed to use his best endeavors to organize the colored men into societies. The President was also instructed to correspond with Senators Fenton, Conkling and Casserly in relating to the importation of coolies, and to urge upon them the passage of laws protecting workingmen. The suggestions of the President in reference to the creation of a Bureau of Labor Statistics, similar to that now in existence in Massachusetts, were also recommended for adoption by the Assembly. The report of the committee was adopted.

Mr. Bossety, of New York, introduced a resolution directing that the legislature be memorialized for the enactment of a general law to incorporate trades unions as protective bodies. It was referred to the committee on resolutions.

Mr. Sequi, of New York, presented a preamble and resolutions, which were adopted, asking the Assembly to use its influence with the Congress of the United States to repeal the sections of internal revenue law, compelling cigar makers manufacturing cigars to file a bond of $600, in real estate, before they can engage in such business.

Mr. Connolly offered a resolution asking for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the bill offered in the United States Senate by Senator Conkling, authorizing the establishment of a huge steamboat building monopoly upon government funds. Mr. Connolly thought the project looked suspicious. His resolution was referred.

Mr. Findlay, of Buffalo, offered a preamble and resolution that a special committee be appointed to draft and offer a bill in regard to the danger that now exists from the employment of incompetent men and boys to take charge of steam engines and boilers, thereby endangering the lives of their fellow workmen. It was adopted.

The sessions of the Assembly continue.

Her Birthday.

O Happy, holy Day!
O radiant Day, which gave my Loved One birth!
Day of all Days, the sacredest of earth,
Be blessed by me, whose way
Would else have known no Day!

O glad and glorious Morn
That did the sunlit world with gold adorn,
The Day my Love was born!
How brighter grew
The sky's cerulean blue,
That beat above her, and all its beauty knew!
Clad in sublime array,
Along his shining way
How proudly rode the light-crowned King of Day!

How beamed the Moon with light!
How gleamed the glittering, conscious Night
That first did burst upon her new-found sight!
How Night and Day conspired to trace
Upon her shining face
Whate'er they knew of beauty and of grace!

How lifted Day her hair,
And wove of her sunbeams there,
And left his whiteness on her bosom fair!
While Night, in gladsome guise,
Took from her jewelled skies
The brightest stars, to light her sparkling eyes;
That so her shining soul, heaven-windowed, might
Be flooded with heaven's light!

Days into years have grown;
Decades have come and gone;—
But Beauty prideth still to make her brow its throne.
The sunbeams in her hair
More golden gleam, and fair,
And whiter glow her brow and bosom rare.
And Time, who saw her birth,
Enamored of her worth,
Hath sat so lovingly beside her hearth,
That thought of grief and care
My love hath had full share,
There bides no trace, save fairness made more fair.
And when now comes the Day
She came to bless my way
I rise with Morn to praise, and kneel with night to pray.
That by my trusting side,
With truth and heaven allied,
My peerless Queen may cling—my Love—my Life—my Bride!

—*Lakeside Monthly for February.*

THE OLD SETTLERS' FESTIVAL.

Third Night—Grand Concert—Children's Ball this Afternoon—Old Settlers' Ball this Evening.

The Old Settlers' Grand Concert, at St. James Hall, last evening, attracted a large audience. It did not begin till about 7½ o'clock although 7 was the hour announced; but the delay was more than compensated for by the good things with which the programme abounded. An overture by Wahle's Orchestra was the first thing in order, and upon its conclusion, about fifty ladies, young and old, ascended the stage and took their seats. The first song having been announced, the scene back of the ladies was drawn and revealed on equal number of gentlemen, young and old, the hundred or so singers nearly filling the stage. The conductor, Mr. Geo. W. Vining, appeared, very elaborately dressed in the old-time costume of knee breeches, cut-away coat, frilled shirt &c., the coat and vest being highly ornamented with gold braid or lace. The ladies, if not all dressed in ancient garb, displayed some distinguishing relic of the past in honor of the occasion, and the group was altogether venerable and picturesque. The head dresses and combs, and collars and shawls that were exhibited had done good service at some time within the century, although none of them had been available for full dress very recently.

The first part of the programme was devoted to Anthems and Tunes of the Olden Time but if there had been fewer of these it would have been just as comfortable for the audience, in view of the fact that todiousness was disposed to usurp the place of positive enjoyment. The first air sung was "Auld Lang Syne," which was very effectively rendered, and this was followed by the anthem "Strike the Cymbals," which was also handsomely treated. "New Jerusalem" was enthusiastically *encored* and, had to be repeated. Some of the announcements we failed to hear distinctly, and some of the times we failed to recognize by name; but those that did come within the range of our musical information, in addition to those named, were: "While Shepherds watched their flocks by night," "Barmah," "God descended from above," "Easter Anthem," "How long O Saviour O how long," sung standing; "Come my beloved, haste away," "Coronation," "All Hail the power of Jesus' name," sung standing and the audience joining; Anthem—"Sons of Zion come before you." The selections mirrored the musical past very faithfully; they were admirably rendered and some of them elicited hearty applause.

The second part commenced with the last thing on the programme—"Jehovah's Praise," which was well sung; after which Miss Maria Pitkin sang the Nightingale's Trill, very sweetly. She was bouqueted and warmly *encored*, and gave in response "The Last Rose of Summer." The comic quartette, by the International Quartette Club, Messrs. Bindeman, Adams, Bertrand and Burns, all dressed in costume, was provokingly funny and, of course, was *encored*. In response, the singers, who were dressed, respectively in Yankee, Irish, French and German costume, reappeared and gave the comic song "Did you ever go in till an Irishman's shanty?" which also pleased the audience immensely.

Miss Nina Burtis sang "Within a mile of Edinboro' Town" with genuine power, and did justice to the words of the pretty song. She was deservedly *encored*, and sang "Ye Banks and Braes O'Bonny Doon" with nice expression.

St. John's Church Choir gave the gem of the evening—"Jesus Saviour of my Soul," and this was not *encored* nor even applauded. It was an unpretentious and sweetly harmonious rendering of the sacred quartette.

The duet "Robin Ruff and Gaffer Green was omitted, one of the singers being absent; but a duet by Miss Pitkin and Miss Felgemaker made up for this break in the programme.

The solo on the Bagpipes, by Mr. Neal McIsaac, and the Dipper Handle solo, by Mr. J. Zrenner, varied the entertainment somewhat; and these were followed by the "Hunter's Glee" by the International Quartette, which, being *encored*, called forth "The Wanderer far from Home," which was well sung. "The Old Sexton, by Mr. D. W. Carrier; and the "Pilgrim Fathers," sung by the First Presbeterian Church Choir, concluded the concert.

Mr. Vining bore himself nobly as conductor, and received effective co-operation from the accompanist, Mr. Mischka.

THE BALL.

The Children's Ball, at St. James Hall, commencing at 1 o'clock this afternoon and concluding at 5, will be one of the most delightful features of the Festival; and scarce a word need be said as to what may be expected after the Old Settlers' Grand Ball is inaugurated in the evening. The evening party commences at 6 o'clock and closes at 12; and it should be understood that, while St. James Hall will be largely consecrated to the terpsichorean festivities of the ye olden time, the hall adjoining will be exclusively devoted to those who wish to figure in the round dances.

DOUGHNUTS AND CIDER.

It should be borne in mind that doughnuts and cider are absolutely necessary to the success of the Old Settlers' Ball, and donations of these in goodly quantities are solicited by the powers that be. We hope the response will be liberal.

John Roof's Bitters cure Dyspepsia.

The Methodist Festival 1871.

The great Festival of the Methodist Episcopal Churches is to take place, at St. James Hall, on the 9th, 10th and 11th of next month, and, from what we can learn of the preparations, we are led to anticipate something fine. A concert, under the direction of Prof. Wesley Emmons, and an exhibition of Tableaux, under the management of Frank P. Pease, are to be features of the festival. The Entertainment and Tableaux Committee are as follows:

ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE.
Mr. E. D. Brown, Chairman.

Mr. J. N. Scatcherd,	Dr. Green,
Mr. Geo. L. Fayfield.	Miss Fannie Playter,
Mr. Isaac Holloway.	Miss Maria Root.
Mr. France,	Miss Maria Bath
Mr. Ezra Richardson,	Mrs. W. A. Case,
Mr. Charles Thayer,	Mrs. Dickinson,

TABLEAUX COMMITTEE.
Frank P. Pease, Chairman.

Miss Ella Jewett,	Miss Flora Howell,
Miss Annie LeMoine,	Miss Addie Wallace,
Miss Lydia Lamphere,	Miss Hattie Wallace,
Miss Dime Case,	Miss Grace Love,
Miss Lillie Case,	Miss Ada Bond,
Miss Julia Holloway,	Miss Fannie Boyden,
Miss Hattie Holloway,	Miss Ella Root
Miss Riva Perine,	Miss Eva Lyon,
Miss Lillie Holloway,	Miss Lillie Bailey,
Miss Mary Pooley,	Miss Clark,
Miss Miranda Davenport,	Miss Armstrong,
Miss Georgie Pooley,	Miss Mary Bruso,
Miss Henrietta Reese,	Miss Allie Barker,
Miss Rosina Reese,	Miss Ella Gazley,
Miss Georgie Hume,	Miss Nellie Hoil,
Miss Rita Hume,	Miss Fannie Playter,
Miss Lettie Hume,	Miss Mary Smith,
Miss Mena Chase.	Miss Mattie Kane.
Miss Louisa Waite,	Miss Julia Wallace,
Miss Lillie Wentworth.	Miss Hattie Knowlton.
Miss Clara Wentworth,	Miss Emma Hibbard,
Miss S. Wentworth,	Miss Rena Runner,
Miss Maria Root,	Miss Mary Rogers,
Miss Emma Lyon,	Miss Emma Rogers,
Miss Josie Hunt,	Miss Carrie Parsons,
Miss Flora Hopkins,	Miss Georgie Cornell,
Miss E. Jenkins,	Miss Lottie Kate,
Miss W. Robertson,	Miss Hattie Schafer,
Miss L. Jones,	Miss Clara Schaffer,
Miss Clara Bond,	Miss Carrie Hayes,
Miss Kate Wilson,	Miss Mattie Coatsworth.
Miss Ada Woodward.	Miss Jennie Coatsworth,
Miss C. Porter,	Miss Carrie Provost,
Miss Hattie Bowen,	Miss Marian Drullard,
Miss Kate Jenking,	Miss Hattie L. Simonds,
Miss Engie Maycock,	Miss Addie Brown,
Miss Mary Ryan,	Miss Louisa Webster,
Miss Susie Wilson,	Miss Emma Wright,
Miss Jennie Carter,	Miss Emma Sweet
Miss Sarah Sanders,	Miss Flora Hawkins,
Miss Emma Jenkins,	Miss Millie Foster,
Miss Ella Lafferty,	Miss Ella Raucie,
Miss Belle Lee,	Miss Springer,
Miss Lela Hall,	Miss Jennie Drullard,
Miss Julia Voss,	Miss Blanche Cook,
Miss Nellie Perault.	Miss Mary Nuhn,
Miss Clara Funk,	Miss Emma Nuhn,
Miss Edith Parsell,	Miss Carrie Dodsworth,
Miss Susie Hendson,	Miss Ella Swift,
Miss Julia Harrieu,	Miss Emma Collette,
Miss Ada Green,	Miss Fannie Webster,
Miss Mary Booth,	Miss Libbie Hinman,
Miss Emma Booth,	Miss Julia Knapp,
Miss Sarah Gager,	Miss Ida Clif,
Miss Sarah Hill,	Miss Jennie Rogers.
Miss Julia Hill,	Miss Jennie Bickford.
Miss Ella Gager,	
Mr. John Holloway,	Mr. A. Webster,
Mr. E. Clark, Jr.,	Mr. William Meildnb,
Mr. Geo. Allen,	Mr J. L. Romer,
Mr. G. G. Chase,	Mr. F. E. Blackney.
Mr. Wiley Otis,	Mr. Frank Fayfield.
Mr. Chas. Otis,	Mr. Frank Porter.
Mr. William Holloway,	Mr. Jabesh Harris,
Mr. Fred. Wall,	Mr. Chas. Webster.
Mr. Chas. Wall,	Mr. Jacob Williams,
Mr. Chas. Pooley,	Mr Simmons,
Mr. Frank Pooley	Mr Thomas Clark, Jr.,
Mr Geo. Holloway,	Mr Frank Barker,
Mr. Benj. Holloway,	Mr. Willie Howell,
Mr. Chas. Davenport,	Mr Joseph Bruso,
Mr. P. Davenport,	Mr. Carter.
Mr. O. Bruso,	Mr. Geo. L. Fayfield,
Mr. S. Barker,	Mr. Absolem Nelson,
Mr. J. Asa Manlee,	Mr. O. A. Davis,
Mr. M. LaFever.	Mr. K. J. Simonds,
Mr. Geo. Harris,	Mr. Geo. Lewis,
Mr. E. Richardson,	Mr. Robert Parsons,
Mr. Chas. Thayer,	Mr. L. Gould,
Mr. Oscar Harris,	Mr. Chas. Rogers,
Mr. G. W. Dunning,	Mr Wallace Gakes,
Mr. H. G. Darrow,	Mr John R. Wickson,
Mr. H. Coles,	Mr John D. Warren,
Mr. C. W. Woodward,	Mr. Gen. Yates,
Mr. F. W. Ireland,	Mr. Charles Sanders,
Mr C. E. Brinkworth.	Mr. Seymour Wright,
Mr Porter,	Mr H. Smith,
Mr. Josiah Jackson,	Mr. O. H. Bell
Mr. William Harvey	Mr Harry Gilbert,
Mr. J. W. Crowley,	Mr. W. J. Clark.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The next meeting for rehearsal of Tableaux will take place at Grace M. E. Church, Saturday evening this week.

The Late Skating Match at Rochester.

The Rochester *Democrat and Chronicle* of yesterday says:—

"The skating match last night between Callie Curtis and Frank Swift, for $250 a side, drew a large assemblage of spectators, of whom a great percentage were ladies. Hadley's band furnished excellent music, and the scene was lively and inspiriting. At 8 o'clock the judges, Ford P. Hall, William R. Lansing and Charles A. Mathews, took their positions. The ice was in splendid condition, and both experts had the best opportunity to display their grace and skill. Both were so nearly equal in ease and finish of movement that even a critical eye could hardly discern superiority in either. In performing the "spread eagle" Curtis unfortunately fell, thus losing two points. At the close Swift was declared the winner by three points, as will be seen from the following

score	Swift.	Curtis.
1—Lap Foot	2	2
2—Outside edge Roll Forward	2	2
3—Inside edge Roll Forward	2	2
4—Inside edge Roll Backward	2	2
5—Cross Roll Forward	2	2
6—Change of edge Roll Forward	2	2
7—Change of edge Roll Backward	2	2
8—On to Richmond	2	2
9—Figure Three	2	2
10—Serpentine	2	2
11—One Foot Eight Backward	2	2
12—Change of edge Single and Double	2	2
13—Loops and Ringlets	1	2
14—Plain Forward and Backward movement	2	2
15—Outside edge Roll Backward	2	2
16—Cross Roll Backward	1	2
17—Locomotives	1	2
18—Waltz Steps	2	2
19—Spread Eagle	2	0
20—Grape Vines	2	2
21—Toe Movements	2	2
22—Single Foot Spins and Double Foot Whirls	2	2
23—One Foot Eight Forward	2	2
24—Specialties	2	2
25—General Display	2	2
	46	48

"Both skaters were frequently applauded when performing some of the above difficult evolutions. The contest occupied 1½ hours. The decision of the judges appeared to agree with the general verdict of the spectators. The whole affair was a great success."

CONCERTS BY JAMES G. CLARK.—James G. Clark, the popular vocalist, is announced to give a concert in the Presbyterian church, Lancaster, this evening; one in Wyoming, Monday evening, January, 30th, and in Warsaw, Tuesday evening, January 31st. The people of those places will find Mr. Clark equal to their entertainment.

DIED OF HER INJURIES.—Caroline Soehlem, aged fifteen years, who was so severely burned Wednesday afternoon, died yesterday at her father's residence. Her body presented a shocking spectacle, all below the neck being burned almost to a crisp, and perfectly black. The face was not injured in the least. Coroner Burke viewed the remains last evening, and will hold an inquest this afternoon.

FIRE.—At half-past five o'clock last evening an alarm was sounded from box No. 64, which was caused by the breaking out of fire in the lower portion of the residence of Thad. C. Davis, Esq., No. 172 Summer Street. The flames were extinguished by the family domestics, before the arrival of the fire department, with but slight damage to the premises. The fire caught from the furnace.

PROBABLE FATAL ACCIDENT AT AURORA.—A Mr. Pratt, of Aurora, accidentally shot himself near his residence, yesterday forenoon. He was climbing a ladder, carrying his loaded gun, with a view to getting within range of a squirrel; when the weapon was accidentally discharged, its contents entering his stomach, and producing injuries which, it is thought, will prove fatal.

The Buffalo Bellows Factory and Planing Mill.

Mr. Joseph Churchyard, proprietor of the Buffalo Bellows Factory and planing Mill, has just completed a new and imposing brick building on Clinton street between Adams and Watson streets, to be used as a wood-working establishment. It is 65 x 100 feet, three stories in height and its floors are economized as follows: On the first floor is the planing mill proper, equipped with an engine of fifty horse-power, double surfacing planer, matcher, rip saws, &c., &c. The second story is used as a joiner's shop, and is supplied with three circular saw tables, planer, one moulding, one sticking, one tenon, three morticing and two blind working machines, one drying kiln and fifteen work-benches. On this story thirty men are employed. The third story is used as a bellows factory, and is supplied with all the necessary machinery. On this floor there are twenty persons constantly at work. The entire building is heated by steam, lighted with gas, and supplied throughout with water. The exterior of the building presents a striking and attractive architectural appearance, and looks the substantial structure that it is.

Mr. Churchyard has been engaged in business on the same spot for the past nineteen years, and, from the very smallest beginning, has won for himself a business of one hundred thousand dollars per annum. This amount, with his largely increased facilities, he expects to double the present year. His bellows are sold all over the country, and what he has done in this important department of his manufactures he expects to accomplish with his other products, viz: his doors, sash, mouldings, flooring, shutters, stairs, handrails, &c. Mr.