CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION PROPOSING an amendment to section six of article six of the constitution, providing for facilitating the determination of causes on the calendar of the court of appeals.

Resolved (if the senate concur,) That section six of article six of the constitution be amended by adding thereto the following: Whenever, and as often as there shall be such an accumulation of causes on the calendar of the court of appeals that the public interests require a more speedy disposition thereof, the said court may certify such fact to the governor, who shall thereupon designate seven justices of the supreme court to act as associate judges, for the time being, of the court of appeals, and to form a second division of said court, and who shall act as such until all the causes upon the said calendar at the time of the making of such certificate are determined, or the judges of said court, elected as such, shall certify to the governor that said causes are substantially disposed of, and on receiving such certificate, the governor may declare said division dissolved, and the designation of justices to serve thereon shall thereupon expire. The second division of said court, hereby authorized to be constituted, shall be competent to determine any causes on said calendar which may be assigned to such division by the court composed of judges elected to serve in the court of appeals, and that court may at any time before judgment direct any of the causes so assigned to be restored to its calendar for hearing and decision. The rules of practice in both divisions shall be the same. Five members of the court shall be sufficient to form a quorum for said second division and the concurrence of four shall be necessary to a decision. The judges composing said second division shall appoint from their number a chief judge of such division, and the governor may, from time to time, whenever in his judgment the public interests may require, change the designation of any justice of the supreme court to serve in such division, and may fill any vacancy occurring therein, by designating any justice of the supreme court to fill such vacancy. Said second division may appoint and remove a crier and such attendants as may be necessary. The judges composing said second division shall not during the time of their service therein exercise any of the functions of justices of the supreme court, nor receive any salary or compensation as such justices, but in lieu thereof shall during such term of service receive the same compensation as the associate judges of the court of appeals. They shall have power to appoint the times and places of their sessions, within this state, and the clerk and reporter of the court of appeals shall be clerk and reporter of said second division.

STATE OF NEW YORK.
In Assembly, April 26, 1887.
The foregoing resolution was duly passed.
C. A. CHICKERING, Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK.
In Senate, May 18, 1887.
The foregoing resolution was duly passed.
JOHN W. VROOMAN, Clerk.

STATE OF NEW YORK.
Office of the secretary of State, } ss.
I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution, proposing an amendment to the constitution, with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole thereof. Published pursuant to article thirteen of the state constitution, and chapter sixty, laws of eighteen hundred and eighty.)

Given under my hand and the seal of office of the secretary of state, at the city of Albany, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.
[L. S.]
FREDERICK COOK, Secretary of State.

CHILDS & JONES.

GOLD COIN VENTIDUCT,

SQUARE BASE BURNER.

A Handsome, Economical, Powerful Heating Stove.

GOLD COIN RANGE.

In all respects the handsomest and best Range ever made.

CHILDS & JONES,

84 Genesee street.

SCHOOLS.

COTTAGE SEMINARY, CLINTON, Oneida county, N. Y., for Young Ladies. Opens September 7. REV. C. W. HAWLEY, A. M., Principal.

UTICA BUSINESS COLLEGE.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING.

All practical branches taught. The science of DOUBLE ENTRY thoroughly explained. Students admitted for one branch or a full course.

McCREARY & ARNOLDS, Proprietors.

E. M. BROWN.

DON'T YOU FORGET IT!

FISHING TCKLE, BASE BALL,

CROQUET AND TENNIS GOODS.

BABY CARRIAGES, VELOCIPEDES,

EXPRESS WAGONS, CARPET SWEEPERS,

BIRD CAGES, FOURTH OF JULY GOODS

and an endless variety of Household and other goods at bottom prices at

E. M. BROWN'S,

180 Genesee street.

PRESS FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN OFFERED IN A

DOUBLE CYLINDER PRESS.

The New Double Cylinder Press upon which the UTICA HERALD was printed before the introduction of our "Presto" Web Perfecting Machine, is offered for sale on reasonable terms.

On single days, this Press turned off as many as

45,000 IMPRESSIONS.

The appearance of the UTICA HERALD during the year 1886, is evidence that the Press is in

EXCELLENT CONDITION FOR DOING THE BEST WORK.

As we require the room for other uses, the Press will be sold

AT A LOW PRICE

to any one who applies at once, and it can be delivered immediately.

In many respects the Press is believed to be preferable to a new machine. For a daily paper of 8,000 circulation or a weekly of 10,000, this Press is fully adequate.

ELLIS H. ROBERTS & CO.

ELECTION NOTICE.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, COUNTY OF ONEIDA.—Notice is hereby given pursuant to the statutes of the state, and of the annexed notice from the secretary of the state, that the general election in this state will be held in this county, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next (November 8,) at which election the officers named in the annexed notice will be elected.
JOHN BATCHELOR, Sheriff.
Utica, August 1, 1887.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, August 1, 1887.

To the sheriff of the county of Oneida: Sir—Notice is hereby given, that at the general election to be held in this state on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, (November 8,) the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A secretary of state, in the place of Frederick Cook.
A comptroller, in the place of Alfred C. Chapin.
A treasurer, in the place of Lawrence J. Fitzgerald.
An attorney general, in the place of Denis O'Brien.
A state engineer and surveyor, in the place of Hiram Sweet.
All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.
A senator for the twenty-second senate district, composed of the county of Oneida.
County and district officers also to be elected for said county:
Three members of assembly.
Four school commissioners.
A county treasurer, in the place of John R. Edwards.
A special surrogate, in the place of John D. F. Stone.
Two justices for sessions, in the place of James R. Scoor and Joseph C. Dillow.
Two coroners, in the place of Herbert G. Jones and Henry W. Leonard.
All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Respectfully yours,
FREDERICK COOK,
Secretary of State.

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

CLOTH CLOAKS.

Cloth cloaks are so elegant this season in fabric, color and design that modistes and tailors are commending them for dressy wraps for visiting and for carriage toilets. The new cloths have great waves and curves of deeper tone than the surface brocaded upon them, or they are striped like velvet, or there are floral or geometrical figures sunk in their surface, or, best of all, they are perfectly plain, with a velvet-like finish that gives them the name of velvet cloths. They come in the new stylish shades of Gobelin blue, fawn, copper red, vieux green, and browns of a dozen different shades. They are lined throughout with gay plaid surahs, or else with black or a somber hue, and are trimmed with fur, with changeable velvet, and rich cord passementerie. The long-waved Astrakhan fur—rechristened Caracal—such as was used for jackets twenty years ago, will rival the more closely waved Persian lambskin as a black fur trimming; and there is a new gray fur as soft as chinchilla, yet of firmer fleece, that is very effective on the Gobelin blue cloths. The short cloaks are merely mantles in cape shape, or else they have visite sleeves, and are trimmed only across the tournure with fur, and down the fronts, where a boa or fichu is similated. Lovely Gobelin blue cloth mantles dressy enough for any occasion have a boa and tournure piece of blue fox fur, with Vs in front and back of changeable blue and copper velvet edged with tinsel cord; the lining may be of blue satin, or of cream white plaided with blue and copper red. Long full cloaks cover the wearer as a great domino, yet are without sleeves, the fronts straight like the Russian circular, with the arms coming out over the middle parts, which are closely buttoned, and the back adjusted to the figure as low as the tournure, has there great fullness added for the skirt. This is handsome in copper red or gray blue supple cloth with shaken pyramidal figures and an edge of black fur lengthwise in front, on the sides, and behind, but not as a border at the foot. Barrel-shaped buttons and cords set about on these cloaks are always black to match the fur. Long ulster cloaks for elderly ladies are made very full, with pointed sleeves, or else with drooping square sides like the cloak illustrated on the first page of *Bazar* No. 41, Vol. XX. Cord passementeries in open meshes covering the sides or the entire fronts, with a V in the back, enrich cloth cloaks, and give them the effect of being made of two materials. Ladies returning from Europe bring many small mantles and wraps for the demi-season, those from London being the merest shoulder capes of velvet, plush, or cloth, while the French garments are graceful little scarfs or fichus of Bengaline or soft fine cashmere, embroidered and fringed, and adjusted to the shoulders by the wearer. Long cloth cloaks from Paris are very nearly fitted to the figure, as redingotes are, but have the full gathered sleeves which French modistes have finally adopted.

EVENING WRAPS.

White and gold wraps for evening are made of white cloth with velvet-like finish, and are braided all over with gold cord in stripes; these come in wide-sleeved paletots and in dolman shapes. Indian embroideries in metal trim other *sorties del bal*, made of the new changeable velvets, or plush, or the new watered velvet in dark India red and the favorite Gobelin blue shades. Fringes of metal, chenille, and silk cords, or else bands of fur or feathers edge such garments and many are lined throughout with fur, notably a pale blue plush cloak lined with chinchilla and made in the Irish peasant shape (gathered about the neck, and without sleeves,) while a second cloak is a long dolman of fawn colored moire velvet lined with the crinkled white fleece of the Japan sea goat, and richly braided with gold.

SILK AND VELVET GOWNS.

With the large full cloaks just noted silk and velvet gowns can be worn without being crushed, hence it is said these will be more generally worn than at any time since woolen gowns became *de rigueur* for the street. The stately moires and the soft Bengaline silks are seen in new French dresses, also a new close grained silk called *peau de soie*, with satin finish, yet without the great luster of satin. Velvet gowns from Paris are shown in the beaver and castor brown shades for visiting and for trousseau dresses. They are made with great fullness in the skirt, and also full drapery on the front of the corsage, and are combined with new figured velvets, not the flowered brocaded velvets lately used, but in waves and stripes, the waves or curves woven across the breadth, and the striped effect being given by lengthwise rows of contrasting colors, such as plum, blue, gray and fawn curves of velvet on a ground of bearer brown *peau de soie*. The figured velvet represents a petticoat which is only seen on the sides, the plain beaver velvet being draped as an apron, and four straight breadths making the very full back of the skirt. The basque fronts have three pleats graduated to a point below the waist, and are trimmed with silk cord gimp and drop trimmings, in which all the colors of the waved velvet appear; the back of the waist is either sharply pointed or else the full skirt is fastened up above its edge. Combinations of moire antique and plain velvet are handsomely made in directoire style, with the long basque of moire made still longer on the sides by two velvet forms set in from the armholes down, and the double-breasted fronts trimmed with tri-cornered revers of velvet. The skirt shows at the sides a petticoat made of broad lengthwise stripes alternately of velvet and moire, a full apron of moire is draped very flatly in front, and the back has three full breadths of moire, with two puffs at the top crossing the tournure; these puffs are made of a breadth of the moire which comes up on the right side from the apron front.

RECEPTION AND WEDDING GOWNS.

Trained dresses for receptions are of pale blue, old gold, India red, or cream white moire, combined with other moire that has metal brocaded figures of flowers in the natural colors. These are made with a round train of the brocade, and the basque has wide lace arranged as a collaret or fichu in its V-shaped neck; the elbow sleeves are slightly full, with lace set lengthwise down the outside, and brocaded cuffs turned back stiffly. Wedding gowns are also made in this way, with striped or brocaded moire for the train and revers, plain moire for the basque and front drapery, and full lace in deep trimming widths gathered to fall low around the back of the neck and tapering to the point of the waist in front. A gathered V of the lace is inserted down the outside of the sleeves.

English bridesmaids are wearing directoire costumes of white wool or moire cut with long coats that have deep rolled collars of yellow velvet, and soft folded vests of China crape fastened at the waist by knots of yellow roses. Large directoire hats are added, and instead of carrying their bouquets they attach them to tall ebony silver-mounted walking-sticks of the directoire period. The new colored or white tulles dotted with large spots and the striped point d'esprit nets are in favor here for bridesmaids' gowns; the latter have gauze or ribbon-like stripes, and come in pale blue, old-rose, brown, cherry, and leaf green shades.—*Harper's Bazar.*

—Washington Irving, in his early youth, had a longing to go to sea and be a pirate. He determined to make the attempt, but wisely decided to prepare himself for it by preliminary experiences. He began by eating salt pork. That made him sick. He then slept for a night or so on hard boards. That made him sore. It was enough. He had no more desire to go away.

Do not allow the accumulation of scurf or dandruff when it can be easily prevented by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor.

TO COLORED REPUBLICANS.

State Committeeman Johnson's Stirring Appeal to His Fellow Colored Citizens.

To the Colored Republicans of the State of New York—Brothers and fellow citizens: The time has again arrived for us to rally under the standard and support the platform and candidates of the grand old republican party—the party of Lincoln and Stanton, of Grant and Wilson, Garfield and Arthur, of Logan and Douglass, of old John Brown and the immortal Sumner, and of the noble phalanx who imperiled their lives and made their names ever memorable in the defense of our glorious union, to the end that human slavery should die, and that freedom, civil rights, the equality of all at the ballot-box, before the laws, in the public schools and on the great highways of this country should be guaranteed to every citizen, regardless of race, religion, or color.

It becomes your duty to rally once more under the old standard, and by your utterances and votes to again attest your loyalty to our party and country—that grand old party, that to-day, as in 1860-64-65-72 76-80-84, stands for the rights of all.

The policy of the party and its principles and methods are the same in New York and Pennsylvania as they are in Georgia and North Carolina. The keynote of the party is for equality in the two last named states, as it is in the two first. As Frederick Douglass has truly said, and I emphasize the saying: "The republican party is the ship for the negro—all else is the sea."

Brothers, I earnestly appeal to you to rally and to form clubs in every county in this state for active and offensive warfare—not only this fall but also for 1888. New York city, Brooklyn, Albany and Troy are already organized for the campaign, and I call upon you to organize in your several counties, attest your fealty to the party, and by your patriotic action hurl back into the faces of the cowardly curs the base calumnies uttered by them against that ever faithful and gallant young republican, Frederick D. Grant, the honored son of the lamented hero of Appomatox.

Fellow citizens, I stand ready at short notice to respond to any call that you may make upon me for the purposes of organization. The faith of the state committee, as well as of the local committees, is pledged to the support of such efforts as you may make to organize, and good speakers will heartily respond to your call.

WILLIAM H. JOHNSON,
Committeeman-at-large of the republican state committee, 27 Maiden Lane.
Albany, Oct. 7, 1887.

STYLES IN STATIONERY.

New Fashions in Invitation Cards, Etc.

Wedding invitations bear the formula so long used, but have far wider margins on the note sheet than any yet seen, and are consequently larger, requiring larger oblong envelopes instead of the small square ones lately in favor. The engraving is in plain, clear English script, without ornamental initials or monogram, on pure white paper, while cream tints are also used. The formula, it will be remembered, is as follows: "Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson request your presence at the marriage of their daughter, Margaret Eleanor, to Mr. Charles Henry Jones, on Thursday, October the twenty-ninth, at half past three o'clock, at St. George's church." This invitation is sent out a fortnight or three weeks before the wedding, either by post or by private messenger, or else the bride drives from house to house, delivering each. The post, however, is found to be a safe medium, and is now very generally adopted. We repeat here that wedding invitations require no answer. For out-of-town weddings, that are fashionable during the months of October and November, the formula given above is used with the words, "at their residence in Westchester," or other suburban address instead of the name of the city church. At a home wedding which it is desired should be private, either because the family is in mourning or their house is small, invitations bearing the usual formula are sent to the relatives and a few intimate friends. Then on the next day the marriage is announced to all on note sheets engraved as follows: "Mr. and Mrs. James A. Smith announce the marriage of their daughter, Mary, to Mr. John Henry Johnson, Wednesday, November the fifteenth, 1887, Fifth avenue, New York." Again, when only a few friends and relatives are asked to witness the ceremony at a home wedding, and a large reception follows half an hour later, the invitations sent to all by the parents are to the "wedding reception of their daughter, from eight until ten o'clock," while the few who are expected to be present at the ceremony find a card enclosed, marked, "Ceremony at half past seven o'clock." If receptions are to follow afterward at the new address of the married pair, a card enclosed with the wedding invitation is marked, "at home, Thursday, November the eleventh and eighteenth, from five until nine o'clock, 3009 Fifth avenue." An old form of announcement cards still in use is that of enclosing a card bearing the names of the newly married, as "Mr. and Mrs. John Robinson," and also a card with the name of the bride before her marriage. Their new address may or may not be given, or, if the bride and groom are going abroad, P. P. C. may be engraved in the left hand corner of the card containing their names. Unglazed or vellum finished cards are used for such announcements, but smooth finished Bristol board cards are still used for visiting.

A bride issuing cards for her days of receiving calls throughout the season has only her card marked with the days and address; for instance, "Tuesdays" in the lower left hand corner, with the new address opposite; but she also encloses her husband's card, bearing merely his name. The visiting cards of a married lady remain very large, and may be either square or oblong, with the preference for the oblong cards. An unmarried lady's card is a trifle smaller, while men's cards are very small indeed.

Both square and oblong cards will be used for invitations to teas and evening receptions. For an afternoon tea the card bears the name of the hostess, and just below it that of a daughter whom she may wish to introduce, or of a friend who receives with her. In the left-hand corner is engraved the hour, as "Tuesday, November the fifteenth," with just beneath it, "Tea from four until seven;" in the opposite corner follows the address, which should be spelled out entirely except the number of the house, as "100 West Third street. The words "at home" are used on cards for afternoon receptions more formal than teas, and also for evening parties. Ladies who entertain a great deal keep cards or note sheets engraved with their name (that of the hostess alone,) and below it "at home;" a blank space is then left, on which the date of the entertainment is to be written; if this is to be a musical, the word "music" is engraved in the left lower corner; or if there is to be a dancing party, the word "cotillion" is used, or else "dancing;" the address is in the right hand lower corner. For dinner and evening receptions the hostess provides herself with "engraved blanks," with a space left, in which she writes the name of the guest. The letters "R. S. V. P." are fast being replaced by the simple English words, "The favor of an answer is requested."—*Harper's Bazar.*

Musical Instruments.

An instrument of value. 25cts. buys the best plaster on earth. *Hop Plaster* cure pain instantly, soothe, strengthen and prevent disease. Observe our signature on back of plaster. Hop Plaster Co., Boston, Mass.

—A little girl who was looking at a peacock for the first time grew enthusiastic. "Oh, mamma," she said, "hasn't it got a beautiful bustle."—*Epoch.*

Cashmere Bouquet Perfume

is unexcelled in exquisite combination of delicate odors. Colgate & Co. are the largest perfumers.

SURROGATE'S NOTICES.

NOTICE—Pursuant to an order of William B. Bliss, esq., surrogate of the county of Oneida, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Warner E. Lord, deceased, late of the city of Utica, in said county, to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to George E. Lord and William E. Latimer, administrators with the will annexed, of the estate of said deceased, at their office, the corner of Broad and Bagg streets, in the city of Utica, in said county, on or before the 15th day of November next. Dated May 4, 1887.

GEORGE E. LORD,
WILLIAM E. LATIMER,
Administrators, &c.

NOTICE—PURSUANT TO AN ORDER of William B. Bliss, esq., surrogate of the county of Oneida, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Mrs. Mary McClure, deceased, late of the city of Utica, in said county, to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to Warren O. McClure or Charles S. Symonds, executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, at their respective offices in Utica, in said county, on or before the first day of January next. Dated June 23, 1887.

WARREN O. McCLURE and
CHARLES S. SYMONDS,
Executors of the last will and testament of Mrs. Mary McClure, deceased.
Joseph S. Avery, attorney, No. 40 Genesee street, Utica, N. Y.

NOTICE—PURSUANT TO AN ORDER of William B. Bliss, esq., surrogate of the county of Oneida, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Samuel B. Randall, deceased, late of the town of New Hartford in said county, to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to Charles H. Randall, administrator of said estate, at his residence in New Hartford in said county, on or before the first day of January next. Dated June 23, 1887.

CHARLES H. RANDALL,
Administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of Samuel B. Randall, deceased.
Joseph S. Avery, attorney, No. 40 Genesee street, Utica, N. Y.

NOTICE—PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF William B. Bliss, esq., surrogate of the county of Oneida, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of John Watkins, deceased, late of the town of Marcy, in said county, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to Thomas Watkins and John Watkins, executors of the estate, at the residence of Robert J. Williams in the town of Bridgewater, N. Y., in said county, on or before the 3d day of January next. Dated July 18th, 1887.

THOMAS WATKINS,
JOHN WATKINS, Executors.
William H. Bagot, Attorney, Utica, N. Y.

NOTICE—PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF the surrogate's court of the county of Oneida, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Edward Jones, deceased, late of the city of Utica, in said county, to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to James Roberts, administrator of said estate, at the store of Roberts Butter & Co., No. 54 Genesee street, in Utica, in said county, on or before the first day of March next. Dated August 22, 1887.

JAMES ROBERTS,
Administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of Edward Jones, deceased.
Joseph S. Avery, Attorney, No. 40 Genesee street, Utica, N. Y.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW York, to Mary Small, widow, residing at German Flats, N. Y.; Darius Small, Catharine Brown and Joab Small, residing at Herkimer, N. Y.; Isaac Small, Matthew Small, Cynthia Reed, Melvin Small and James D. Foster, residing at Little Falls, N. Y.; Daniel Small and Mary Aiden, residing at Wilmington, Will county, Illinois; Eli N. Small, residing at Custer, Illinois; George S. Foster, residing at Pomfret Landing, Connecticut; Mary Walter Scott, residing at No. 6 Ridley street, San Francisco, California; Sarah Churchill, residing at Rockford, Cuyahoga county, Ohio; Henrietta Petrie, Hollie Small, William Small and James P. Small, residing at Middleville, Herkimer county, N. Y.; Daniel Small, residing at St. Johnsville, N. Y.; Eli Small, residing at Omaha, Carver county, Minnesota; Morgan Ficken, Joan Ficken and Minnie Hubbard, residing at New York city; Mrs. William Bach, Helen Lefferts and Louise Lefferts, residing at Helena, Montana; Oscar Lefferts, residing at Jersey City, N. J.; Walter Hubbard and Samuel Hubbard, residence unknown, heirs at law and next of kin of John Small, late of the town of German Flats, in the county of Herkimer and state of New York, deceased, greeting: Whereas, Thomas Cunningham of the town of German Flats, in the county of Herkimer aforesaid, hath lately made application to our surrogate's court of the county of Herkimer to have a certain instrument in writing, relating to real and personal estate, duly proved as the last will and testament of the said John Small, deceased, therefore, you and each of you are hereby cited personally to be and appear before our said surrogate's court, at the surrogate's office, in the village of Herkimer, in said county of Herkimer, on the 7th day of November, 1887, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend to the proof and probate of the said instrument as the last will and testament of the said deceased. And if any of the aforesaid persons are under the age of twenty-one years, they will please take notice that they are required to appear by their general guardian if they have one, and if they have none, that they appear and apply for the appointment of a special guardian, or in event of their neglect or failure to do so, a special guardian will be appointed by the surrogate to represent and act for them in the proceedings for the probate of said will.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of our said surrogate's court to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Rollin H. Smith, surrogate of our said county, at the surrogate's office, in the village of Herkimer, this 14th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.
[L. S.]
L. T. DEBOIS,
Clerk to the Surrogate's Court.

LEGAL.

SUPREME COURT—TRIAL DESIRED IN Oneida county. Jane T. Duress, plaintiff, against Mary E. McSorley, James E. McKenzie, John Patrick Duress, Frank McLaughlin, Charles McLaughlin, Mary Jane McLaughlin, Thomas A. Quinn, Jane Hutchinson and Peaslee & J. Hutchinson, defendants.

To the above named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated May 9th, 1887.

JOSEPH S. AVERY, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office address, No. 40 Genesee street, Utica, Oneida county, New York. Post-office address, Clinton, Oneida county, New York.

To James R. McKenzie and John Patrick Duress: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. I. J. Evans, Oneida county judge, dated the 26th day of September, 1887, and filed with the complaint in the office of the clerk of the county of Oneida, N. Y., at Utica, Oneida county, N. Y. Dated October 5th, 1887.

JOSEPH S. AVERY, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office address, No. 40 Genesee street, Utica, Oneida county, New York. Post office address, Clinton, Oneida county, New York.

SCHOOL BOOKS

NEW AND SECOND.

Everything used in the Schoo Room at Bottom Prices.

PADS, SCHOOL BAGS,

SCHOOL STRAPS, PENCILS,

BOOK HOLDERS, NOVELTIE

All the Books used in th Ward Schools, Advanced School Academy.

OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

WILLIAM T. SMITH,

169 GENESEE STREET.

THE 3 R's.

Read, Reflect and Resolve to trade with for Clothing. You need not guess at t quality; the salesman will tell you.

HEATH BROS.

68 GENESEE STREET.

E. W. JARRETT,

THE FURRIER,

Announces that he is now prepared to take ord for the various styles of Ladies' and Gentleme Furs, Seal Sacques, Dolmans, Newmarkets, minie and English Walking Jackets. Every G ment is Warranted to be made of Genuine Al ka Seal and a Perfect Fit Guaranteed. Furs of kinds made to order, altered and repaired.

E. W. JARRETT,

82 Genesee St., Utica.

PLAIN WORDS

Plainly spoken. We are selling everythi in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing lower prices than any other house in the ci You will find it to your advantage to call a examine our goods and prices before y decide on buying.

FARLEY, THE CLOTHIE

40 GENESEE STREET.

SIGN OF THE HORSE SHOE.

RELIABLE CLOTHING

FOR FALL WEAR.

READY-MADE AND CUSTO

MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS'

STYLE, FIT AND QUALITY GUARANTEE

AT

T. SOLOMON GRIFFITHS & CO.

THE LEADING CLOTHIERS,

No. 64 GENESEE STREET.

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

The most beautiful and elaborate line we have ever shown, comp ing Hand Crochet Gimps, from $3.00 to $8.00 per yard. Hand Croc Waist Sets, Braids, Panels and separate ornaments. Beaded Pa in the newest shades, such as Copper, Bronze, Blue, Indian Red Sphynx. Cut Steel Gimps from $2.00 to $20.00 per yard. Beaded Cape Black and Iridescent colors. Cut Jet Gimps from $1.00 to $25.00 per y Cut Jet Ornaments from 25c. to $10.00 each. Marabout Trimmings in colors. Mourning Goods—Dull Jet French Bands, Capes, Panels and O ments, in rich and fashionable patterns. Braid Trimmings of all desc tions. The choicest goods of the season are now on sale at

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