ADAMS.

Was formed from Mexico, embracing townships No. 7 and 8, on the 1st of April, 1802, the first town meeting being held at the house of Eliphalet Edmonds. The town derived its name from president John Adams.

*Sotts from the town records.—Wolf bounties of $5 were offered in 1803; of $10 from 1804 to 1814; of £15 in 1815. In the latter year a bounty of $10 was offered for wild cats, and $1 for loxes. A special meeting was held December 20th, 1815, and these bounties were rescinded. In 1818, a wolf bounty of $10 was offered. Panther bounties of $10 offered in 1811, 1813.

In 1822-3, the poor upon the town were voted to be sold at auction, to the lowest bidder. In 1823, the town voted against adopting the poor house, and house of industry, recommended by the supervisors. In 1812, a penalty of $5 voted for allowing Canada thistles to go to seed. At a special town meeting, passed November 29th, 1842, the sum of $500 was voted for repairing the state road from Rome to Sackett’s Harbor in the towns of Pedfield and Boylston.

At the first town meeting of Adams, held March 1, 1803 the following town officers were elected: Nicholas Salisbury supervisor; Phineas Keith, clerk; D’Estaing Salisbury, John W. Smith, David Grommon, Jr., Thomas White, assessors; Isaac Baker, collector; Thomas White, David Comstock, overseers of the poor; Paul Stickney, Jacob Kellogg, Simeon Hunt, commissioners of highways; Isaac Baker, and Anson Moody, constables; Daniel Comstock, David Smith, George H. Thomas, George Cooper, fence viewers; Jacob Kellogg, Benjamin Thomas, pound keepers; Abraham Ripley, James Perry, Eman Salisbury, John Cowles, Consider Law, Solomon Robbins, Hezekiah Tiffany, Thomas White, Daniel Mansfield, Asa Davis, Squire Read, Abel Palmer, overseers of highways; David Comstock, Simeon Hunt, deer reeves.


Adams, or No. 7, fell to the share of Nicholas Low, in the